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The Bombay Chronicle

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FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. VIII NO. 140 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1920. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.
AND
BRITISH INDIA.
(Companies Incorporated in England).
MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE.
SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All Passengers are requested to be in possession of Pass Ports.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
12th June	Kleist	Troops only
20th June	Novara*	6459
27th June	Mirzadaf	8193
28th June	Del a	8249
30th June	Ny nza(A)	6696 extra sailing
3rd July	Naldera	16850
10th July	Nellore (A)	6853
17th July	Karmala (A)	8983

*Fully booked from China, will not convey passengers from Bombay.
†B. I. Company's Fares.
(A) Not calling at Marseilles.

SAILINGS TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Date about	Steamer.	
16th June	Dilwara	Calling at Colombo, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date about	Steamer	
11th June	Sandra	Karachi & P. Gulf 1p.m.
14th June	Linga	Karachi direct 10 a.m.
17th "	Karoa	Eas. & South Africa.

Terms and Rates of Freight and passage by P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with
MACKINON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tonnage.	Arrival.	Departure.
Tenshin Maru	C. Hidashima	4173	4th June	15th June
Kasagawa Maru	E. Toki	5838	19th June	29th June
Bombay Maru	M. Tsurugi	4552	2nd July	13th July

For freight and passage apply to
T. NAGAMI,
Manager.
Allies Buildings.
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.
OSAKA MERCANTILE STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Japan)
HEAD OFFICE—OSAKA, Japan.
Regular Service to Japan via Singapore and Hongkong.

Steamer	Captain	Arrival	Departure
Kamo Maru / Satsu Maru	D. Imaizumi / K. Tsuji / R. Yano	5th June / 20th " / 30th June	20th June / 25th " / 10th July

For Freight and Passages, etc., apply to
K. SHIMA.
Manager.
Ajam Building,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
Post Bok No. 355: Telephone No. 2150.

A Few of our Rates:—
SUITS, SILK, CLEANING Rs. 2/ & 2/8 each.
" CASHMERE " Rs. 2/8 & 3/8 each
Diamond Jubilee Washing Co.
DRY FRENCH & CHEMICAL CLEANERS,
HAMAM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

S.S. "LOYALTY."

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES.
16TH JUNE, 1920
10TH AUGUST, 1920.
FARES.
1st Class "A" Rs. 500.
1st Class "B" Rs. 450.
2nd Class Rs. 250.

A reduction of 10 per cent will be made on three or more full fares for families.
No berth will be registered without a payment of a deposit of Rs. 200.
The steamer is fitted with wireless telegraphy and all cabins have got electric lights and fans free of charge. The steamer also carries a fully qualified surgeon and also a stewardess.
There is no deck accommodation for servants.
VERY FEW BERTHS ARE NOW AVAILABLE FOR JUNE VOYAGE.
For passages and full particulars apply to—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & Co.,
Agents.
The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.
Ismail Buildings, Fort.
Bombay
Telegraphic Address: "JALANATH".
Telephone No. 114.

ANGLO INDIA & COLONIAL NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

REGULAR SERVICE of steamers to Malabar Coast Ports, Colombo and Rangoon per Steamship Oruro, Nagpur, and Rampur.
For particulars apply to:—
EASTERN SHIP BROKERS AND AGENCL LTD.
Managing Agents.
Anglo-India and Colonial Navigation Company, Limited.
1478

BANKING.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY
BRANCHES:—London, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.
SUB-BRANCHES:—
Bombay—Share Bazaar, 20, Apollo Street Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street.
Calcutta—Bara Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Hathras
Cawnpore—Chandnusi.
London Office—2, White Lion Court, Cornhill, London, E. C.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ... Rs. 12,00,00,000/
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 7,58,73,150/
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 1,51,19,321/4
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,00,000/
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/- to Rs. 1,00,000/- at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum. If the balance to the credit of any account does not fall below Rs. 25,000/- at any time between 1st January and 30th June, interest will be allowed during that period at 2½ per cent. per annum. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3/- Half-yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at the rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Savings Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.
PURCHASES AND SALES of Securities and Shares effected.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
L. D. L. BUCKLEY.
General Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY 1895.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	31,00,000	0	0
Capital Paid-up	15,55,780	9	5
Reserve Funds	15,29,562	8	6

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE
BRANCHES.

Amritsar	Hoshiarpur	Ludhiana
Bombay	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Calcutta	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Cawnpore	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Rawalpindi
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Sargodha
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sialkot
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Srinagar
Gujan	Lyallpur	Umballa City
Hapur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation of terms to be arranged against approved security.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS etc., of outstations are bought collected and discounted.
INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.
For other particulars and rules of business apipy to:
RUPCHAND KAPUR,
Manager.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LTD
Incorporated by Special Charter of the Imperial Japanese Government, 1899.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen 60,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ... Yen 37,500,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 7,050,000
HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEH, FORMOSA
BRANCHES:

LONDO.	YOKOHAMA	KARENKO
NEW YORK	MOJI	KEELUNG
SHANGHAI	AMOY	MAKUNG
HONGKONG	CANTON	TAITOH
SINGAPORE	FOOCHOW	SHINCHIKU
BATAVIA	HANKOW	TAICHU
SEMARANG	KIUKIANG	TAMAN
SOORABAYA	SWATOW	TAKOW
TOKYO	AKO	TAMSUI
KOBE	GIRAN	TOWEN
OSAKA	KAGI	BANGKOK

The Bank has also a LARGE NUMBER OF CORRESPONDENTS at HOME and ABROAD.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened and FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE Business transacted.
K. TAKEMURA.
Manager
66, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay

THE SUMITOMO BANK
LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Yen 70,000,000.
PAID UP CAPITAL ..... Yen 40,000,000.
RESERVE FUND ..... Yen 6,500,000.
HEAD OFFICE:—OSAKA.
BRANCHES:

Bombay	Kure	San Francisco
Bingomachi	Kurume	Seattle
Dotonbori	Kyoto	Semba
Hakata	London	Shanghai
Hankaw	Moji	Shimonoseki
Hiroshima	Nagoya	Tokyo
Honolulu	Nakanoshima	Toriaburacho
Hyogo	New York	Wakamatsu
Kawaguchi	Nihama	Yanai
Kobe	Onomichi	Yokohama

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and farshorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
J. SATO,
Manager.
Churchgate Street, Bombay.
Post Box No. 389.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.
(Incorporated in England.)
Head Office:—4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Baghdad, Basrah, Basrah City, Amara, Hillah, Mosul, and Bahrein.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid Up Capital	£785,243
Reserve Fund	£220,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£1,197,468

BOMBAY BRANCH.
(Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.)
INTEREST allowed on Deposits Fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit at 4 per cent. per annum.
Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
Bills of Exchange purchased, Loans and Credits granted on approved Security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken.
Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
Securities received for Safe Custody and Interest and Dividends collected for clients.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,000
TERLING RESERVE FUND. £ 1,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ... $23,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,000
HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.
LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street E. C.
BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street
OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.
DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.
GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.
G. H. WILSON
Agent.

BANKING.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL ...	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...	4,00,00,000
CALLED UP CAPITAL ...	80,00,000
PAID UP ON 19-5-20 ...	59,00,042 8

HEAD OFFICE,
1, Mursban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
SUB-BRANCH,
Kazgi Bazar, 220, Shaikh Memon Street.
LONDON AGENTS,
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINISTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 half yearly.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for one yea and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK :—Interest allowed 4 per cent. per annum. Rules on application.
LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are grante on approved securities at favourable rates.
SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased an sold.
Banking business of every description tran sacted.
A. B. OLIPHANT.
Ag. Manager.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA, LIMITED.
(Registered in the Transvaal.)
With which are incorporated.
The Bank of Africa, Ltd., The Natal Bank, Ltd. and The National Bank of the Orange River Colony, Ltd.
Bankers to the Government of the Union of South Africa in the Transvaal, Natal and Orange Free State.
Bankers to the British Imperial Government in South Africa.
PAID-UP CAPITAL £2,965,000
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO £4,000,000
CAPITAL & RESERVE £4,915,000
HEAD OFFICE:— PRETORIA.
LONDON OFFICES:—Circus Place, London Wall; 18 St. Swithin's Lane, and 25, Cockspur Street (West End).
NEW YORK OFFICE:—10, Wall Street
OVER 420 BRANCHES AND SUB-BRANCHES IN SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
ANTWERP OFFICE 55, Place de Meir.
MAURITIUS OFFICE—Port Louis.
Agents at Amsterdam, Paris, Petrogra and the Principal Cities of the World.
FIXED DEPOSITS received for on year or for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum daily credit balances from Rs. 500 to Rs 1,00,000; interest on balances exceeding Rs 1,00,000 subject to special arangement.
BILLS negotiated and collected.
LETTERS OF CREDIT AND DRAFTS issued.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.
SPECIAL FACILITIES FOR BUSINESS WITH SOUTH AND EAST AFRICA.
W. MURRAY SMITH,
Acting Manager.
Taj Buildings.
216, Hornby Road.

THE BOMBAY MERCANT BANK LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:—Apollo Street, Fort.
BRANCH:—Mumbadevi, Bombay.

	Rs.
AUTHORIZED AND ISSUED CAPITAL	20,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 67,497

DIRECTOR
The Hon. Mr. GUCULDAS KAHANDAS PAREKH, Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. MAHOMED HAJEEBHOY, (Messrs. Hajibhoy Lalji and Co.).
GOPALDAS TRICUMJI JIVANDAS, Esq. (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas).
B. K. GHOSH, Esq.
LALJI GOVINJI, Esq., (Messrs. Bhuvandas Govindji and Co.).
NARANJI DAYAL, Esq., (Messrs. Prem chand Chhaganlal).
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI, Esq., Managing Director.
CURRENT DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum.
FIXED DEPOSITS:—Interest allowed at 5½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposits may be ascertained from the Bank.
LOANS, CASH CREDITS and OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.
LOCAL DEMAND BILLS collected free of charge.
Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.
JAINARAIN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

JUST RECEIVED.
Just Received, a fresh consignment of Georgette blouses, dresses, ladies' underwears, underskirts combinations, Knickers, night-dresses, Kimonos, Chemises, Camisoles, Sunshades, Bonnets, Children's frocks and all and every article of wear
FOR
LADIES OF FASHION AND SOCIETY.
AHMED E. ESSA ALI
MERCER, MILLINER AND LADIES DRESSMAKER.
Telegraphic Address] "ZIYA" [Telephone] No. 479
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

BANKING.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,500,000
Paid-up Capital	£750,000
Reserve Liabilty of Shareholders	£750,000
Reserve Fund	£750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
14, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah	Madras
Bombay	(Calcutta)	Mauritius
Calcutta	Kandy	New York
Colombo	Karachi	Penang
Delhi	Kota Bhru	Rangoon
Galle	(Kalantan)	Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.
The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.
Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.
J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.
(Registered in Japan.)
ESTABLISHED 1886.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 74,000,000
Reserve Fund	Yen 44,000,000

Head Office: YOKOHAMA.
Batavia, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta Changchun, Dairen, Fengtien, Hankow Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Rid de Janguro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Sourabaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Branches:—
Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.
CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
T. SEKI,
Manager.
Post Box No. 204.
Hornby Road, Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE.
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH:—Ahmedabad.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	86,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK accounts opened on favourable terms—Rules on aplpication.
H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
HEAD OFFICE: 7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.
This purely Indian Company was the first deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.
Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.
"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."
For all forms of Assurance please apply to
RAE & Co., Managing Agents. P. BANERJEA, Secretary.
or
DHURANDHAR BROTHERS.
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency.
72, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
113, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT.
BOMBAY.
CHAIRMAN:
The Hon'ble Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.
DIRECTORS:
The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas C.I.E.
Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad Kt.
Sir Hukamchand Saroopchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Esq., (Pragjee Sons jee & Co.).
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Moolji Jetha & Co.) (Ex-officio).
Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.
Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies a boon to Policy-holders.
Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.
For particulars apply to:—
JIVANLAL DASTUR & Co.,
Secretaries and Managers.

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Have you seen the latest Prospectus issued by the H.M.L.A.?
MAXIMUM ASSURANCE AT MINIMUM OF COST.
It will repay you to send for a copy!
Funds and assets over Rs. 2,00,000
Claims Paid exceed Rs. 3,00,000
Trustee of the Reserved Fund—Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee)
According to Govt. Blue Book—The Oldest Hindu Life Office in India.
HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE LIMITED
Estd. 1891.

Head Office:	Chief Agents:
309, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.	D. SEN & Co. 1, Chowringhee CALCUTTA

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GOLDOL

Wonderful remedy for lost energy, weak nerves. Rs. 10 for 8 Pills. One pill at bed time only with milk or water.

K. M. BARDOLIVALA.
M.B.E.H. (London).
3rd Bhoiwada, Bhooleshwar, Bombay.

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ROLLED GOLD Rs. 36.

THE "QUEEN ANNE."
MODEL 1.

A small compact watch, giving great satisfaction to those persons who dislike a big heavy watch that encumbers and bulges the pocket. 7 jewelled lever movement. Compensating balance.

NICKEL SILVER — — — Rs. 22
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is often attributable to good health & making the most of opportunities.

A nervous breakdown has often been the forerunner of disaster and ill health the barrier to life's prospects.

HUXLEYS NER-VIGOR

of the acid glycero-phosphates improves the general condition by supplying the blood with natural phosphorus bearing elements which go to repair and build up broken-down cell life and vitality.

Original bottles of 50 doses sold throughout India, Burma, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc.
ANGLO-AMERICAN PHARMACEUTICAL Co., Ltd., Croydon London.

WORLD RENOWNED
Sandiv Anti-Rheumatism Balm

Most effective remedy for Headache, Colds, Neuralgia, Sciatica and ill nervous.

Price per bottle, annas 8.
Literature sent on request.

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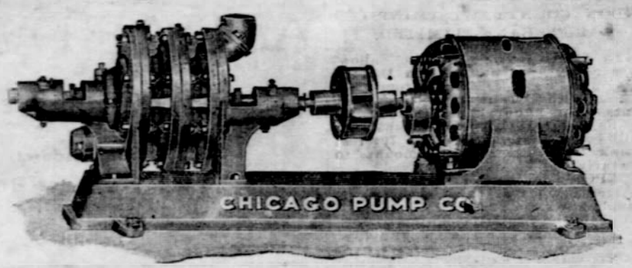
Dispensing Chemists & Druggists,
SHAIKH MEMON STREET.
BOMBAY.

Sole Distributors for Madras and Bombay Presidency:—
THE INDO-BRITISH TRADING CORPORATION,
66, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay

Chicago Electric Pump.



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All voltages and currents any head and capacity.

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TELEGRAMS: "Easlektrik."

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THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

Acts like a Charm in DIARRHOEA and is the only Specific in CHOLERA and DYSENTERY

Checks and arrests FEVER, CROUP, AGUE.

The Best Remedy known for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

The only Palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Convincing Medical Testimony accompanies each Bottle.

Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.
Prices in England, 1/3 and 3/-

Sole Manufacturers,
J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd., London, S.E

What do The Winds Say?

"Rough Winds—That Moanest Loud"

at this time of the year, seem to waft on their frightened wings a doleful warning to mankind of the grim gatherings of the germs of malaria, which lay across their passage through fields and forests and over marshes and meadows. Take, therefore, timely heed, and keep in readiness a good stock of

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for Malaria, Influenza, Ague and all other fevers. "SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC saved the lives of two patients—one an infant—who were seriously ill with the effects of malarial fever and had been given up by the doctors as hopeless cases,"—C. L. Di Prayero, Hyderabad, Dec.

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SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL		Rs. 1,00,00,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	(30-12-19)	Rs. 49,90,000
RESERVED FUND		Rs. 14,00,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances over Rs. 500 from January to June and 2½ per cent. per annum from July to December.

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The Governor Helmet made on Cork body, Water proof white drill, with White Pugree, Chin Straps, Leather Binding.

An ideal hat for Conservators Overseers, P. W. Inspectors, Engineers, and all whose avocations demand outdoor work.
All sizes. Price Rs. 25-8

The Same, Covered Solaro cloth, Rs 27-8.

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Silks and Jari Border (Gold Border) Garments cleaned by the **French Chemical Process** thereby making them appear as new and glossy.

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(rub it on and rub out the pain) for quick relief—smells quick

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A RARE SPECIFIC FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."

OF the latest cases he has treated and got completely cured are Messrs. Kanhayalal Badridas, a cotton merchant and Balubhai Kalyanchand, of Bombay, who were suffering from "Diabetes" for the last 13 years and 6 years respectively. Both the Urines were examined by the Bombay Municipal Analyst before and after treatment. The following result is obtained and the true abstract from Memorandums—dated 29-8-19, 5-11-19, 7-1-20 and 27-1-20, show that the Specific Gravity and the percentage of Sugar with the presence of other matters before the treatment was Sp. 1037 and 1036 and Sugar 5.62 per cent. and 5.65 per cent., and after treatment the result is:—Sp. Gra. 1013 and 1016 and Sugar "Nil" and "Nil" with other matters as normal respectively.

Mr. Kanayalal Badidass Cotton Merchant, Bombay, writes on 31st Jan., 1920:—"It gives me great pleasure in testifying to real efficacy of Dr. S. R. Iyengar's medicinal drugs. I was suffering from "Diabetes for the last 12 years. When I Commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment my urines were examined on 29.9-19 by the Bombay Municipal Analyst, the sp. gravity was 1037 and suggar 5—62 per cent. After treatment in the Examination of the same Municipal Analyst; and Dr. N. H. Clubwala M.D., B.Hy. (Boy) at Dr. Masina Hospital Pathological Laboratory on 23rd and 27th January, 1920. "Sugar found" "nil," and sp. 1013.

Miss Banoo F. Poacha, of Raipur, and Mr. N. H. Gander, Bombay, write on 11-11-19:—"We are pleased to inform that Dr. S. R. Iyengar, 'Specialist in Diabetes', cured Mrs. Framji Dadabhoy Poacha, of Raipur, who was suffering from 'Diabetes' for the last five years. When she commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment on 27-9-19, the percentage of Sugar in the Urine was more than 5 per cent. when examined by Dr. Billimoria, M.D. After the treatment the Urine was examined on 1-11-19 by the Chemical Analyser, Bombay Municipal Laboratory, and was found to be: Sugar—"Nil." "We wish him all success."

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Imperial Blue Black Re. 1-8- Red Re. 1-6 and Green Re. 1-8.

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Samples sent in a Fancy Tube (containing 12 Tablets) on receipt of Three annas in postage stamps.

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At the request of many patients, I am going to Burma for a few weeks and hope to effect many cures.

REV. G. R. WALTERS,
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A French Remedy for all Irregularities. Thousands of Ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house so that on the first sign of any Irregularity of the System a timely dose may be administered. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. At all Chemists and Stores, or post free 2/-

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Specific which guarantees radical cure of Hydrocels, Tumour, Varicocele, Hernia, Elephantiasis of any nature and duration, by external use only. It is harmless and free from injurious ingredients and gaining reputation far and wide.

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I think you for 1 lb. Hydrocele specific which cured me radically.

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SAVARESSE'S SANTAL CAPSULES

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM. Of all Chemists. Made in London.

SLAUGHTER OF MILCH CATTLE.

GOVT. NOT TO TAKE ANY ACTION.

With reference to the memorial addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy of India, by Mr. Manchersa D. Lavangia the following reply has been received from the Government of India:—

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of a memorial addressed to His Excellency the Viceroy in which a prayer is made that the killing of milch and agricultural cattle may be discouraged and the export of these animals be restricted.

2. In reply I am to say that the Government of India do not consider it necessary or desirable to take action of the kind suggested. They are of opinion, moreover, that a matter of this kind, which cannot fail to be highly controversial is best left in the first instance to local discussion, for which the provincial legislative councils, especially as expanded under the scheme of constitutional reforms, will afford suitable and covenient opportunities.

With reference to the copy of the appeal sent to the Hon. Members of the Governor-General's Council requesting them to move this subject. Hon. Mr. Khaparde will move the following resolution at a subsequent meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council.

"This Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council, that steps be taken by legislation and otherwise to discourage and wherever practicable prevent in the interests of economy and the increase of agrimultural produce generally the slaughter of milch cows, and agricultural animals and their export out of British India."

A BOSE EXPERIMENT.

HOW IT WENT WRONG.

The London correspondent of "The Manchester Guardian" writes.—

Since Sir J. C. Bose has been in England giving his remarkable demonstrations of the growth and the death agonies of plants experiments with the crescograph seem to have been uniformly successful. This has not always been the case, as the lecturer admitted last night at University College. On one occasion he was demonstrating in a large private house in India. He wanted to show the stimulating effect of poison when administered to a plant in small dose and the subsequent death agony after an overdose.

He had no poison with him, so a maid was sent to the butler to ask for some. She explained that there was a great scientist upstairs who wanted to conduct experiments on plants—he needed a strong poison. The butler had never heard of the scientist or the unity of plant life, but he was not unacquainted with love tangles, sucides, and broken-hearted maidens. He gave her a small blue packet, with an injunction to be careful as it was "very deadly."

When the scientist opened the packet he thought he recognised the powder as cyanide of potassium. A small application had the desired stimulating effect on the crescographic record. Then he tried for the death agony. But there was no convulsive shudder, The more he dosed the plant the faster it grew. In the end he had to give in and retire somewhat abashed. The explanation came later. The butler, fearful that the servant had had a love affair and contemplated suicide, had given her a packet of castor sugar.

CONTONMENTS AND ELECTIONS.

The following letter has been addressed by the All-India Cantonments Association to all the residents of Cantonments in India:—

As you may be aware the elections for membership of Provincial and Imperial Councils under the new Government of India Act shall take place very shortly. Although this Association is trying its best to persuade the different Governments to allot special seats for representatives of the cantonments in their respective provinces and to make seperate constituencies consisting of cantonments only, and on which subject his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India has recently been addressed. But before this privilege is granted to us, the Association takes this opportunity of impressing upon all the residents of the cantonments eligible for voting in their own constituencies, to bear in mind that for promoting the welfare of the cantonments it is quite essential that a few representatives of the cantonments should be returned as members in each and every Province.

It is needless to say that the non-cantonment residents neither know anything about cantonments nor have the same solicitude for the affairs of the cantonments as is needed. Thus the people of the cantonments are properly speaking never represented and their interests are never safeguarded on any of the councils. It is with a view to remedy this defect that I wish you to give as wide a publicity to this letter in your cantonment as is possible so that the people may become aware of it and may not act blindfolded, under any pressure or mistake.

Grand Clearance Sale

New Stock of Boots and Shoes.

From 1920, a discount of annas two per Rupee will be allowed.

Rustom Khan & Co.,

KALBADEVI ROAD, PRAG MAHAL, BOMBAY.

No Matter How Good An Infant Food May Be, There's Danger If You Must Add Milk

WITH **Nestlé's Food**

You Simply Add Water And Boil

FREE

Send us the Coupon or a Postcard and we will gladly send you SAMPLE TIN and booklet on "Feeding and Care of Infants."

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Please send me Free your Booklet and Trial Package

Name.....

Address.....

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For some Obstinate and "Incurable" Diseases.
(WONDERFUL DISCOVERY IN THE MEDICAL WORLD!

Secured from the hidden stores of Great Lamas and Yogis of Tibet, by Mr. P. C. Mukerkji, B. C. E., M. I. C. E., F. T. S., Vidyabhusan (Late Resident Engineer, Calcutta Corporation), during his tours and travels in the obscure regions of the Himalaya and Burma Hills, while Engineer to P. W. D. of Burma and Personal Assistant to the Chief Engineer of Kashmir State.

They guarantee cure of

I. Leprosy, Leucoderma, Gangrene, all incurable types of Sores, Ulcers and Eruptions, also Sinus and Fistula in Ano (Venerial, Mercurial or otherwise.)

II. (a) Obstruction of Urine; due to Gleet, Gravel or Stricture; (b) Renal Colic. (Cure effected by medicines alone, no catheter necessary.)

III. Diabetes in all its stages.

Cure is effected by a regular and scientific treatment with these unique medicine under the founder, assisted by an able Medical Board who help the founder so far as the Diagnosis of any critical case is concerned. Our present Medical Board consists of Dr. B. Bose, L. M. S. (late Health Officer, Lucknow), Kaviraj S. N. Goswami, B. A., L.M.S., and Kaviraj Dinanath Kaviratna Shashtri.

For an experiment we request the sufferer to try one of the followingcheap but wonderful medicines—for serious Malaria, obstinate Dysentery of all stages, Scorpion Bites, Asthma, Price As 12 for each. Urinary troubles of all kinds, Gastric Colic and obstinate Eczema, Price Re. 1-8 for each, and for Extreme Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and all Eye complaints, except cataract as well as long pending Orchitis and Rheumatism in all its stages, Price Rs. 2 for each. Medicines are free from Mercury.

Apply with history of your ailment to: I. MUKERJI, Manager, and all confidential letters to R. CHAKRAVARTTY M. A., Secretary, Medical Board.

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COLGATE'S RIBBON DENTAL CREAM

Dentists and Mothers *know* —just try Colgate's in your family for enthusiasm in keeping teeth clean and smiles bright.

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Karnik's AGUE Mixture.

Is THE tried specific for Ague, Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price As. 12/-

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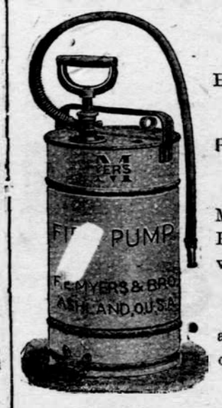

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Opportunity

has hair in front, behind she is bald.
Therefore always catch her by the forelock.

MR. EXHIBITOR!

Now she is knocking at your door

Catch Her-Grasp Her

LEST SHE SHOULD PASS TO THE NEXT DOOR

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THEN DO NOT MISS

June Caprice and Creighton Hale in "A Damsel in Distress"

Story From "Saturday Evening Post" The Famous American Journal

Written By P. G. WODEHOUSE. The Master Fiction Writer

A DELIGHTFUL COMEDY
IN 5 ACTS.

First of the specially—selected—Pathe Pictures.

Produced by that Master Film—Maker ALBERT CAPELLAN!

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Messrs. K. D. and Brothers offer to their patrons this Week another

GOLDWYN PRODUCTION

in 5 parts—6000 feet.

"HEARTSEASE"
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featuring the most handsome man of the Screen the popular idol of the millions

TOM MOORE

with the celebrated, beautiful

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and an all-star cast.

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A Story full of hopes and empty pockets

Can you imagine what happens when a determined young composer sets out to conquer in the disbelieving World of Act? Full hopes mean little when empty pockets block the way at every turn But Eric Temple fought for fame—and won another prize more precious than life itself

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Your very existence is governed by the motions and inspirations created in simple melodies of Love and Faith.

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"HEARTSEASE"

fired the spirit of Youth and Romance, and enmashed him in a daring struggles with the Destinies that prey. But

"TOM MOORE"

won—inspired with the dauntless couarge, be defied the fortunes and showed them how Manhood Fights when love is at stake. See

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HEARTSEASE

commencing to-day, at the popular and favourite Picture-House, the

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The Programme includes a roaring Comedy.

TWO SPECIAL SHOWS

Matinee Shows to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 and 5-30 p.m. (S. T.) Rest Shows at 7 ; 8 45 ; -15 p. m.

Please refer to page No. 16 of this paper of To-day.

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Super—Serial presented by Messrs K. D. & Brothers.

Featuring

Helen Holmes

The Invincible Queen of the Serial Screen. Episodes six, seven and eight commencing from to-day are extraordinarily sensational and breath-taking. Do not fail to see the most exciting struggle in mid-air. You will find Helen Holmes at her best. Helen takes a jump from one aeroplane into another in mid-air.

Charlie Chaplin

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Each Thrilling Episode a complete story.

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"ALIMONY"

The bait that makes a woman a wolf—risking the trap of matrimony to obtain!

Or a tie that sears and burns in the soul of the unwanted wife!

A 6-Act super Feature.

Josephine Whittell—the wolf-like wife.

Lois Wilson—the unwanted wife.

A picture the whole family can see with profit add remember with pleasure.

Matrimony and an easy life—Alimony and an easier one.

That is the aim and ambition of some women—the women of this picture—who regard their husbands only as their bankers, who cherish a secret love that will be gratified when care and discretion are thrown to the winds and the alimony—the levy on man's pocket and the shreds of some innocent woman's honor—is safe.

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THE STORY OF AN UNWANTED WIFE

—of the amazing traffic or sordid souls in alimony, unfolded among the bright lights and scarlet gaiety of New York. The man who wrote it spent his life among the unscrupulous intrigues—he knew the character of the divorcee who discovered that the cause of her divorce no longer wanted her—he realised the goodness that lay in the heart of the girl whom the woman dragged into the awful business to revenge herself—and he made her a tragic character in the sensational denouement:

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There is not one man or woman in the cast who could have been better placed. There is dramatic excitement. Producing genius is manifest throughout. It is a stinging arraignment of the men and women whose conduct creates the unwanted wife.

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The Popular Comedy Drama.

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MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

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VERY GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KALBADEVI ROAD JUST OPPOSITE THE BHANGWADI.

On SUNDAY, the 13th instant at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Messrs. Dwarkadas Jugmohandas and Co., and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchaser Seth Tulsidas Gordhandas Khatau the undermentioned very valuable landed properties on the premises.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground with the buildings standing thereon situate at Kalbadevi Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 181 sqfiare yards or thereabouts Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 704, New No. D/3208, Old Survey No. 27, New Survey No. C and F/1688 assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward Nos. 411 and 413 (2) and Street Nos. 10 and 12A and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by a common passage and beyond that by the property belonging to Govindrao Harischandra Joshi and others, on the West by another common passage and beyond that by the property secondly hereunder described, on the North by the property belonging to Moreswar Harischandra Joshi, and on the South by a passage and beyond that the property of Bhimji Raoji.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground with the building standing thereon situate at Kalbadevi Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 394 square yards or thereabouts Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 704, New No. D/3208, Old Survey No. 27, New Survey No. C and F/1688 Assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under C Ward Nos. 401-2 and 410 Street Nos. 133, 135, 137, 139 and 9 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by the common passage and beyond that by the property firstly hereinabove described on or towards the West by the said Kalbadevi Road on or towards the South by the property of Bhimji Raoji and on or towards the North by the property of Anandrao H. Joshi.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground situate at Kalbadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement thirty-five square yards or thereabouts and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue together with the land firstly hereinabove described under Collector's Old Nos. 704, New No. D/3208, Old Survey No. 27, New Survey No. D and F/1688 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under the same numbers as the property firstly hereinabove described and bounded, on or towards the East by a passage and beyond that by the property belonging to Govindrao Hairschandra Joshi and others, on or towards the West by another common passage and beyond that by the property secondly hereunder described on the North by the property firstly hereinabove described and on or towards the South by the property of Bhimji Raoji.

FOURTHLY:—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground situate at Kalbadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement forty square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue, together with the land secondly hereinabove described under Collector's Old No. 704, New No. D/3208, Old Survey No. 27, New Survey No. C & F/1688 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under the same number as the property secondly hereinabove described and bounded on or towards the East by the property firstly hereinabove described on or towards the West by the property secondly hereinabove described on or towards the South by the property of Bhimji Rowji and on or towards the North by a common passage.

FIFTHLY:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the pension and tax tenure together with the building standing thereon situate lying and being at Kalbadevi Street without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement 405 5/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue together with the land hereafter described under the Old No. 704 and New No. 3208 Old Survey No. 27 and New Survey No. 1688 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 414 and street No. 13 and bounded on or towards the East by the land and chawls belonging to the Bombay Improvement Trust on or towards the West by the property sixthly hereinafter described on or towards the North by the property of Raghunath Mukund and Balaji W. Joshi Trustees for Bhalchand Balaji Joshi and on or towards the South by the property of Laxmidas Bhimji and others.

SIXTHLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of pension and tax tenure situate lying and being at Kalbadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 207 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue together with the land fifthly hereinbefore described under Collector's Old No. 704 Collector's New No. 3208 Old Survey No 27 and New Survey No. 1688 and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under the same numbers as the property fifthly hereinbefore described and bounded on or towards the East partly by the property fifthly hereinbefore described and partly by the property of Raghunath Mukund and Balaji W Joshi Trustees for Bhalachandra Balaji Joshi on or towards the West partly by the property of Gumedali Laxminarayan and partly by the property above referred to on or towards the North by the property of late Khanderao Moroji and on or towards the South by the property of Laxmundas Bhimji and others.

For further particulars conditions of sale, and inspection of Title deeds apply to Messrs. Dharmsey and Co., Solicitors, at their office at 3, Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

P. S.—The front property is occupied by Messrs. the Benson Cycle Co., and others.

AUCTION SALE OF 156 BALES COTTON AHMEDNAGAR.

On SATURDAY, the 12th instant at 5 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Cotton Green Colaba, by order of Seth Jethabhoy Devji and on account and at the risk of Seth Dolatram Khushalchand of Ahmednagar.

156 bales cotton Ahmednagar.

The above goods are lying in the godown of Seth Jethabhoy Devji at Rani Lane No. 3.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 15000 EMPTY DRUMS.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant at 2-30 p.m. Messrs. MEHTA & Co., will sell by Public Auction by order of Bhansari Khatau Damji at Kaikhusru Manekji, F. H. Shethna's Vadi at Mazgaon, Wadi Bunder Back Road.

About 6000 empty drums (four gallons) new and second-hand.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHTA & Co.—(Contd.)

About 9000 empty drums (five gallons) new and second-hand.

Bombay, 12th June, 1920.

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT CLOTHING.

On SUNDAY the 13th June, 1920 at 9-30 a.m., (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at the surplus Textile Sale Depot at Colaba (the premises of the old Army Clothing Factory) by order of the assistant Controller Textiles Sales of the Indian Munitions Board, a very great lot of Government clothing consisting of cotton white sleeve linnings, Bleached and blue nainsooks, Khaki Drills, cap comfortors, Puggri Remnants, Mosquitto netting Khaki Bedford Cord, Grey Drills, Jerseys, Towels Blue size No. 2, Blankets, Towels Honey Comb, woollen Jerseys, Jackets green and scarlet foot bandages, Blouses, Razor straps, Brass slides and loops, hooks waist Blankling, newar Red and Yellow puggries, kit bags red Identity diks sveks, Helmets, shirts, sensbades, etc., etc.

The above goods can be seen at the place of auction.

Cash will be required at the time of sale and the goods to be removed at the same time.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 12th June, 1920.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS, BOMBAY.

No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay. Tel. No. 521.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

To-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

THE AUCTION SALE of the Very Valuable and Artistic Household Furniture, Sweet-toned Cottage Piano, Electro-plate, Wares, Silverwares, Crockery, Rich Venetian Glasswares and a Rich Garden.

Under instructions from the Executors of late Mr. N. M. Patel, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 12th and SUNDAY, the 13th June, 1920, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the "Lily" Cumballa Hill, opposite the Petit Sanatarium the following consisting of rich drawing room suites, cabinets, rich silk-lined tapestry lady's chairs, teak, and blackwood arm chairs, easy chair, washing tables, almyrahs, sweet-toned cottage piano, electric chandeliers, very rich inlaid and mirror doors almyrahs, ward robes, single and double beds, mattresses, very rich and old choicest Chinese vases, jars, electroplated wares, rich venetian glasswares, silverwares, etc., etc.

The gardens plants will be sold after the furnitures.

The property is on view.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 12th June, 1920.

BOMBAY AUCTION CO.

GOVERNMENT AUCTIONEERS.

23, Churchgate Street.

AUCTION SALE OF KEATINGS POWDER.

SALE ON SATURDAY, 12TH JUNE, 1920, AT 2.30 P.M. (S. T.).

THE BOMBAY AUCTION COY. will sell by Public Auction at their room No. 23, Churchgate Street:—

10 cases Keating's Powder by the order of concerned office.

Also some household furniture such as drawing room, suite, cabinet almyrah Partition, Electric fan, carpet, old Type writing machine. Iron cot, Phonograph, safe, old pianola, etc., etc.

THE BOMBAY AUCTION CO.,
Auctioneers.

No 8, Waterloo Mansions opposite Museum West, BOMBAY.

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CENT PER CENT.

By painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed. Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.

Apply:—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST.

N. B.—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it—why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be adduced?

Structure Steel

		Rs. Per cwt.
Angles, Iron	1½ x 1½ x 3/16	2
Do.	2½ x 2½ 3/4, 5/16, 3/8	20
Do.	3 x 3 x 3/8, 5/16	20
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Tees, Iron	2½ x 2½ x 3/4, 5/16	22
Round Bars	3/16 x 1/4	23
Steel plates	1/4, 1/4, 5/16, 3/8	18/20
Soft spelter		35
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Highclass Tailors and Dressmakers,
Above Taraporewala, Bookseller,
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TO-MORROW—We have something you want, going cheap to-morrow at 2-30 p.m., (S. T.). Come and inspect our Showrooms before the Auction starts. You can also buy many things, prices of which are marked or you can place your offer with us, subject to the acceptance of the owners. MEHTA & Co., Auctioneers, 25, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

MISCELLANEOUS.

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High class works kuaranted day or night, sun or rain. Rs. 10 per dozen Photos. 1480

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SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED—A CLERK well acquainted with Fire Insurance Work. Experienced men need apply. Box No. 696, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 156

WANTED— A SCIENCE GRADUATE, Strong in Mathematics, Salary Rs. 80-5-100; Apply immediately to the MANAGER, Nawa Vidyalaya High School, Hyderabad, Sind. 1569

WANTED—A competent LADY TUTOR, knowing Sanskrit and English, to give lessons to a lady at her home. Apply sharp to Box No. 695, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1576

WANTED—One LADY DOCTOR, qualified and experienced for Bantva Zenana Hospital. Apply with testimonials and terms to Box No. 696, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1577

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WANTED—Reliable UNDERWRITERS and CANVASSORS for selling of shares of a Limited Company. Substantial commission to reliable parties. Apply Post Box 649 CALCUTTA. 1603

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WANTED—A suitable PARTY or BROKER for Ready Important French Stock in Bombay, of Perfumery, Medicines, Soaps, Scents etc., inducive price. Apply sharp Box No. 702, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1612

WANTED—UNEMPLOYED to know that SHORTHAND (quick method) Typewriting, Accountancy English, French, Correspondence and Banking taught within 2 months sertice guaranteed. Apply Prof. LENTIN, 283 Hornby Road. 1608.

WANTED—Two experienced JUNIOR CLERKS with knowledge of typing for Life Insurance Office. Good prospects apply with full particulars and enclosing copies of testimonials to Box No. 692, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1565

WANTED—A CORRESPONDENCE CLERK knowing Typewriting or Accounts will be preferred. Salary Rs. 50 monthly. Apply "THE VENUS PROVIDENT INSURANCE SOCIETY," 10, Homji Street. 1589

WANTED—A competent DESPATCH CLERK for a large Joint Stock Company. Only those with previous experience and good handwriting need apply to Box No. 699, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1592

WANTED—Two experienced English ACCOUNT CLERKS and a CASHIER, who can lodge security in cash Rs. 2,000 or in Government Paper worth Rs. 3,000 to join immediately. Good salary to qualified persons. Only experienced persons need apply to Post Box No. 524 1541

WANTED—Well experienced and competent HEAD CLERK and ACCOUNTANT for Life Insurance Office. Good Salary to a suitable man, must furnish security. Apply with full particulars, enclosing copies of testimonials to Box No. 691, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1564

WANTED—One qualified MIDWIFE and NURSE to work in the Ripon Hospital, Ahmednagar. Applicant must be a Brahmin and will be paid from the Lady Dufferin Fund at the rate of Rs. 35 per mensem. Private practice allowed; half the fees to be credited to the above fund, the other half to be retained by the Midwife. Candidates should submit their applications stating age and qualifications to the undersigned S. VAZIFDAR, M.R.C.P. (Lond.) Major, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A CUSTOMS CLERK for an Import Firm. Apply Post Box No. 476. 1635

EXPERIENCED CUSTOMS CLERK required at once. Apply ARMY and NAVY STORES. 1607

WANTED—A GRADUATE TUTOR for the Princes School. Pay rising from Rs. 75 per month. DEWAN, Lunawada. 1437

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WANTED by European firm, experienced CASHIER (Parsi) apply with certificates and references to Box No. 707, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1628

WANTED An ACCOUNTANT CORRESPONDENT CLERK, SALESMAN and a CANVASSER with good salary and future prospects. Apply Box No. 717, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1646

WANTED—DUBASH BOYS, those fully conversant with entering, clearing and other works pertaining to ships, need only. Apply sharp Box No. 700, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1631

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WANTED—PRIVATE TUITIONS by an experienced Graduate Tutor. Terms moderate Last year's results, excellent. Apply Box No. 706, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1626

WANTED.

WANTED—Twist and Ring Spinning FRAMES in best working order. Apply Box No. 708, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1629

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SHAHNAMAHS profusely illustrated, dated 634 Hizra and 829 Hizra. For full particulars apply Box No 700, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1600

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READY New 20 B H.P. Super Diesel Crude Oil Engine, one inch hydraulic tubes, tested five tons cart weighing scale, one 10-H.P., and one 33½ H.P., A. C. English motors, Stewarts Cotton Presses, Hills' Boilers short. ly expected DREWET CHOWNA, Church Street. 1563

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FOR SALE.—8 10 12' Brand New Lathes One 48" Radial Drilling Machine. Apply LONDON AEROGRAPH, Girgaum, Bombay. 1523

ENG. VICTORIA—BROUGHAM combination of the two in one, just unpacked. Apply sharp BALLAJI, 4, Girgaum. 1645

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PORTLAND "HAND" Brand Cement for Building Contractors, Railways, etc., per s.s. NIRVANA. Also Pegamoid imitation Leather Cloth for Motor and Carriage Body Builders, apply for prices, etc., to the IMPORTERS KODAL AGENCY, 371, Hornby Road, Bombay. Tel: EAGLE-BOMBAY. 1497

BAY AUSTRALIAN GELDING and RUBBER TYRED VICTORIA, English Harness, etc., Horse aged but strong and good goer. Owner going home. Rs. 1,000, or near offer. Apply Box No. 693, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1567

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GLOBE'S TYPEWRITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington No. 10 Self-Starter like New	275
Remington No. 10 Fiscap	190
Remington No. 10 Brief Size	200
Remington No. 8 Brief Fine	100
Empire No. 2, Back spacer like New	165
Oliver No. 9, Fiscap Size	200
Oliver No. 5, Fiscap Size	165
Home model Blick Gu. and Eng.	75
Self-folding 7 lbs. Fox portable with case New	199

We are Sole Agents for the famous light-running Fox Standard and the 7 lb. Fox Portable Typewriters. Write us for a free demonstration at our office.

THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING & CO.,
36, Churchgate Street., Fort, Bombay.
Tele: "Writertype."

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE—

	Rs.
Albus, Folding, like Corona, with Case	60
Smith Premier No. 4, 2 Colours,	80
Yost No. 10, thoroughly renovated,	90
Empire No. 1, Visible, Portable	100
Remington 7, Rs. 90, 2 Colours, L. Case	110
Remington 7, Rs. 90, 2 Colours L. case,	
Remington No. 8, Policy Size	110
Oliver 5, American Rebuilt, like new	160
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 190, 210	260
Remington 10, Visible Rs. 190, 210	260
Remington 10, Brief, Rs. 210	260
Remington 10, Visible, Rs. 190, 210	260
Remington, 10 brief Rs. 210	260
Remington 10, Factory Rebuilt, as new	
Underwood No. 5, latest, used few months	250
Oliver No. 9, latest, used few months	250
Gujerati Remington No. 9, like new	210

NICOLLS COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay.

TO BE LET.

TO LET—New building at 8th Camatipura for Hindoos. Flats containing 3 rooms, bath and W. C. Apply to H. P. ARAJANVALA, New Cooper B. Grant Road. 1490

TO BE LET—ASHER MANSION, ground 1 and 3rd floor at Govalia Talao Forjet, Street. Apply to Messrs. GOKALDAS DAMODER, Mulji Jaitha Market, Dharmraj Gali. 1429

TO BE LET—BEAUTIFUL furnished BUNGALOW, for Princes and Nobles with billiard and Tennis on Nepeansey Road. Can also accommodate larger European and Japanese firms. Apply PRAGJI KHANDOOBHA DESAI "Koonj Nivas" end of Napeans. Walkeshwar. 15

PUBLIC NOTICES.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.

TO BE LET.—Two pacca built Godowns recently completed at the corner of Reay Road and Sewree Road, Kala Chowky, capacity about 3,000 sq. ft. each on Main Road, most suitable for cotton storage.
For further particulars apply sharp between 3—5 p.m.
Address:—No. 2, Custom House Road, Fort.
JAFFERBHOY A. LALLJEE.
1503

NOTICE.

WANTED—One MISTRY, 8 BLACKSMITHS and one COPPERSMITH, accustomed to the Locomotive smithy works. Rate—Mistry Rs. 2-8-0 per day, Blacksmiths and coppersmith Rs. 2 per day to each.
Apply to the LOCO and CARRIAGE SUPERINTENDENT, B. S. Railway, Bhavnagar Para, stating qualifications. 1492

NOTICE.

THE GINNING FACTORY of 50 Plat Bros. five bearings Gins of the Nagar Ginning and Trading Co., Ld., is to be sold with the buildings, Boiler and Engine excluding the land. The land is acquired by on rent. The size of boiler is 6½ by 24 and the size of Engine is 12 by 21 compound. Both are of Marshall Sons and Company, one who wants to purchase it should see personally and settle the terms with Mr. Moolchand Doulatram the Managing Director of the above company. The machinery is in use and in good condition.
HARIKISON ASSARAM,
Ahmednagar, 7th June, 1920.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the purchase of wastes of sorts, accumulated at the R. B. Motilal Poona Mills, Poona, up to 19th June, 1920. Samples can be seen at the Mills at Poona. Tenders which must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 will be received by the undersigned up till the noon of the 19th instant. The undersigned is not bound to accept any or highest tender. For further particulars apply at the Office of N. H. Moos, Esq., Bar-at-Law, Receivers in Suit No. 688 of 1917, 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. 1519

NOTICE.

THE NEW INDIA ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE OFFICES of the New India Assurance Company, Limited, will be REMOVED from MONDAY, the 14th June, 1920, to No. 56, WALLACE STREET, FORT, Bombay, on the 1st and 2nd floor of the premises of The Tata Industrial Bank, Ltd.
R. P. GANDHI,
Secretary.
1593

NOTICE.

THE A. D. S. & T. (Embn.) No. 3 Shed, Alexandra Docks, has 500 tons Australian Preserved Meat (Beef and Mutton) packed in 6 lbs. and 12 oz. tins, for sale. Sealed Tenders are invited for the full quantity or for smaller quantities up to a minimum of 20 tons and should be submitted so as to reach the A. D. S. & T. (Embn.) on or before noon on MONDAY, the 21st June, 1920. Samples may be seen in B Warehouse, Alexandra Docks, from 10 a.m. till noon on week days.
(Sd.) J. M. MATTHEWS,
Captain,
for Asstt. Director of S. & T. (Embn.),
1570 Bombay.

NOTICE.

WANTED—An L.C.E. by the Pandharpur Municipality for the post of CHIEF OFFICER on Rs. 150 per month. Applicants should submit their applications with testimonials to the President of this Municipality up to 20th June, 1920.
(Sd.) G. S. BIDKAR,
President,
Pandharpur Municipality.
Pandharpur, 2nd June, 1920. 1428

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS.

MY client, Dr. Mrs. D'MONTE, of Bandra owns a 1/5 share of Pot Nos. 1 and 2 of S. N. 393 of Bandra, and has been in possession. This property on one side abuts on the Chinchpokli Road, Bandra. Notwithstanding the title and possession of my client, Mr. IGNATIUS D'MONTE, is, my client learns, about to sell the Pot Nos. including my client's one-fifth share. Intending purchasers are therefore warned hereby that if they purchase the land from Mr. Ignatius D'Monte they will do so at their risk and peril.
S. K. BHAGVAT, B.A., LL.B.,
Pleader, District Court,
Thana.
1588

NOTICE TO PURCHASERS,

MY client, Dr. D. A. D'MONTE, of Bandra, is the owner of southern portion of Pot Nos. 1 and 2 of S. N. 393 of Bandra, and has been in possession. A portion of this land abuts on the Chinchpokli Road, Bandra. My client learns that notwithstanding the ownership and possession of my client, Mr. IGNATIUS D'MONTE, is about to sell this portion of land and hence intending purchasers are warned hereby that if they purchase this portion of land from Mr. Ignatius D'Monte, they will do so at their risk and peril.
S. K. BHAGVAT, B.A., LL.B.,
Pleader, District Court,
Thana.
1582

KIMJI DAYAL MEMORIAL FUND.

A certain number of monthly scholarships of Rs. 20 each, half of which are reserved for Lohanas, are to be granted to poor deserving students for HIGHER COMMERCIAL EDUCATION Applications to be addressed to either of the undersigned.
MATHURADAS VISSANJI.
3, Wallace Street, Fort.
VASSANJI JIWANDAS.
60, Broach Street, Danabunder.
1489

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ARICHA MANICKGANJ MOTOR SERVICE Company Limited.

Licensed by H. E. The Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council.

CAPITAL . . . . . Rs. 3,00,000.

Divided into 20,000 Ordinary and 10,000 Accumulative Preferential Shares of Rs. 10 each.

Rs. 2 on Application. Rs. 3 on Allotment.

The balance payable on call.

The profits estimated are Rs. 1,80,000 per annum, besides the miscellaneous income amounting to very large competitive sums, sources of income being based on a very wide scope. Excellent prospects. The District Board of Dacca has very kindly joined the Company in helping towards success.

Only a few shares available.

Please apply for shares to the Managing Agents.

Messrs. A. K. Co., Ltd.

30, Wellington Street, CALCUTTA,
303, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY,
16, Merchant Street, RANGOON
and Chandni Chowk DELHI.

Turko-Roman Baths

OF INDIA LIMITD.

Licensed by H. E. The Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council.

CAPITAL .. .. Rs. 5,00,000

Divided into 16,000 Ordinary and 4,000 8 P. C. Preferential Shares of Rs. 5 each, 15,000 ordinary and 4,000 8 P. C. Accumulative Preferential Shares of Rs. 20 each.

The balance payable at calls of not more than Rs. 5 each, at intervals of not less than a month.

RS. 2 ON APPLICATION. RS. 3 ON ALLOTMENT.

Excellent prospects are expected per practical proof of having attained cent, per cent, dividend when managed by Messrs. A. C. M. Enis and Co., Calcutta.

Branch offices at important ports and towns of India, Burma and Ceylon have been established. The net profits are expected in full.

The following estimate is a sufficient guarantee we can rely on:—The least number of customers being 20 a day, at the lowest rate per head daily income comes to 130 per day, thus monthly proceeds upto 39.00 from each of the establishments. Such all establishments will produce in a year an amount of Rs. 5,13,040, being the net profit. Further additions, in the income are strongly hoped; under the proposals, by the Board of Directors.

A few shares only are available.

Please apply for shares to—

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED

Calcutta, Bomaby Rangoon and all branch offices.

or

Managing Agents Messrs A. K. Co. Limited,
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, RANGOON, and DELHI.

MINISTRY OF MUNITIONS.

(By direction of the Disposal Board.)
In addition to the
SURPLUS GOVERNMENT PROPERTY
which is for disposal by the Indian Munitions Board there is
IN THE UNITED KINGDOM,
A large stock, which is
AVAILABLE FOR EXPORT.

Non-Ferrous Metals.
Plant and Machinery.
Factory Stores.
Steam Engines and Boilers.
Machine Tools.
Railway Material.
Electrical Instruments and Machinery
Contractors' Stores.
Chemicals.
Motor Vehicles.
Aircraft.
Agricultural Machinery.
Furniture.
Boots and Leather Equipment.
Yachts.
Motor Boats, etc., etc.

Enquiries should be addressed by letter or cable:
To:—REPRESENTATIVE OF THE MINISTRY OF MUNITIONS,
(Export Branch, Disposals Board).
C/o Indian Munitions Board, Bombay.
Telegraphic Address:—SURPLEX, Bombay.

Buyers proceeding to the United Kingdom should apply to THE SECRETARY, D. B., 8, Ministry of Munitions, Whitehall Place, London.
Cable Address:—Dis-export. Munorgize, London, ENGLAND. 9769

SELLING AGENTS WITH PAYMENT AND COMMISSION.

WANTED—Clever and energetic AGENTS and BROKERS throughout India for shares of Limited Companies. Monthly payment 50, and 100 rupees, according conditions, beside commission. We offer the best proposition to make money without interfering with anybody's actual occupation. All persons willing to earn a modest living with moderate work in his spare time.
Apply to Box No. 681, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1496

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

FROM the 15th instant our address will be:—
SULTAN BUILDING,
Fort Street.
Fort, BOMBAY.
BABCOCK & WILCOX, LTD.
1571

BOARD OF INDUSTRIES AND MUNITIONS.

OFFERS are invited for the purchase of quantities of hardware, tools, metals, railway materials and mechanical and miscellaneous stores, which are still available for disposal from the stocks of the Board of Industries and Munitions in Bombay.
Detailed lists can be had from the Controller (Sales), New Customs House, Ballard Road, Bombay to whom offers for purchase should be made.
P. J. GAHAN,
Controller (Sales),
Board of Industries and Munitions
New Customs House,
Ballard Road,
Bombay, 8th March, 1920. 9365

THE TATA IRON AND STEEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 21st June to THURSDAY, the 24th June, both days inclusive
By Order,
Tata Sons Limited, Agents
R. D. TATA,
Director.
Registered Office:—
Navsari Buildings.
Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 31st May, 1920. 1332

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP which subsisted between Mr. T. D. Kapadia and myself, who carried on business as Architects, Engineers and Surveyors, at 44, Tamarind Lane in Bombay, under the name of T. D. Kapadia and Co., has been DISSOLVED as from 1st June, 1920, from which date I have been carrying on the same business my own name at Alice Building, Hornby Road.

J. M. HIRAMANEK.

Dated this 8th day of June, 1920. 1514

RUBBER BOOTS.

A LARGE STOCK FOR SALE. Please apply to undersigned for single pairs or any number.

P. J. GAHAN,
Controller (Sales).
Board of Industries and Munitions,
New Customs House,
Ballard Road,
Bombay, 10.6.1920.
1618

NOTICE.

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the final date of paying up the call money—Rs. 25 per share—expired on 31st May 1920. Shareholders are therefore requested to pay their call monies immediately as interest at 9 per cent. will be charged on all remittances made after the above date.

For the Zandu Pharmaceutical Works, Ltd.,
INGATRAM & CO.
1632 Secretaries Treasurers & Agents

THE MORARJEE GOCULDAS SPG. AND WVG. CO., LTD.

COTTON AND YARN WASTE FOR SALE.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of ready stock of Cotton and Yarn Waste of all descriptions of the above Mills. A deposit of Rs. 200 will be taken with each tender. The Company does not bind itself to accept or reject any highest or lowest bidder. Tender forms can be had from our Mills on payment of eight annas per copy and tenders will be received up to 19th June, 1920, at our Mill premises, Sopari Bang Road, Parel.

Bombay, 11th June, 1920.
1650

PRODUCE.

WANTED by a leading mercantile firm in Calcutta, a pure English or French Gentleman, well acquainted with European and American Markets and thoroughly conversant with export Trade of Produce Lines specially Oilseeds, Wheat, Rice, etc., to assist develop business on a larger scale. Will pay Rs. 1,000 or over. Only those having considerable experience and good foreign connections and possessing intimate knowledge of local places as Calcutta, Bombay, Karachi, Madras, need apply with copies of testimonials, work done, and references; Excellent references and good home training essential. Please apply sharp to Box No. 704, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1622

SHORTHAND CLASSES AT SYDENHAM COLLEGE, BOMBAY.

SHORTHAND CLASSES (Pitman's System) are now held at Sydenham College from June 16th onwards.

HOURS:—5-30 p.m. to 6-15 p.m., 6-15 p.m. to 7 p.m. (Every day except Saturday), and at other times still to be arranged.

FEES:—(To be paid in advance).

For classes held twice a week: Rs. 10 per term.

For classes held three times a week: Rs. per term.

ENTRANCE QUALIFICATIONS:—Matriculation or School Final or a standard that may be regarded as equivalent to these.

Admissions are made daily, between 5 and 5-30 p.m., when the instructor can interview applicants.

Speed Classes will be started if a sufficient number of applications is received.

FEES:—Rs. 16 per term.

Written applications to be addressed to
The PRINCIPAL.
1363

ACCOUNTANCY DIPLOMA CLASSES AT SYDENHAM COLLEGE.

NEW CLASSES to prepare candidates for the Government Diploma in Accountancy of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics will be opened on June 21st 1920.

SUBJECTS:—

(1) Mercantile Law, Lecturer: Mr. J. S. Khergamwala, LL.D. (London), Bar-at-Law.

(2) Accounting and Auditing, Lecturer: Mr. F. R. Merchant, Incorporated Accountant.

FEES:—Rs. 50/ per term.

HOURS:—6 p.m. to 7 p.m.

The Government Diploma in Accountancy of the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics will in future be a basis of the granting of Auditor's Certificate. Holders of these certificates will be recognized by Government as being on the same footing as Chartered or Incorporated Accountants.

The examination course extends over two years. If the Diploma, however, is to be obtained for practising as Joint Stock Companies Auditor further three years must be put in for the practical work under an Accountant and Auditor recognized by the Accountancy Diploma Board.

Candidates for admission must have passed the Matriculation, the School Final, or an equivalent examination.

Applications should be addressed to
THE PRINCIPAL,
The Sydenham College of Commerce & Economics, Bombay.
1616

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE to the Public that my son JUSUB is of bad conduct. If any person lends any money to him or has any pecuniary dealings with him, he will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1920.
HAJEE ALIMAHOMED HAJEE CASSUM.
1613

THE PHOENIX TAXI AND TRANSPORT SERVICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 17th June, 1920, to THURSDAY, the 1st July, 1920, both days inclusive.

By the order of the Board,
SHAW, WADDINGTON,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 7th June, 1920.
1619

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

WATER DEPARTMENT.

WANTED—4 emporary SURVEYORS on Rs. 150 per month, including all allowances for Survey Work outside Bombay. Must be rapid, accurate and experienced in levelling, plotting, etc. Apply sharp with testimonials and brief statement of experience to the HYDRAULIC ENGINEER.
1540

GRAND INDIAN MUSICAL CONCERTS.

TWO GRAND CLASSICAL INDIAN MUSICAL CONCERTS will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 16th June at 9-15 p.m. (S. T.) and on SUNDAY, the 20th June at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.), at Hira Bagh near Madhao Bagh, C. P. Tank Road, where Sangit Bhushan Professor Faiazkhan, chief Singer of Baroda Durbar, will render a couple of classical Hindustani and Hindi Songs: Tickets Rs. 5, Rs. 3, Rs. 2 and Re. 1 each. Tickets at the window on Concert days.

HOMI P. KAPADIA,
G. V. MANERIKAR,
Joint Secretaries.
1611

NOTICE.

THE ASSISTANT DIRECTOR of Supplies and Transport (Embn.), Bombay, has 178 cases, each containing 48 one pound tins tinned Salmon to dispose of. Interested parties are requested to see samples in "B" Warehouse, Alexandra Dock and to submit sealed tenders to the undersigned by 12 noon on MONDAY, the 14th June, 1920, stating the quantity they wish to purchase and the rate they are prepared to pay per case.

(Sd.) J. M. MATTHEWS,
Captain,
for Asstt. Director of S. & T. (Embn.),
Bombay.
No. 3 Shed, Alexandra Dock.
Bombay, 9th June, 1920.
1512

NOTICE.

WANTED for the post of the Medical Storekeeper, Baroda State, either a Graduate in Medicine strong in Pharmaceutical Chemistry or an experienced Apothecary having a practical knowledge of Pharmaceutical Chemistry, preference being given to one who has acquired a practical training and experience at a recognised Chemist and Druggist's establishment such as Treacher, Kemp, Phillips or such other large firms of Pharmaceutical Chemists and Druggists. The applications should be accompanied with copies of testimonials and terms of service and should reach the undersigned not later than the 30th instant.

R. N. JADHAV,
Ag. Chief Medcal Officer,
Baroda State.
1561

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY

(Incorporated in England.)

ALTERATIONS IN TIMINGS OF TRAINS ON THE MATHERAN STEAM TRAM WAY.

WITH effect from SATURDAY, the 12th instant No. 1 Down leaving Neral at 4-30 and 4 Up leaving Matheran at 13-0 hours will be cancelled, and the following will be the revised train service:—

Stations.	3 Down. H. M.	5 Down. H. M.
Neral	Dep. 10 10	16 30
Matheran	Arr. 11 45	18 5
Stations.	2 Up. H. M.	6 Up. H. M.
Matheran	Dep. 8 0	14 30
Neral	Arr. 9 30	16 10

From Wednesday, the 16th instant, until further notice, one train a day each way only will run, viz.:

Matheran	Dep. 8 0	hours.
Neral	Arr. 9 30	hours.
Neral	Dep. 16 30	hours.
Matheran	Arr. 18 5	hours

W. ALEXANDER,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 11-6-20.
1652

THE NEW CITY OF BOMBAY MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on and after MONDAY, the 28th June, 1920, upon those Shareholders whose names stand in the Company's Books on MONDAY, the 14th June, 1920, forwarding their old Share Certificates to the Registered Office of the Company, No. 42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, the New Share Certificates rendered necessary by the Resolutions passed and confirmed at the Extraordinary General Meetings held respectively on 11th March, 1920, and 26th March, 1920, to Subdivide the Shares of the Company into Rs. 100 each, will be issued in Exchange therefor.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 14th June to SATURDAY, the 19th June, 1920, both days inclusive, for the purpose of preparing the New Sub-divided Share Certificates.

By Order of the Board,
W. H. BRADY & CO., LTD.,
H. H. LAKIN,
Director,
Managing Agents.
Bombay, 10th June, 1920.
1648

PUBLIC NOTICES.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY.

1. WANTED for Boys' School, trained M.A.'s and M.Sc.'s on one year's probation. Pay Rs. 100—5—150. Apply to the HEAD MASTER, C. H. School, Benares.

2. WANTED for Girls' School, GRADUATE LADY TEACHERS. Hindu with a knowledge of Sanskrit and Hindi preferred. Pay Rs. 100 to 200 according to qualifications. Also HINDI LADY TEACHERS, trained preferred. Pay Rs. 50 or so according to qualifications.
1617

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai LAXMIBAI PURSHOTTAMDAS TRIBHOVANDAS, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell to our client the property described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having claims against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, sale or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claim and the same will, if any, be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of Pension and Tax tenure (now redeemed) together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, being a portion of the cart called or known by the name of "Moty Churney", situate at Girgaum or Pallow or Breach Candy Road, without the Fort of Bombay, and within the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 463 square yards or thereabouts, less the 2 feet strip of land hereinafter mentioned and registered together with other lands by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 45 and 45, New Nos. 304 and 307, Old Survey No. 111, and New Survey Nos. 1/8112 and 4/8112, and assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 2233 and 4042 and Street Nos. 2 and 12, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the North by the property of Devkaran Nanji, on or towards the South formerly by a common passage but now by the Bhai Jivanji Lane, on or towards the East formerly by the property of Vithaldas Gopaldas but now of Bai Maneckbai Dwarkadas Kaliandas and on or towards the West by 2 feet strip of land, which the Vendor retains and beyond that by the property of Maneckla Mangaldas.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1920.
MANSUKHLAL HIRALAL MEHTA & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1635

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our clients Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, that Mr. V. D. TRIVEDI, who was a partner in the said firm, has retired from the firm from 11th June, 1920, and the remaining partner Mr. Mohanlal V. Gandhi will continue the said business of Auctioneers at the same place, No. 52, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, in the same name of Messrs GANDHI & CO., as the sole proprietor thereof.

Dated this 11th day of June 1920.
BHIMJI & Co.,
Attorneys for Messrs. Gandhi & Co
1637

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MOSES SOMSON EZEKIEL, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Gresham Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of vacant land, situate at Ambivili in Andheri in Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Thana, containing by admeasurement 2,448 square yards or thereabouts and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 91, Pot Nos. 7, 9, 13, 14, 15, being Plot No. 10 in the scheme published by the notified area Committee Solsette and bearing entry No. D98 annual assessment Rs. 4.6.1 and bounded, on the East by the property of Dadaji Dadkji on the West by the Government Tank on the North by Vessawa Road and on the South by Government Land.

Dated this 10th day of June 1920.
MULLA & MULLA
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1621

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. BURJORJI ARDESHIR GAZDAR, who has contracted to purchase from Mr. RUSTOMJI PESTONJI JABHAWALA, the undermentioned property has in his turn contracted to sell the same free from incumbrances to our client. Any person or persons having or claiming any right, title, interest, claim, or demand to in or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of indenture, morigage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 91-99, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of vacant land or ground of the Foras tenure but since redeemed from payment of all cess to Government, situate at Fergusson Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 471 1/3 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 240, New No. 1/12225 and New Survey No. 1B/3133 and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Waman Sadashiv, on or towards the West by the property of Sakabai widow of Rawji Bhandari, on or towards the North by the Damodar Lakhmidas Mills Co., Ltd., and on or towards the South by the said Fergusson Road and which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G Ward No. 1104 (2C), and Street No. 108 AAAA.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1920.
KHANDWALLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1655

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai DAULATBAI, widow and administratrix of the property and Credits of the late Ardeshir Merwan Irani, of Bombay Irani Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Mr. DINSHA TIRANDAZ IRANI. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of mortgage, sale, inheritance, gift, lease, lien, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office No. 95, Ash Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same if, any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras freehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement and premises standing thereon situate, lying and being at Dadar, without the Fort in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 279 5/9 square yards or thereabouts which land together with other piece of land bears Collector's Old Nos. 477, 524, 478, 527 12, 476, 573 and 574, Nos. A/13329, B/11881, A/13323 New Survey Nos. A/2012, 1A/2011, 1CA/2017, and is bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the North and East by the Property now or lately of Edalji Sorabji Ghamat, on or towards the South by the property of Patil Bhaichand Vijibhukandas and on or towards the West by Dadar Road aforesaid which said premises are assessed by the assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F. Ward No. 819 (3) Street No. 179B.

Dated this 9th day of June, 1920.
SHAMRAO MINOCHEHER & HIRALAL.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1545

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TREASURER of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Bombay, has agreed to sell to our client the property hereinafter mentioned.

All persons having any claim or demand against the said property by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, within 7 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of Foras land containing by admeasurement 2,976 square yards or thereabouts and Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collectors Old No. 172, Collectors New No. 13067, Old Survey No. 298, New Survey Nos. 1/3550, 2/3550, 4D/3550, 3H/3550, 3I/3550, together with the messuage tenements and buildings standing thereon known by the name of "Jubilee Buildings" and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward E Nos. 3903, 3904, 3907 and Street Nos. 9091, 93, 94, Sankli Street all the which premises are situate at and on the South side of Sankli Street aforesaid at Byculla in the Registration District of Bombay and are bounded on the East by the properties of Pallonji Pestonji Hormusji, Rustomji Hormusji Jal and the Jesus and Mary Convent School, on the West by the property of Mooljı Jetha, on the North by Sankli Street aforesaid and on the South by the premises hereinafter described under No. 15 and which premises are in the occupation of tenants of the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1920.
WADIA GHANDY & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers.
123, Esplanade Road, Fort,
Bombay, 11th June, 1920. 1591

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAMCHANDRA BHASKER MANTRI and CHUNILAL GULABCHAND MARWADI have contracted to sell the under mentioned property (which was contracted to be purchased by them from Moreshwar Vinayekrao Bhaskerji and Vishwanath Moreshwar) to our clients Messrs. SURAJMAL LALLOOBHAI & Co., diamond merchants.

Any person or persons having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office situate at Bell Lane, Cama Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the same will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

All those pieces or parcels of Khote land or ground, situate at Malad in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, District Thana the aggregate area whereof is about ten thousand square yards, the first of the plots known Karjota bears No. 33, Dhepli Bhat O/16¼, assessment whereof is Re. 13-5-4 and which plot is bounded on the East by land belonging to Premji Haji, on the West by land belonging to Sadashiv Piraji, on the South by land belonging to Degoo Antone and on the North by land belonging to Philip Andrew, the second plot known Bhat bears No. 95 Dhep 1.13.6 Bhat 0/1/3⅓ assessment whereof is Re. 0.15-2 and bounded on the East by land belonging to Premji Haji, on the West by land belonging to Sadashiv Hiraji, on the South by land belonging to Degoo Anton and on the North by land of Philip Andrew, the third plot known Damkhandi bears No. 39 Dhep 0/7½/1¼, Bhat 0/5/1 assessment whereof is Re. 4-2.3 and bounded on the East by land belonging to Juggonnath Madhav, on the West by land belonging to Bhasker Juggonnath, on the South by land belonging to Purshotam Raghunath and on the North by land belonging to Kasi Shimgya, the fourth plot known Harjupe bears No. 47, Dhep 0/19/1¼, Bhat 0/12½/4½, assessment whereof is Re. 10-2.9 and bounded on the East by land belonging to Howji Kalya, on the West and North by land belonging to Vinayekrao Bhasker, and on the South by vacant land belonging to Malak (owner) the fifth plot known Utav bears No. 48, Dhep 0/2/0 Bhat 0/1⅓ assessment whereof is Rs. 1.1-1 and bounded on the East by land of the owner (of the village) on the West by land belonging to Parsharam Vishwanath, on the North by land belonging to Bhasker Juggonath, and on the South by land belonging to Gawria Jiwan and the sixth plot known Darset bears No. 63 Dhep 0/12 Bhat 0/8 assessment Rs. 6.6-6 and bounded, on the East, West, South and North by land belonging to the owner (of the village) and the whole area of all the said six plots is bounded as follows, i.e., on or towards the East by land of Bendiya Mugya and of the owner of the village, on or towards the West by land of Hiralal Bhogilal, on or towards the North by land of Sunder Pandurang and Shamrao Pandurang and Ganpatrao Bhasker Wagle and on or towards the South by land of Keroba Raoji.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1920.
JEHANGIR, MEHTA & SOMJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1649

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that RAMCHANDRA RAVJI YEOLEKOR, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground, with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, and the privy, appurtenant to the said building and the right of way thereto along the passage leading thereto, situate at Damer Lane, Gamdevi, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 95 square yards or thereabouts, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 7979 and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2754 and Street No. 8, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by the property of Dhanjibhai Kikabhai, on or towards the West by the property of the purchaser, on or towards the North by the vacant land of Dadoba Jagannath Religious Trust Fund and on or towards the South by the property of Mahadeo Ratan Kine, and which said premises were formerly and are now occupied by the tenants of the Vendor.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1920.
HIRALAL THAKORDAS & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
1643

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GOOLAM MOHIDIN KHAN HASANALLI KHAN and MAZARKHAN HASANALLI KHAN, both of Bombay, Mahomedan Inhabitants, have contracted for the absolute sale to our clients of the undermentioned property. All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust, possession, gift, sale, mortgage, charge, lien, lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land of the Mahim Pension and Tax Tenure, containing by admeasurement 480 square yards or thereabouts, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 164, Collector's New No. H/3782, Old Survey No. 17 and New Survey No. 1H/52, together with the structure, if any, standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under G Ward No. 5347 (9) and Street No. 202 H, all which premises are situate at Customs Road, Mahim, near Caddell Road, in the City and Registration District of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the East by the property of Sakhi Esmail, on or towards the West by Public Road called Durgha Street, on or towards the North by the property of Haji Tar Mahomed Haji Jan Mahomed and on or towards the South by the property of Memon Tar Mahomed Jan Mahomed.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1920.
ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & Co.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
1610

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai TEHMINA, wife of Pallonji Sorabji Joshi, of Bombay, Parsi inhabitant has contracted to sell the under mentioned property to our client.

All persons having or claiming any estate, right, title, interest, claim, or demand in to upon or in respect of the said property or any portion thereof by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the Collector of Land Revenue at Bombay the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes and to the undersigned at their office No. 11, Hummum Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard or reference to such claim or claims, if any, and the same will be considered to have been waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate, lying and being on the Westside of Cumballa Road, in the Island of Bombay containing by admeasurement 400 square yards only and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 328, New No. A3/2132, Old Survey No. 67 New Survey No. 6C/7128 and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under D Ward No. 3404 (1F.F.) and street No. 103-A, and bounded as follows:—That is to say on or towards the East by the Cumballa Road on or towards the West and North by the property of Sorabji F. Kalianiwala on or towards the South by the property of the vendor.

Dated this 10th day of June, 1920.
PURNANAND & CLUBWALLA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of THAKERSEY PRANJIWANDAS PAREKH, a Merchant, late of Wadhwan Camp, Hindu Inhabitant ... Deceased.

Bai MATHURI, widow of Thakersi Pranjiwandas Parekh, the deceased abovenamed of Wadhwan Camp, now temporarily residing at Princess Street, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-fifth day of May in the year of Our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty, and in the eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
For Registrar.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL
The 25th day of May 1920.
Messrs. DUBASH & Co.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
1590

LEGAL NOTICES.

SALE OF COTTON AND SILK MILLS.

KNOWN AS RAJA BAHADUR MOTILAL POONA MILLS, POONA.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 688 of 1917.

BANSILAL MOTILAL ..... Plaintiff.
V/S
GOVINDLAL BANSILAL and others ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Order made in the above Suit and bearing date the 1st day September 1919, the following immoveable and immoveable properties will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court AT THE PREMISES AT POONA on SUNDAY, the 20TH DAY OF JUNE, 1920, at the hour of HALF PAST FOUR O'CLOCK in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY.—All those pieces or parcels of land admeasuring about twenty-three acres or thereabouts, situate at Poona in the District and Collectorate of Poona in the Registration Sub-District of Haveli and which have been numbered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 17 part, No. 18 part and No. 19 and which lands have been assessed by the Municipal Assessor under No. 217 and are bounded on the North by the River Mula, on the South by a Public Road, on the West by fields and on the East also by fields, with all buildings standing thereon.

SECONDLY.—All and singular the engines, boilers, machinery and accessories as per particulars given in the conditions of Sale.

Thirdly.—(a) Piece of land situate at Mali Munjere in Tukdi and Pot Tukdi Poona, Taluka Haveli admeasuring 1 Acre and 24.25 Gunthas being a portion of Survey No. 17 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by land and buildings belonging to Shivlal Motilal, on the South by land and buildings belonging to Shivlal Motilal, on the West by land belonging to the Narsingirji Mills and on the North by land belonging to Shivlal Motilal.

(b) Piece of land situate at Mali Munjere in Tukdi and Pot Tukdi Poona, Taluka Haveli admeasuring 2.75 Gunthas being a portion of Survey No. 18 and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the East by land belonging to Shivlal Motilal, on the South by land buildings belonging to Shivlal Motilal, the West by the land above described and the North by land belonging to Shivlal Motilal.

Both the abovementioned pieces of land subject to the Lease, dated the 18th April 1915, and made between the Poona Cotton and Silk Manufacturing Company, Limited, and the Poona Swadeshi Weaving Company, Limited, for the term of 25 years at the yearly rent of Rs. 60.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the office of the Commissioner or at the office of Messrs Merwanji Kola and Company, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 14K, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1920.
(Sd.) H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.
905

APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE OF GOVERNMENT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of Section 26 of the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 Application has been made to the Government of Bombay for a Linconse directing an Association formed under the name of "The Willingdon Soldiers Club" to be registered with limited liability without the addition of the word "LIMITED" to its name.

The objects for which the Association is established are:—

To acquire and take over as a going concern the Club now carried on at Poona under the name of the Willingdon Soldiers Club and all the assets and liabilities of the said Club.

To provide a Club for British Troops at Poona or elsewhere in India and to provide Club houses pavilions, etc., and other conveniences in connection therewith and to furnish and maintain the same and to permit the same and the property of the Club to be used by British Troops either gratuitously or for payment and also by their guests.

To take over the effects and liabilities of the present unincorporated Club known as the Willingdon Soldiers Club.

To provide all kinds of goods required or conveniently used in connection with a Soldiers Club.

To supply provisions and refreshments required by the members of the Club or their guests.

To acquire lands buildings and other property.

To hire Secretaries, Clerks, Managers and other servants.

To promote and support Social and athletic meetings.

To establish or promote and subscribe to Associations having similar objects.

To invest the monies of the Company.

To borrow money upon the Secretaries of the Company.

To do all such other lawful acts as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects and to the Moral and physical welfare of British Troops in India.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any person Company or Corporation objecting to this application may bring such objection before the Government of Bombay, on or before the 24th day of July, 1920, by a letter addressed to the Under-Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, Secretariat, Bombay.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1920.
LITTLE & CO.,
Solicitors to the proposed Company.
1625

SALES BY AUCTION

BENNETT & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF WASTES.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, in the compound of the Edward Sassoon Mills Ltd., Ferguson Road, Parel, by order of Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co. Agents, the E. D. Sassoon United Mills, Ltd., and on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. P. S. Unwalla.

Dropping No. 2 about 21,200 lbs.
Oily Cotton No. 2, about 2,300 lbs.

On the same day at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the compound of the Meyer Sassoon Mills Ltd., Ferguson Road, Parel, on account and risk of the defaulting purchaser Mr. P. S. Unwalla:—

Dropping No. 2, about 2,800 lbs.
Dropping No. 3, about 4,850 lbs.
Oily Cotton No. 2, about 500 lbs.
Sutter fly, about 280 lbs.
Flat strippings No. 4, about 2,380 lbs.
Picking Bondas about 5,850 lbs.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.,
Bombay, 12th June, 1920.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

Total Rain fall up to 8 a. m. of 10th June.

Stations.	24 hours to 8 a. m. of 1920.	Total since 1st June, 1920.	June 1st to 11th June. 1918.	1919.
	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.	In. Ct.
Colaba (Observatory)	3 79	6 39	2-33	14-36
Fort (St. George's Hospital) ..	4 04	6 64	2-42	15-07
Parel (Gok Tej Hospital) ..	4 03	7 07	2-12	15-49
Byculla (J. J. Hospital)	3 77	7 15	2-04	16-89
Grant & Co. (Cumballa Hill) ..				

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 10th June 1920.

Means of observations taken at 4 a.m. 10 a.m. 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr.	29.582 Inches
Temperature of Air	79.2 Deg.
Dew Point Thermometer	77.2 "
Dew Point	76.2 "
Relative humidity of Air	0.878 "
Remarks—Cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy	
Rain	10.0 "
Temperature of Air	82.8 "
Do. do.	76.9 "
General Directions of Wind from midnight to midnight	SE
Resultant of Wind	6.24 Miles.
Rainfall Daily	5.51 Inches
Rainfall during month	6.89 "
Do. the year	7.21 "
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m. of 11th	0.52 "

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 11th June, 1920, giving them for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—The sky is clear in the extreme north and is lightly to moderately cloudied elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the extreme north and at Lahore and Ambala. Day temperature is above normal at Sibsagar and Ambala; night temperature is below the average at Lahore and Ambala.

The United Provinces.—The sky is heavily clouded in the north and lightly to moderately clouded in the south of the reporting area. Humidity is in defect in the north. Day temperature is above the average at Cawnpore, Mainpuri and Allahabad; night temperature is below normal at Jhansi but above normal at Cawnpore.

Sind and Rajputana.—Jacobabad has had a fall of 1.90" of rain, and Kotah and Ajmer reports 0.21" and 0.10" respectively. The sky is clear or lightly clouded in Sind and moderately to heavily clouded in Rajputana. Humidity is in defect at Karachi and is in excess in upper Sind and Rajputana. Temperature is above normal at Karchi. It has fallen and is below the average in Rajputana and by day and night; night temperature is considerably below the average in upper Sind.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Kathiawar and local in south Gujarat. Surat has had 0.09", Bhavnagar Para 1.98" and Rajkot 0.28". The sky is clear or lightly clouded in Central India West and heavily clouded in Gujarat and Kathiawar. Humidity is in defect in Central India West and in excess in Kathiawar. Temperature has fallen but day temperature is below normal except at Indore; night temperature is also below the average in south Gujarat and in east Kathiawar. No information is received from Dwarka and Veraval.

The Central Provinces.—Saugor reports 0.04" of rain. The sky is lightly to moderately clouded. The air is drier than usual except at Saugor where humidity is normal. Day temperature is above the average; night temperature is below normal at Saugor but above in the southern half of the division.

The Deccan.—Rain has fallen generally and was heavy in the north Konkan; Bombay has had 3.79" and Ratnagiri 4.09" while Mormugao and Kathiawar repost comparatively light falls. The sky is moderately to heavily cloud and. Humidity is nearly normal. Temperature is slightly below the average at Bombay both by day and night.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum has had 1.21" of rain and Poona reports a fall of 0.10". The sky is lightly clouded in west Hyderabad and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess at Kolhapur and Poona and in defect in Hyderabad. Day temperature is above the average for west Hyderabad and nearly normal elsewhere; night temperature is about normal throughout the division.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast and in Kathiawar and local in south Gujarat, in the Bombay and Madras Deccan, and in Rajputana and upper Sind. A few falls have occurred in the north of the Central provinces the falls have been in the north Konkan where Bombay and Ratnagiri report 3.79" and 4.09" respectively; Bhavnagar Para reports a fall of 1.98". The storm which caused very unsettled weather on the Kathiawar coast appears to have crossed the coast and is central near Rajkot this morning. No information is received from Dwarka and Veraval and the intensity of the storm is therefore probably greatest about that area. It is likely to move further inland in a northerly direction. Seas are rough between Mormugao and Karachi.

Rainfall is likely to be general on the west coast and in Gujarat and Kathiawar, and local in Rajputana and the Bombay Deccan. A few falls may occur in the Punjab and the United Provinces.

India Telegraphic Summary for the 10th June 1920.

The path of the storm in the Arabian sea has curved and it is nearing the Kathiawar coast which it will cross to-night near Veraval. It is probably severe and will break up inland to-morrow. The western disturbance has given a few falls in the North-west Frontier Province and Kashmir. There has also been nearly general rain in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, the Konkan and Malabar and local rain in Assam, Bihar and Central India. A few falls have also occurred in Upper Burma, Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, east of Rajputana, Gujarat, the Central Provinces, the Bombay Deccan and Mysore.

Chief amounts not already shown in the Bombay Report are:—Port Blair, Tavoy two inches; Akyab, Cherrapnji one and a half; Dhubri, Mymensingh, Bogra one and a half; Jalpaiguri four; Darbhanga one; Parachinar three-quarters; Udaipur a quarter.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and height of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the coming week. Hour stated in Bombay Mean time. Depth of water is at Prince's Dock:—

Day of Week	Day of Month	HIGH WATER Bombay mean Time	Depth on Sill	LOW WATER Bombay mean Time	Depth on Sill
	June	h. m.	ft. in.	h. m.	ft. in.
Fri	11	m 6 40	25 10	11 m 6 12	6 0
		1 10a	28 0	7 54	19 3
Sat.	12	m 7 17	28 1	12 m 0 54	18 3
		7 0a	25 9	1 12a	20 6
Sun.	13	m 8 31	26 2	13 m 1 50	16 4
		8 5a	26 1	2 34a	20 1
Mon.	14	m 9 28	13 7	14 m 2 43	9 10
		9 8a	12 9	3 23a	5 9
Tues	15	m 10 24	28 8	15 m 3 30	14 11
		10 7a	27 8	4 24a	18 0
Wed.	16	m 11 18	29 9	16 m 5 19	18 6
		11 2a	29 9	5 12a	18 6
Thu.	17	m 0 6a	30 5	17 m 6 4a	18 5
		11 55a	29 1	6 4a	17 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the coming week:—

June	Sunrise.	Sunset.
" 10 (Thursday)	6h. 5m.	7h. 5m.
" 11 (Friday)	6h. 10m.	7h. 5m.
" 12 (Saturday)	6h. 9m.	7h. 5m.
" 13 (Sunday)	6h. 8m.	7h. 5m.
" 14 (Monday)	6h. 8m.	7h. 5m.
" 15 (Tuesday)	6h. 7m.	7h. 4m.
" 16 (Wednesday)	6h. 6m.	7h. 4m.

Phases of the Moon:—

Full Moon	1920 April	8d. 6h.	24-7m. p.m.
Last Quarter	"	11d. 6h.	24-9m. p.m.
New Moon	"	15d. 5h.	13-12m. a.m.
First Quarter	"	22d. 6h.	57-5m. p.m.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometer:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer in the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 deg. F. and to the level of the tide at 8.45 a.m., Standard Time, on the 11th June, 1920 was 29.652 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by 0.13 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 32 deg. F. In case of the aneroid the temperature correction is applied both for temperatures at 32 deg. F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .020 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer for index error or to obtain the true height of the barometer above the tide in the Prince's Dock, Standard Time, the ship's barometer readings should be increased by 0.10 inch for every 10 feet of the height it is usually fitted above.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

Friday 11th June 1920.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

S Dupuy	— China	N F	—M M & Co
C/E Olympia	— Liverpool	12-6	—Graham & Co
C/E Kenarvon	— Red Sea	10-6	—T & Co
P Sham Maru	.. Kobe	25-6	—O. S. K. Kaisha
H Sakaki Maru	— N F	N F	—N Y Kaisha
M Reyna	— N F	N F	—M M & Co
Offside			
Syria	— N F	N F	—M M & Co
N Rheinfels	— Hull	5-6	—Graham & Co
P Cary of Canton	— N F	N F	—Graham & Co
Q Diwera	— Shanghai	N F	—M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Naderi	— Aden	16-6	—T M & Co
2 Pensekota	— Beirut	12-6	—M M & Co
3 Bahrein	— P Gulf	11-6	—T M & Co
4 Hind	— Bahrein	18 6	—Campbell & Co.
5 Tenshin Maru	— Kobe	18-6	—N Y Kaisha
6 Tartar Prince	— Antwerp	15-6	—T M & Co
7 Morocco	— New York	N F	—J F & Co.
8 Circassia	— Liverpool	15-6	—W O & O & Co
9 Upasna	— N F	N F	—M M & Co
10 Parpeta	— N F	N F	—M M & Co
11 Aberdeen	— Boston	N F	—I P S N Co

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Clan Robertson	N F	N F	—J F & Co
2 Negoya	— Calcutta	15-6	—M M & Co
3 A T Vienna	— N F	N F	—M M & Co
4 Moravia	— London	24-6	—M M & Co
5 Elchi	— London	12 6	—T M & Co
6 Swanopmund	— N F	N F	—M M & Co.
7 Princes	— Hull	12 6	—J Frazly & Co
8 Mesopotamia	— Calcutta	21-6	—J F & Co
9 Brunfels	— Hull	12-6	—Graham & Co
10 Ferrara	— Aden	14-6	—T Wallace & Co
12 City of Exeter	— Liverpool	17-6	—K N & Co
3 Lazo	—Zanzibar	17-6	—M M & Co

CHEMICALS.

(From our Correspondent.)

June 11.

Among sizing starches, Farina R continues firm with the usual dullness. Sago varies between Rs. 13 and 14. Maize starch is almost steady.

Among Heavy Chemicals, Sodium continues with the same robust demand and high prices are reported in our previous columns. Zinc chloride is good in demand and more so, owing to the monsoon. Bleaching has not yet materially gone down. Bichromate of Soda and Potash have not yet eased in values.

Australian Mutton Tallow is now available in the market and the quotations are nearly £110 per ton C I F Bombay. The consumption of country mutton tallow has been greatly reduced now.

The quotations are as follows:—Sodium S Rs 100; Zinc Chloride Rs. 30/40; Farina Rs. 14/15; Sago Rs. 12/13; Bleaching Powder Rs. 40/50; Glauber Salt, Rs. 4/8/0; Washing Soda Rs. 6; Turkey-red-oil Rs. 30; Cylinder oil (X) Rs. 2/8/0; Cylinder (A) Rs. 2/6/0; Goopy Spindle oil Rs. 2/2/0; 885 spindle oil Rs. 2.

WONDERFUL SPECIFIC FOR

DIABETES

RADICAL AND SURE CURE

Six months Diabetic patients suffering from any long standing period and given up as Incurable and Indian Physicians, are radically cured of their diseases, is distributed

GRATIS

Diabetic patients in Benares only.

Outdoor Patients have to pay Rs. 10 for the whole course of one month's use. Full amount is to be refunded if radical cure is not effected.

The specific is to be taken for 1 to 3 months according to constitution.

Ingredients are VEGETABLES and HERBS only and free from opium or any poisonous substance or hot effect.

It is guaranteed that no relapse of Diabetes appears after recovery till the end of their lives, whether they stop in Benares after 6 to 10 weeks or they take the specific in their home.

Improvement appears on the very first day of commencing the specific.

Testimonials are sent free.

Address:—

S. P. RAY & S. P. RAY BROS.,

Medical Hall No. 5, Benares City, U. P., India.

(3)

"REDTOP" ELECTRIC STOVE

SOLE AGENTS —

Cheaps Economical & Safe Cooker.

Rs. 15 Circular sent
Rs. 17 on request

M. H. DINSHAW & Co.

Green Street, Fort Near Bombay Bank BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATION.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

Liverpool, June 9th.

	Bales
Total Days' Sales at Liverpool	
" " Sales on Spec. & for Exp.	5,000
" " Sales of East Indian	
" " Imports Colonies	500
Mid. American Spot	28.91
Egyptian F. G. F. Sakels	73.63
New York 11 a.m. (As known is in Liverpool at closing time)	38.38
	July 35.46
	Oct. 23.80
New Orleans 8 a.m.	Jan. 38.22
	July 35.30
	Oct.

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, June 8th.

Months.	To-day's prices.
May	35.47
June	35.16
July	34.73
Aug.	34.38
Sept.	33.93
Oct.	33.38
Nov.	32.86
Dec.	32.37
Jan.	22.34
Feb.	32.02
Mar.	31.76
April.	31.51

Tone:—Quiet.

Manchester Market.—Dis ppointing.

Liverpool, June 9th.

Months	To-day's price
July.	35.15
Oct.	33.93
Jan	32.67
March	32.02

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, June 8th.

F.G. Bengal Good	—	—	—	11.80
" " Fully Good	—	—	—	11.75
" " Fine	—	—	—	12.25
No. 1 Oomra Good	—	—	—	17.80
" " Fully Good	—	—	—	18.00
" " Fine	—	—	—	18.50
Broach Good	—	—	—	29.35
" Fully Good	—	—	—	29.85
" Fine	—	—	—	31.35
Ashcla Good	—	—	—	10.85
" " Fully Good	—	—	—	11.67
" " Fine	—	—	—	12.07

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, June 10th.

Futures at New York July	—	38.89
" " Oct.	—	35.42
" " Jan.	—	33.72

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, June 7th.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Months	To-day's prices
June	—
July	35.37
Aug.	34.88
Sept.	—
Oct.	33.37
Nov.	—
Dec.	32.62
Jan.	—
Feb.	31.85
March	—
April.	31.43
May	—

BOMBAY MARKETS.

COTTON.

(From our Correspondent.)

June 11.

Fluctuations have occurred in the Home markets. Early in the week there was an advance in New York to 38.60 for July and 36.30 for October, and in Liverpool to 25.48 for July and 23.91 for January. The latest quotations to hand are the close of 9th instant. New York then being 38.49 for July and 35.57 for October, and Liverpool 25.15 for July and 22.67 for January. Fluctuations were due chiefly to weather reports from America. At present, and for some time to come the weather will be the most important factor in the Home markets. The American crop is from three weeks to a month late. As the crop matures fluctuations will be wider according as the weather is favourable or unfavourable, and many good opportunities of selling and buying will occur. The immediate future is uncertain, but any sharp rise or fall would present one of these opportunities.

In the local market fluctuations have also occurred. On Saturday last he market was closed and on Monday the highest and lowest for Fully Good Broach July/August were Rs. 444 and Rs. 439 1/2. On Tuesday the range was from Rs. 438 1/2 to Rs. 432 1/2, and on Wednesday from Rs. 440 to Rs. 434 1/2. Yesterday the market opened at Colaba at 5-15 p.m. at Rs. 446 and closed at Rs. 450. Today the Marwari bazaar opened at Rs. 449 touched Rs. 445 and at 1-30 p.m. was Rs. 453. Closing quotations are given below.

There has again been a tendency towards a further improvement after a decline, and sentiment is gradually changing to the bull side. Japanese houses have shown more interest in the market and were reported as buyers yesterday. We may still see fluctuations, but we anticipate a gradual advance in Broach as the settlement date draws nearer. Fine Oomra for July has ruled quiet, and Fully Good Bengal for July is slightly steadier, but does not advance in proportion to Broach.

Ready cotton has been quiet so far as Oomras and Bengals styles are concerned, but there is a continued demand for stapled sorts which are scarce. Arrivals of new crop Westerns are generally of poor staple. Inferior Broach is a drug in the market.

A storm from the Arabian Sea has given heavy rain on the west coast during the past week. Inland the falls have been light but some rain is reported in Kathiawar and Guzerat.

QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

				Rs.
Fully Good Broach	—	—	July-Aug	441½
Fully Good Bengal	—	—	July	233
Fine Oomras	—	—	July	286
Southerns	—	—	June	48
"	—	—	July-Aug.	47

COTTON CONTRACTS BOARD.

SETTLEMENT RATES 11th JUNE 1920.

		Rs.
Fully Good M.G. Bengal	July	235
Fully Good M.G. Broach	July-Aug	461
Good M.G. Southerns	May-June	38

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Descriptions.	Superfine.	Fine.	F.G.	Good.	Delivery.
M.G. Bengal	—	265	245	228	Money
M.G. Sind Punjab	—	265	245	225	—
M.G. Oomras No. 2.	340	310	290	—	—
Central P. No. 1	410	385	325	—	—
M.G. Central No. 2.	386	360	310	—	—
M.G. Broach	—	512	482	477	—
M. G. F. American	—	—	—	—	—
Say G. Dharwar	—	—	—	—	—
M.G. Dholleras	—	—	—	—	—
M.G. Southerns	—	—	—	—	—
M.G. Oomra No. 4.	—	—	—	—	—

RECEIPTS OF COTTON.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay compared with the corresponding periods in the previous season:—

Growths:	For week ending 10th June 1920.	Total to date since September 1st. 1919/20.	1918/19.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandesh	4 646	247 477	177 653
Central India	3 648	161 578	138 944
Barsee and Nagger ..	2 680	104 777	86 915
Hyderabad Gaorani ..	1 806	127 526	89 875
Berar	10 688	585 585	381 092
Central Provinces ..	4 047	254 160	182 252
Total Oomras ..	26 911	1 695 152	1 055 724
Dholleras	9 737	223 918	46 709
Broach	6 608	220 763	193 643
Compta ans Dharwar ..	10 184	116 495	37 497
Western-Northerns' ..	5 699	99 824	60 709
Bengals { N.W. Provinces	529	181 443	71 716
{ Rajputana ..	160	47 287	34 492
Sind-Punjab	9 266	364 103	390 759
Canada	315	5 187	7 340
Persian	Nil	2 403	2 288
Tinnevelly & Cambodia ..	982	25 907	50 185
American	Nil	Nil	1 265
Egyptian	Nil	Nil	127
Other sorts	85	13 408	10 176
Total' ..	61 789	3 622 951	2 021 517

MONEY AND SHARE MARKET.

BOMBAY, June 11.

BULLION.

Bar Gold has been steady during this week with good demand for ready.

Bar Gold Ready Rs. 21-14-0.

EXCHANGE.

The market was weak right throughout and banks were very reluctant sellers except against covers. It is reported that business was done under 2s.

T T on London 2

D D on London 2/0 1/8.

Credit 3 Msd/a 2/0¾

D D on Paris Frcs 480.

Credit 3 Msd/a Frcs 555.

T T on Japan Rs. 135.

60 D/st Japan Rs. 120

American Cross Rate $ 3.92

Paris Cross Rate Frcs 51.20.

London Silver spot D 48-3/8.

London Silver forward D 48½

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent War Loan 88.

5½ per cent War Bonds due 1920-22 98/8

4 per cent Conversion Loan 81.

4 per cent Terminable Loan 92.

3½ per cent Paper 59.

4 per cent Port Trust long dated 67.

4 per cent Port Trust short dated 64/8.

4 per cent Municipal long dated 65.

4 per cent Municipal short dated 90.

4 per cent City Improvement Trust long dated 65.

5 per cent Municipal Tansa 80.

5 per cent Municipal Sanitary 91/8 to 92/8.

BANK RATES.

Bank of Bombay 7 per cent.

Bank of Bengal 6 per cent.

Bank of Madras 8 per cent.

SHARES.

The market was characterised by a further fall in the prices with a weak undertone, chiefly on account of heavy fall in the price of Silver and the anticipated fears in the bazar of a further decline in the yarns in China. The Cloth Market is reported to be better but we do not think there is sufficient strength in the local share market; for a substantial rise in the near future.

Ahd Advance 2350 x d, By Cotton 1245, By Dyeing 3380, Century 1100, Cent India 4675, Colaba Land 2810, Crescent 630, Currimbhoy 1105, David 1365, Fazulbhoy 1665, Finlay 1200, Ind Bleaching 230, Ind Malwa 560, Kastoorchand 2250, Kohinoor 3605, New Great 910, Pearls 1215, Phoenix 1000, Shapurji 345, Simplex 785, Swan 1175, Swadeshi 4650, Alcock 935, By Burma 805, By Burma N I 305 pr, Bt Burma Petrol 21/8, By Tramway 1062/8, By Steam 460, Bundi Cement 48, Ind Cement 505 x d, Shivrajpur 30, Tata Ord 175, Tata Defd 1030, Tata Hydro 1190, Tata Oil 400, Scindia Steam 8/8 pr, New India Ins 23 pr, Tata Bank 50.

SILVER.

The Silver Market is now open for regular business and a fair amount of business was put through during the week under review. There was a drop of 9d. per ounce in London but towards the close the market has recovered somewhat and advanced about 2½d.

FINANCE.

Money continues easy and the banks are taking short deposits between 5 per cent and 5½ per cent.

PIECE-GOODS.

No improvement has been noticeable in the Cloth Market during the past week, and rupee rates of most of the standard cloths have remained nominally steady. There has been an absence of demand, wholesale as well as retail, but a few small lots have changed hands amongst the merchants in the bazaar. The progress of the monsoon has been keenly watched and if it turns out favourable, a fair enquiry will be experienced, and as the sister markets of Karachi and Calcutta are reported to be firm, there is no need for anxiety here. The movement of goods has been checked owing to the rainy weather. Fresh goods have been pouring in rather freely, but on account of the unfavourable rate of exchange, the cost is about ten per cent higher than the rates current here. When the rate of exchange would not remain on such a high level 10d., many dealers as well as some importing firms were expecting to see it touch 3 shillings, and a large business was placed, taking into calculation the advantage of the favourable rate of exchange. A warning was then given in these columns, that the rate of exchange would not remain on such a high level when the goods would arrive, also pointing to the risk involved in such transactions. Now the merchants seem to realise that their business was of a speculative nature, and have to bear the loss quietly.

The Manchester Market has been easier, but the quotations have not come down to such a level as to enable fresh business to go through. Some makers have been in need of orders and have quoted low rates, but without resulting in business. There are other manufacturers who are still indifferent owing to their engagements, and are also behind time with their contracts. For the last three months very little forward business has been booked and some merchants believe that in the near future an improvement in the market will set in, as stocks of well-known cloths will be scarce.

GREYS.

In Manchester Grey Shirtings there has not been much change and the demand has been moderate. Drills, Jaconets and Mulls have remained steady. Dhooties have not attracted the attention of buyers.

There has been a fair improvement in local Mill cloths, which have advanced a shade by two annas per lb. Dealers, in face of the decline in cotton and believing that they will be able to replace the goods at cheaper rates with the Mills, had been rather hasty in disposing off their goods at lower rates, but to their surprise they found that the Mills were quoting firm rates, and they therefore put up the prices for the stocks held by them. The strength of this market might reflect on other styles.

WHITES.

A steady tone has prevailed in White Goods. 48 inches by 20 yards Blue Heading Mulls which were bought from Karachi have been sold in the bazaar in small lots. There has been some inquiry for 64 inches Mulls. 58 inches by 20 yards Red End Mulls have been in demand at full rates. 27 inches Green End Mulls have been easier. Nainsooks have remained steady and White Shirtings have been slightly firmer.

The Cloth Markets will be closed on the 16th, 17th, 27th and 30th instant on account of holidays.

The quotations for the leading shops of Greys and Whites are as under:—

	Insi	Yds	Rs. as. p
GREY SHIRTINGS—			
Ralli's Fari No. 2000	39 × 37½/8	17	0 0
" 100000	45 × "	20	8 0
" No 33000	45 × "	17	8 0
" 2800	37 × "	14	8 0
Graham's No. 2730	39 × "	16	8 0
" "Yellow Horse"	43 × 39		
" No. 2310	44 × 38½		
Dewhurste' "B B"	38 × "	27	8 0
" "BB"	38 × "	22	8 0
" "Rupee No 5	39 × "	21	8 0
Bates' No. 12838'	41 × 37½/8	35	0 0
Bombay Co's No. 2580	44 × 38½	17	8 0
" No. 1500	39 × 37½/8	16	12 0
" No. 5800	38 × 37½/8	14	8 0
Ritchie's No. 510	39 × 37½/8	16	8 0
" " 4462	41 × "	17	0 0
" " 1566	33 × 37/37½	10	0 0
Forbes " 551	38 × 37½/8		
Lyon's "Shanker"	38 × "	16	0 0
Fleming's No. 1905	48 × 36	22	8 0
GREY DRILLS—			
Pepperell "Dragon"	29 × 40	33	0 0
Ralli's Masjid No. 425	29 × 40	21	8 0
Mowl's "Elephant"	29 × 40	28	0 0
GREY JACONETS—			
Ralli's No 18	45 × 22	10	14 0
" " 138	40 × 22	8	14 0
" " 138	40 × 22	8	14 0
" " 636	44 × 22	9	14 0
GREY MULLS—			
Ralli's No. 1030	30 × 18		
WHITE SHIRTINGS—			
Liepmann's No. 1500	32 × 42	33	8 0
H.B.T.C. 40,000	36 × 40	40	0 0
H.B.T.C. 33,000	" "	38	0 0
Lyon's C. 4000	" "		
Ralli's No. 9889	33 × 40		
Forbes' K.B. 100	35 × 40		
" " 151	33 × 40		
Fleming's No. 7182	30 × 36	10	2 0
WHITE MULLS—			
Ralli's No. 6	41 × 18	10	0 0
" No. 60	41 × 18	11	0 0
" No 600	61 × 18	12	0 0

Lowest quotations for
Bi Sulphite of SODA
B. " " SODA
Phosphate of SODA
NIGROSENE XLS
Hematine XLS
Log Wood Ext.

Sulpher.
Acid
Basic
Direct
Ciba
Alizarine

AND OTHER

Dyes

MANUFACTURERS, DEALERS, & IMPORTERS

K. H. KABBUR & Co.

56, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

OF COLOURS AND CHEMICALS

Bleaching
Dyeing
Printing
Soap and other Industries

Chemicals FOR

other Office at

Manchester
London
Paris
Bareclona
Milan
Alexandria

COLOUR WORKS AT MANCHESTER.

Delhi
Madura
Madras
Calcutta
Cario.

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WHITE MULLS—			
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" No. 60	41 × 18	11	0 0
" No 600	61 × 18	12	0 0
" No. 6000	56 × 18	13	8 0
" No. 88	58 × 20	10	10 0
" No. 1270	27 × 18	5	8 0
" Nos. 50/55/60/40/45"	27 × 18		
" No. 818	39 × 20	11	0 0
" No 250 (6 lines)	54 × 20		
" No. 350 (6 lines)	" "	16	8 0
" No. 325 (6 lines)	60 × 20	17	8 0
" No. 425 (6 lines)	" "	18	8 0
" No. 1440	36 × 20	8	12 0
Ritchie's No. 1260	27 × 18	5	8 0
" No 119	37 × 18	7	8 0
" No 239	32 × 18	7	8 0
" No. 339	47 × 18	8	0 0
" M/MMM 39," 44," 49"	54 × 19	9	12 0
" No. 95	58 × 20	10	10 0
" No. 66999	40 × 18	8	0 0
" No. 86999	" "	8	8 0
" No. 775	40 × 18	7	12 0
" No. 875	46 × 18	8	4 0
" No. 975	50 × 18	8	12 0
" No. 615	54 × 20	9	4 0
Graham's "Baloon"	58 × 20	10	10 0
" Nos. 9/99/999/40/45"	50 × 18		
" No. 9999	55 × 18		
" No. 142	34 × 18	11	6 0
" No. 4420	36 × 20		
Macdonald's No. 64	58 × 20		

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

Steamer Kleist with the outward mails leaves at 1 p.m.
Cricket match: Spencer Cup team v. Bombay Gym.
Mr. Moses M. Joseph's lecture on "The Jew, his Origin and Destiny, at the Bombay Zionist Hall, 5-30 p.m.

SUNDAY, June 13.

Parsi Gymkhana, General Meeting, 10-30 a.m
Frawley Company's Farewell Performance at the Excelsior, "Fair and Warmer", 5-30 p.m.

MONDAY, June 14.

B.A. Examination Results, 0-45 p.m.
Municipal Corporation Meeting, 3-40 p.m.
Meeting of the Senate of the Bombay University, Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, 5-45 p.m.
The mail steamer Kashmir, with the outward mails of the 27th ultimo expected to arrive at 6 a.m.

TUESDAY, June 15.

Annual general meeting of the Indian Newspaper Co., Ld., 3-4, Medows Street, 6 p.m.
Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association Meeting Marwadi Bazaar at noon.
Standing Committee Meeting 3-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, June 17.

Zarthostno Diso; Bank Holiday.
FRIDAY, June 18.
Ramjan Idd: Bank Holiday.

RLY. MAIL TIMINGS.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departures of the principal mail and express trains at and from Victoria Terminus daily. Standard time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Bombay,	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Punjab Mail	17-0	13-0
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpore)...	13-15	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	8-0	13-36
Madras Mail	8-40	21-15
Poona Mail	11-30	14-45
Poona Express	19-40	7-55
Delhi and Lucknow Express.	9-0	21-30

B. B. and C. I. RAILWAY.

The following are the hours of arrivals and departure of the principal mail and express trains at and from Colaba station daily Standard time is given in all cases:— —

Bombay,	Arr. H.M.	Dep H.M.
Bombay-Pechawar Mail	12-0	17-0
Gujarat Mail	11.10	20.20*
Kathiawar Express	7-47	21-0
Fast Passenger	21-10	7-20

The nomenclature "Northern Express" is altered to "Bombay-Peshawar Mail."
*Note.—The Down Gujarat Mail does not stop at Grant Road.

LONDON NEW YORK CROSS RATE.

The London New York cross rate on the 10th instant was 392.

DIVINE SERVICE AT PRARTHANA MANDIR.

Mr. G. B. Trivedi will conduct "The Weekly Divine Service" in the local Prarthana Mandir, Girgaon, to-morrow at 8-30 a.m.

ISRAELITE BROTHERHOOD.

The Israelite Brotherhood Jewish History class will meet to-day at 8 p.m. (S. T.) in the Institution's premises and will be conducted by Miss E. Reuben. To-morrow there will be a Conversational Meeting at 4 p.m.

FATMABIBI ROGAY DISPENSARY.

During the month of May last the total number of patients treated in this Charitable Dispensary was 9,230 of which 3,676 were males, 2,696 were females, and 2,858 were children.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The total number of deaths in Bombay on Thursday was 97 as against 169 on the corresponding day last year and 89 in 1918. 9 attacks and 2 deaths from cholera were recorded on Thursday.

BAND AT ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.

By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. A. J. Welch and Officers, the Band of the King's Own Scottish Borderers will play the following programme of music at the Esplanade Band-tand to-day commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.).

THURSDAY-HALF WEATHER WORKING DAYS.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Thursday the 10th June, 1920 should be regarded as a Half Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's, Victoria and Alexandra Docks.

HOW TO AVOID DISEASES.

Under the auspices of the National Poor Relief Emergency Corps, a lecture on "Sanitation and How to Avoid Diseases?" will be delivered with the exhibition of magic lantern pictures, by Mr. S. H. Jhabwalla to-day a 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Vanita Vishram Hall, Sandhurst Road. Dr. Mrs. Hilla Banaji Batliwoi, will also address the meeting. Mrs. Tapibai Shivgirji Motiwala will preside.

UNIVERSITY STUDENT'S MEETING.

The University students' meeting under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Federation, which was announced to take place on Sunday the 13th instant is postponed to Tuesday the 15th instant, in view of the fact that many students have not yet returned to Bombay.
The meeting will be held in the Hall of the "Arya Bhuvan", Sandhurst Road, and will begin at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.).

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

The First Aid Class by Dr. D. B. Naik-Dandekar and Home Nursing Class by Dr. D. E. Hate will be conducted under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League on Saturdays at 5 p.m. from the 12th instant. Those who wish to attend them should register their names at Girgaum Gujarati Boys' School on that day between 4-30 and 5 p.m.

HOMEOPATHIC DISPENSARY.

In the course of the third year's report of the Homoeopathic Charitable Dispensary, Fort, Bombay, which has just been issued, it is stated that during the year under report 5,314 patients in all were treated of whom 2,288 were males, 2,131 females and the rest 895 were children as per statement marked A. The caste distribution of patients who attended the Dispensary during the year under report is as under:—

3,317 Parsis; 1,794 Hindus; 122 Muhammedans; 7 Anglo-Indians and 76 others.

SHIPPING.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday.
S S Pentakota, Aimiple, Busreh.
S S Kleist, Dader, London.
S S Nagoya, Norman, Calcutta.
The following vessels began to load yesterday.
Steamer Olympia for Liverpool.
Steamer Gairoppa for London.
Steamer Siam Maru for Kobe etc.
Steamer Bamora for Persian Gulf.

EXPORTS.

June 11.

S S Circassia for Liverpool—300 bales cotton Ralli Bros, 18 bales cotton E Abdule and Co., 150 bales cotton Hirji Nensey and Co., 1— bales wool David Sassoon and Co., 2 bales wool E Abdule and Co., 40 bales wool B Bulabdas, 25 bales wool W. and A Graham and Co.
S S Circassia for Marseilles—525 cwts gum arabic Narsee Mooljee and Co.
S S Circassia for Barcelona—450 bales cotton Ralli Bros., 100 bales cotton F F Campbell and Co.
S S City of Exeter for Liverpool—2 bales cotton E Mahomed and Sons, 2,000 cwts linseed Sunday and Co., 20 bales cotton E Mahomed and Sons.
S S Olympia for Liverpool—50 bales cotton Volkart Bros, 1,470 cwts cotton seed Louis Dreyfus and Co
S S Olympia for Barselona—350 bales cotton Volkart Bros.
S S Cairsoppa for Hamburg—500 bales hemp D B Khan and Co., 4,000 cwts rapeseed Sanday and Co.
S S Reinfels for Hull—6,500 cwts cottonseed Louis Dreyfus and Co., 6,500 cwts castor seed Ralli Bros.
S S Tartar Prince for Antwerp—110 bales cotton Volkart Bros 600 cwts rapeseed Strauss and Co.
S S Tartar Prince for Rotterdam—50 bales cottonfly Khimji Visram and Co.
S S Hatarana for Ghent—100 bales cotton Volkart Bros.
S S Hatarana for Rotterdam—213 bales cotton Volkart Bros.
S S Hatarana for Antwerp—110 bales cotton Volkart Bros., 112 bales cotton Ralli Bros.
S S Siam Maru for Yokkaichi—1,000 bales cotton M B Kaisha.
S S Siam Maru for Yokohama—1,000 bales cotton M B Kaisha.
S S Siam Maru for Osaka—500 bales cotton M B Kaisha.
S S Siam Maru for Kobe—100 bales cotton Ewart Latham and Co., 350 bales hides fleshing Joomabhoy Shariff and Sons.
S S Dilwara for Hongkong—87 cwts. buffalo nickers K Khaunsa and Co., 50 cwts old buffer Kawasji Sorabjee and Co.
S S Tenshin Maru for Shanghai—500 bales cotton M B Kaisha.
S S Tenshin Maru for Hongkong—15 cwts m cane pugns 1 case ivory M H E Ellins.

IMPORTS.

June 11.

S S Clanmatheson from Manchester, Agents James Finlay and Co—11 cases cotton cloth 174 cases cotton yarn, 34 bales cotton yarn, 17 bales grey cotton, 69 bales cottons, 29 bales dyed cotton, 26 bales wool and cottons, 2— cases art silk and cottons, 14 bales c p goods, 240 cases soap, 1,000 boxes soap, 71 cases toilet soap, 1,557 cases machy, 831 bales old newspapers, 40 cases drugs, 39 kegs tartaric acid, 36 casks zinc chloride, 15 drums zinc chloride 42 bundles steel, 69 bars steel, 202 bundles steel bars, 11 cases roller skins, 20 drums soda, 14,382 bundles steel hoops, 100 kegs iron nail, 14 cases nickel silver wire, 5 cases hardware, 37 casks tiles, 341 bags tiles, 84 bales paper, 474 cts soda water bottles, 369 loose plain steel sheets, 87 bundles steel plates, 130 bags nuts 119 bundles steel wire, 1,982 bars iron, 3— cases iron, 3751 bundles galvd sheets 596 bundles galvd plain sheets, 200 bundles wire 3,57— ingots brass, 120 brls tallow, 1,000 bundles springs, 251 rods springs.

CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 12TH OF JUNE, 1920.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE KAJI'

IN THE DIVISION COURT, NO 43.

For Dismissal.

672-19—M B Chotmia, Mathuradas Harjiwan a firm v Bhamprasad Bhaishanker a firm, Mehta L and Co.

Suits for hearing and final Disposal.

SHORT CAUSES.

2898-19—Motichand and D, Laxmichand Panachand v Vithaldas Gigabhai, Rustomji and G.
3060-19—Bhaishanker K and G, Ramchandra Mansaram a firm v Krishnaji Keshav Naik and ors/ S A Tyabji.
80-20—Motichand and D, Jivraj Anandji v Mirzamal Navetia a firm, Edgelow G W and Co.
391-20—Payne and Co, Mulraj Khatav v Nakubhai Kalubhai and anr, Amarchand and M, Dikshit M and Co.
405-20—Malvi M R and Co, Kedarnath Gambhirchand Maheshri v Sakrabhai Motilal, Motichand and D.
379-20—Dharamsey and Co, Devkorebai and anr v Haridas Narandas, Merwanji K and Co.
200-20—Dharamsi and Co., The Asiatic Machinery Stores and Co a firm, v The Calcutta Engineering Co., Craigie B and C.
719-20—Motichand and D, Dwarkadas Gordhandas v Pandit Manokya Sharma Vidyaram, In Person.
798-20—Motichand and D, Dwarkadas Gordhandas v Messrs. Babu Rajan and Co a firm.
81-20—Mulla and M, Raschand Vijaychand firm v Haji Rahimtulla Abdul Rahim Ard H D and Co.

LONG CAUSES.

416-9—Merwanji K and Co, Morarji Virji and ors v Abdullabhai Gulamhussein Allana, Edgelow G W and Co.
427-19—Merwanji K and Co, Morarji Virji and ors v Nassarbhai Abdullabhai Lalji, Edgelow G W and Co.
455-19—Merwanji K and Co, Morarji Virji and ors v G Sereizi, Edgelow G W and Co.
457-19—Merwanji K and Co, Morarji Virji and ors v P A Ore, Edgelow G W and Co.
2310-19—M B Chothia, Narotamdas Mangaldas v F Madhavlal and Co a firm, Bhaishanker K and G, Part Heard, 17-2-20.

BEFORE THE HON'BLE MR. JUSTICE SETALVAD.

IN THE DIVISION COURT NO. 53,

Chamber Board for Saturday, the 12th of June 1920.

Chamber Matters for disposal in Chambers List B Council.

Re G and Mds act VIII of 1890—Re Durgabai minor—Subnis and G, Sukhlal Mahadeo (Petnr), v Abaram Kisson and anr (Respdts), Pandia and Co., Notice.
1071-20—Payne and Co., The Mercantile Bank of India v M Gulamali, Crawford B and Co., For Application.
2244-19—Edg G W and Co, Padamsey Rattonsi Kanji v Gordhandas Kurandas and ors, Mulla and M, Soonderdas and Co., Amin and D 30-3-20.
2204-19—Edg G W and Co, Padamsey Rattonsi Kanji v Gordhandas Kursondas and ors, Mulla and M, Soonderdas and Co., Amin and D, 30-3-20.
677-20—Ardeshir H D and Co., Girdhardas Radhakisson v Sohraj Bhana Malain, Unwalla P and P, J 30-3-20.
O S 386-20—Ardeshir H D and Co., Madhavdas Morarji and anr v The Advocate-General of Bombay, 13-2-20.
O S 784-20—Wadia G and Co., Sir Dorabji Jamshedji Tata Kt v The Advocate-General of Bombay and ors, Wadia G and Co., Mulla and M, 27-3-20.
O S 763-20—Mulla and M, Lady Navazbai R Tata and ors. v The Advocate-Gentral of Bombay, Wadia G and Co., Mulla and M, 26-3-20.

REVERSE COUNCILS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—The Government continues to advertise further sales of Reverse Councils and is throwing away lakhs of rupees from week to week. The difference between th Government rate and the market rate has been recently as much as 4½ to 4¾d. and the result is that only in the past two weeks th Government has taken 32 lakhs less than the remitter was willing to pay and so much public money has been absolutely thrown away. I altogether fail to see what good Government has done to the country by this enormous sacrifice from week to week. The Government does not vouchsafe any explanation. Will any of its apologists in the press like Mr. M. de P. Webb and Mr. H. A. W. Brent, tell us what good this policy has done to India so far? Already about eighty million rupees has been thrown away to no purpose. One of these apologists, Mr. Brent, in his letter published in the "Times of India" of the 8th March said:—

"If only the New Scheme is given a fair chance and a little patience is exercised the present big difference between the Reverse Council rates and the Banks' selling rates will soon narrow and business will again be conducted on normal lines."

What has he to say to the position now? Have we not had patience enough? Is not the sacrifice of 80 million rupees sufficient?
—Yours, etc.,

B. F. MADON.

Bombay, June 11.

BOMBAY ARCHITECTURAL STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION.

The third annual report of the Architectural Students' Association, Bombay, for 1919—1920 shows that at the close of last year there were 51 members on the roll. 26 new members were admitted during the year while one member died. Of the 77 members now on the roll 62 are ordinary members and the remaining 15 Associate members. During the year under report, the Association has held 13 meetings, arranged for 11 competitions and for two excursions outside Bombay.

On July 31st, 1919 the prize winning essay of the last year's competition on Delhi, Agra, Fatepur-sikri and other places visited during the Christmas excursion of 1918 was read by Mr. Shivax C. Pastakia.

An exhibition of the drawings done during the year by the 3 applicants was arranged and at a general Meeting of the Association by a majority of members present voting in favour of Mr. Monde the studentship was declared have been awarded to him.

The Bombay Architects' Association's prize for a design of a cottage has been awarded this year to Mr. K. B. Mazumdar member of the association.

One of the members Mr. A. N. Gilder has been granted the Municipal License to act as Surveyor in the City of Bombay on his applying for the same on the strength of the Municipal Commissioner's reply to the application of the association for recognisation of membership of the Association in general with certain other qualification in the granting of licenses to act as Surveyor under Clause 351 B of the Municipal Act. There have also been other promising signs that the Association is becoming known and recognised by the profession.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, June 11.

There was better feeling in the market today and much more business was put through than has been the case previously throughout this week. The coal section was dull and practically nothing in the way of business was done. In the jute section buyers were more in evidence and prices generally were well maintained. In miscellaneous section paper shares opened firm but later sharp decline in Titaghurs prices falling to Rs. 505 but later improved slightly to Rs. 515. Dunbar Cotton were steady but Keshoram fell away to Rs. 16-14 Ex. Dividend. Edwards Steamship was in strong demand and price steadily rose to Rs. 13 when profit taking occurred and the quotation fell to Rs. 12-4. Hume pipe, Hatirkool Oil and Kluang Rubber found many buyers. Indian Iron and Steel (new shares declined sharply to Rs. 2 premium. The following were the closing quotations:—

Coal:—Baraboni 16-2. Sendra 33-12. Surat and 11-12.

Jute:—Anglo-Indian 412 s. 1., Anglo-India (pref) 167. Auckland 395. Bally 265. Budge Budge 539. Century 13. Empire 90. Gouripore 1306-8. Howrah 46-8 s. 1., Hooghly 125 s. 1., Kamarhatty 1928-8 s. 1., Kinnison 1160. Lansdowne 450 Lothian 508, Reliance 1912 s. 1., Union 880.

Miscellaneous: Auckland Jute (Deb) 91-8. Alpha General Insurance 1 prem. Albion Tannery 9-4. Bengal Assam Steam 313. Burmah Finance 11-8. Burn and Co 6 per cent (pref) 88-8 and 7 per cent (Pref) 106. British India Corporation 13-4 and deferred 19. British India Tobacco 9-14. Bengal Paper 128. Bengal Bridges and Bolts 9-10 prem. Bengal Potteries 1-12 prem. Britannia Brass 9-8. Central 94-8. Tata Industrial Bank 36-12 prem. Titaghur Paper 515. Standard Flour 2-4 prem.

Government paper three and a half per cent was quoted at Rs. 58-14 and small lots were done at Rs. 59-6. War Bonds (short loans) 98-12. 1925 at 99-8 and 1928 at 100-8 per cent.

INDO AFGHAN CONFERENCE.

MEETING TO COMMENCE TO-DAY.

(From our Correspondent.)

MUSSOOREE, June 11.

No further meetings of the Afghan Conference have taken place since the beginning of the week owing to the fact that two members of the British Delegation have been suffering from influenza. They have now recovered and meetings will be resumed to-morrow (Saturday).

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY EMPLOYMENT BUREAU.

The University of Bombay has started this Bureau with the special object of helping and advising the graduates of the University in obtaining suitable employment. Among the departments concerning which advice and assistance in the matter of appointments are given are (1) Indian universities, colleges and schools, (2) Government departments, (3) banking, commercial, and industrial concerns, (4) municipalities, port and improvement trusts, (5) different Indian Railways, (6) mills, (7) different Indian States. The registration fee is Rs. 2 only.

The Bureau has been promised co-operation by almost all the Government departments, nay, it has actually been receiving help from some of them. Tata concerns are willing to assist the Bureau in its object. It has also been receiving intimation of vacances from colleges, schools, banks, commercial concerns, Bombay Municipality and Improvement Trust, mills and some Indian States. The Bureau succeeded in securing employment for some of the graduates on its register in some of the Government departments, Bombay Municipality, and some of the mills in Bombay. It has also recommended some candidates for the posts of professors and teachers and for other appointments in and out of Bombay, and hopes that these candidates will be taken up to fill up the posts for which they have been recommended.

The registration fee which is only Rs. is a trifle when compared with the fees charged by the Appointments Boards of Oxford and Cambridge, which are 2s. 6d. and 5s. a year or £1 1s. for a period of five years respectively.

The scope of the activities taken up by the Bureau and the work done by it during the short period of its existence show that the Bureau is going to be a very useful institution and that it will admirably serve the purpose for which it was started.

Those graduates who may be in need of employment are recommended to register their names with the Bureau and take advantage of it. The application form which each candidate has to fill in before his name is registered can be had from the secretary to the Bureau at this office in the University building.

A SHIPS DISASTER.

CAPTAIN'S SKILL SAVES SITBATION.

Whilst steaming in to he berthed in the docks the s..s. Ivy on Thursday met with a disaster the Colaba light-house, owing to the roughness of the sea. It is reported that she narrowly escaped being entirely wrecked, and all her life boats, being lost with the navigating bridge. Her safety is ascribed to the commendable skill of the Captain. Further details of the incident will appear in our next issue.

LICENCE OF POSSESSION OF ARMS IN DELHI.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, June 11.

The following press communiqué has been issued:—Some doubt has been expressed as to whether the possession of sword and kindred weapons in the Delhi province is legal without license. The question has been set at rest by the issue of notification No. 916, Home Department, dated 19th May, 1920, of the Government of India, which makes a license for such weapons as necessary as it is in the Punjab, Burma and the North-western Frontier Provinces.

FRENCH PUNITIVE OPERATIONS IN SYRIA.

LONDON, June 10.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., June 12.

In Syria the French are continuing punitive operations in southern areas with good results. Arab raids in the British zone have decreased.

COST OF WAR.

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, June 8
Recd. 1-30 a.m., June 19

Mr. Edgar Crammond, lecturing before the Bankers' Institute, estimated the real cost of the war as follows:—Britain 3,500 millions sterling, France 5,450 millions sterling, Italy 1,900 millions, Belgium 500 millions and Germany 8,700 millions, equivalent to 12 point 7 per cent. of Britain's national wealth, 25 per cent. of France's, 20 per cent. of Italy's and 26 per cent. of Germany's. He pointed out that the moderate decrease in the wealth of the United Kingdom is off-set by a substantial increase in that of the Overseas Dominions and possessions. He estimated the wealth of the Empire at 44,080 millions, compared with 24,986 millions in 1910 and the annual income at 7,650 millions, compared with 3,332 millions.

The next meeting of the traffic committee of the Indian Railway Conference Association will be held in Bangalore, commencing from Monday, the 28th June. The functions of the traffic committee are mainly to take measures to simplify and assimilate, as far as possible, the rules and conditions of booking and transportation of goods and coaching traffic over the railways, which are parties to the Association.

MILITARY SYSTEM IN IRELAND.

MR. DELVIN ON LYING STATESMEN.

Mr. Joseph Devlin, M.P., speaking at an Irish meeting in Cardiff in mail week, said that they now appealed from lying statesmen and the caucus of Downing Street to the people in the great industrial centres. He believed that the people of Great Britain loathed and detested the military system in Ireland, but if they remained silent it would stand to their dishonour and be a stain upon British justice. Mr. Lloyd George admitted he had been engaged for months in making people free whom he never heard of until he went to emancipate them, and yet Ireland was at his very door, standing not only with her irresistible claim for freedom, but with that claim recognised by the bill standing on the Statute-book. Was it any wonder that men had lost faith in reason and constitutional methods? Men were now convinced in Ireland that one could not believe the oath of a British statesman. He himself honestly believed there was no parallel for the British Cabinet except a thieves' kitchen.

They were told of outrages in Ireland. The Government were the architects of outrage. They had cast Ireland into one vast cauldron of discontent; they had driven 75 constitutional representatives out of Parliament and had cast their 72 successors into prison. He was not a Sinn Feiner, but he did not say the people had no right to be Sinn Feiners if they liked. No law was worth accepting where it was maintained by machine-guns. It was only among savages that machine-guns counted, and the law would not be established in Ireland until the whole army of occupation ceased. He believed that the soldiers sent to Ireland loathed the task they were sent to do.—"The Manchester Guardian."

THE NEXT WAR.

"KEEP FIT FOR THE TIME-THAT IS COMING."

Speaking at the annual general meeting of the Union Jack Club in London in mail week, Field-Marshal Sir Henry Wilson said we had been told that we went into the last war to end war. We did not. We went into it to save our skins.

We were told that after the recent war we should have peace, but we had not got it. There were at the present moment between 20 and 30 wars going on.

We were told that the war was to end war, but it was not. It did not and it could not.

"I hope you men, to whatever branches of the service you belong, will do all you can to keep fit and ready for the time that is coming. Except in August, 1914, our country and our Empire have never wanted you more."—"The Manchester Guardian."

SPECIAL CONGRESS ACCOUNTS.

A meeting of the Reception Committee of the Indian National Congress, Special Session, Bombay, 1918, was held on Wednesday, the 9th June, 1920. The statement of receipts and payments duly audited and passed by the Executive Committee, was adopted. Out of Rs. 9,817-11-5 amount of cash in hand and in bank, Rs. 257-12-0 were paid for further expenses incurred up-to-date and it was resolved that the balance of Rs. 9,559-15-9, plus interest if any, be paid to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee with the recommendation that the interest only be spent for the Congress purposes.

ALL INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, June 11.

The storm which was off Kathiawar yesterday, has moved very slowly and is now crossing the coast. It will probably break up inland to-night. Communication between Dwarka and Veraval is interrupted. Distrubance in the extreme north is effecting the Punjab and the United Provinces. Conditions are also unsettled off the Arakan coast. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma and the west coast of the Peninsula and local in Orissa, Sind, east Rajputana, Gujarat and the Bombay Deccan. A few falls have also occurred in the Upper Burma, Assam, Bengal, east of the United Provinces, east Punjab, the North-west Frontier Province, west of the Central Provinces, Mysore and on the North Madras coast.

The chief amounts are:—Mergui two inches; Tavoy, Mymensingh one; Bogra four; Cuttack two; Drosh one and a half; Jacobabad one; Kotah a quarter; Rajkot, Surat a half; Sangor three-quarters; Bombay, Ratnagiri, four; Mangalore, Belgaum one; Gopalpur a half.

Forecast:—Increase of rain in Gujarat, Khandesh, Rajputana, western Himalayas and Central Burma.

DESTRUCTIVE EFFECT OF STORM IN MALABAR.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, June 10.

A Calicut message states that the storm which was reported developing off Ratnagiri last week, struck Malabar on Sunday with destructive effect in several places.

STORM PASSING NEAR VERAVAL.

The following is a copy of weather telegram received by the Port Officer Bombay, from the Meteorological Department, Simla:—

Storm now passing slowly inland near Veraval. Rough weather likely for twenty-four hours off Kathiawar.

N. W. RAILWAY STRIKE

AGENT'S TERMS.

MEN RETURNING TO WORK.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

LAHORE, June 10.

The following press note dated the 9th June has been issued by the Agent, the North-Western Railway:—The Agent of the N. W. Railway having been approached by two public spirited citizens of Lahore, Mr. Ram Bhuj Dutt Choudhri and Mr. M. D. Puri, with a representation that the strike should be ended in order to relieve the public of great inconvenience which is being caused in many ways by its prolongation, has consented to renew the terms of his offer of May 27th R. T. 920, with the same modifications which came up for consideration during the discussion.

The terms of the Government communique issued as a result of the meeting in the Commissioner's office on the 12th May will naturally stand also the terms offered in paras 2, 3, 4 and 5 of the notice of May 27th will hold good and para 1 of that notice will read as follows:—The Agent is prepared to reinstate them on the same pay as they drew before they went on strike, but in view of fact that some posts vacated by some of the strikers have definitely been filled up by other men he will in such cases appoint the strikers (who return to duty) to similar posts on the same pay and same advantages, if he cannot in any particular case put the man back into his original place. This applies to Lahore and to out districts. The Agents will also endeavour to find suitable employment for such few men who have been told by their officers in the districts outside Lahore that they cannot be re-employed. It is to be understood that the men must join their work without delay at their several stations but these terms will not apply to any man who has not rejoined by Monday morning June 14th at the latest, unless there is some good reason to justify the delay. It will be plain from this that there is no intention of punishing the strikers. As regards the gratuity the rules are clear but there is nothing to present an appeal being made against the the loss of it, through the proper channel.

The chief auditor has agreed to apply the same terms to the staff.

The gentlemen named above have explained these terms to the staff.

The strikers' chief delegates' committee have passed a resolution accepting the above terms and it is probable that a large number of the strikers will rejoin work to-morrow.

LAHORE RAILWAY STRIKE ENDS.

(From our Correspondent.)

LAHORE, June 11.

The railway strike ended to-day honourably. Mr. Tahoram Gangaram, Zamindar, coming specially from Dera Ismail Khan, addressed a mass meeting of the strikers. The hardships of the travelling public will thus end from to-day. The strikers are much thankful to the nationalist press for its sympathy with them.

STRIKE OF PRESS EMPLOYEES AT AJMERE.

(From a Correspondent.)

AJMERE, June 10.

Nearly 200 pressmen, compositors, etc., of all printing presses went on strike this week. Their demands are 25 per cent. increase, 25 per cent. famine allowance, one month's pay as bonus yearly, and 30 days' leave.

The strike in three presses ended as their sympathising proprietors sanctioned demands. Munshi Laltapershadji Shad, well-known local leader, is trying to settle the matter early by personally visiting proprietors of the concerns affected by the strike.

MUSLIM STUDENTS' UNION.

We are asked to announce that are invited from Muslim Students studying in any of the College or High Schools of Poona, for Union Scholarships and text books.

Those who are in real need of such help should send in, their applications to the undersigned on or before the 30th June 1920, stating whether they are in receipt of any other scholarship and with recommendation certifying their need.

The scholarships are given annually on the "Debt of Honor" system, subject to the bye-laws of the Poor Boys' Fund of the above Union. Application should be addressed to the Hon. Secretary of the Union, 20, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

MILL-STORES.

(From our Correspondent.)

June 11.

Quotations for healds from England are ruling very high and especially for 15/4 Yarn Healds. The local market continues brisk and the tone for Healds is steadily wards. Reeds greatly fluctuate, and the tations vary between Re. 0-2-6 to Re. 0-4-100 dents. Roller cloth and other sizing nels are almost steady though the Hon tations are still higher. Among wood dries, Japanese Shuttles, Bobbins are greatly in demand as the English. 5" x 4" are ruling rather high owing city of stock in the market. The for other commodities are almost

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1 Large Safes supplied to Messrs. Ewar Latham & Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their premises.
672 Safes supplied for Savings Bank India and Burma, after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta in the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs, in July 191..
810 Burglar-Resisting Safes, recently supplied to Government, to replace other makers' safes that had been burgled.
By appointment to H. E. the Governor.
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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
Saturday, June 12, 1920.

CORRUPTION IN SIND.

As the result of an enquiry in the system of administrative corruption obtaining in Sind under the names "rasai", "lapo" and "chher" the Government of Bombay issued a resolution on 7th May, 1902, in the course of which they said: "These papers disclose the existence of a deep rooted evil which in the opinion of the Governor-in-Council is deplorable and calculated to bring discredit on the administration. That Mukhtiarkars should manage funds collected by the Tapadars for the entertainment of Government officials and establishments and that the establishments of district officers, from the Commissioner downwards, should live, while on tour, at the expense of the people, is nothing short of scandalous". Eighteen years have passed since this indictment was made. It has remained a pious indictment and there has been practically no mitigation in the oppression practised on the mass of the poor and illiterate peasantry of Sind. The report of the committee appointed two years ago to make a fresh investigation into the conditions existing to-day, was published in our columns yesterday and it will have been seen that the corruption still exists all over the province to a most deplorable and scandalous extent. The official resolution referred to above laid down the injunction that "a determined and continued effort by all officers of all departments to put down the abuse" should be made, but the injunction has been more honoured in the breach than in the observance. Attempts have been made, even in high quarters, to find some excuse for connivance at the corrupt practices, on the score of the deep-rooted character of the system of 'rasai,' 'lapo' and 'chher' and on the ground that the "traditional hospitality" of the Zemindars prevented payment in return for goods supplied. But it is not merely a stray official here and there who is entertaied while on tour at the expense of the Zemindars and their tenants, but a whole army of superior and subordinate employees.

The report mentions the Following among the members of the subordinate establishment of a taluka who have to be lodged and boarded and served in many other ways, free of charge, by the Zemindars, while they are on tour.—Peons, tapedars, supervising tapedars, touring clerks and mukhtiarkars in the Revenue Department; the abdars and canals assistants corresponding to tapedars and supervising tapedars for the special perennial irrigation of the Jamrao Canal, in addition to the peons, daroghas, touring clerks, sub-divisional officers and other subordinates for the ordinary inundation irrigation on other canals in the Public Works Department; the guards, sub-rangers and range forest officers in the Forest Department; and the constables, thanedars, subinspectors and inspectors in the Police Department.

Even "private persons in police investigations" and "pleaders, parties, witnesses and other persons in magisterial and miscellaneous enquiries before touring officers" go to swell the army of locusts which descends on the village and which, as a matter of right, demands to be fed and lodged freely during the time it "camps" there. Every sort of provision, including grain, ghee, spices, eggs, fowls, milk, mutton, fodder fuel, cots, water jars, tents, carts and every imaginable article that can be laid hands on is requisitioned, there being no question of payment at all, since the "tapedar," who is authorised to make the arrangements for the free supply of these provisions,—the "tapedar" draws only a salary of Rs. 25 to Rs. 30!—relies on the "traditional hospitality" of the local Zemindar or Zemindars to make good his loss, perhaps with compound interest. When it is remembered that these establishments on tour, in spite of recent reduction, sill average from 20 to 40 persons, according to the Committee's report, and that the touring season lasts from the end of October to the beginning of June, one can well understand how costly the "traditional hospitality" of the Zemindars must prove to them. We are naively told that the Zemindars do not mind one visit by these uninvited guests, but what they object to is a rapid succession of such visits, as not infrequently happens! It is not merely the free repasts and lodging arrangements that the Zemindar is expected to provide whenever called upon to do so, but also free supply of labour for repairing roads, tanks, bunds, as well as for general service at the "camping ground." This system of free labour is known as "chher" and the Zemindar has to press into service all available farm tenants and other labourers working for him. No payment is made, because the men being the Zemindar's servants, are not expected to be paid, as such payment would be derogatory to the dignity of the Zemindar! Happy must the Zemindar be when so much regard is paid to his family dignity and traditional hospitality! On an average Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,000 are the estimated expenses borne by every single Zemindar in a year in propitiating the army of official and semi-official angels who pay him a visit.

The Committee's report has essayed to exonerate the higher officials from blame. but, as the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai has shown in his separate minute, too many witnesses have borne testimony to the prevalence of corruption or connivance at corurption, among the higher officials. for us to hold the latter to be quite blameless. The Hon. Mr. Ghulam Hussein quoted in his Council speech an instance of a high official refusing to pay for provisions supplied, on the ground that the circular directing such payment applied to the Commissioner in Sind alone and not to any one else! It is true the systems of "rasai," "lapo" and "chher" have existed in Sind for a long time past, but that is no reason why drastic steps should not be taken to put down these customs which are repugnant to all ideas of a civilised state of society. The remedies suggested by the Committee. though satisfactory in some respect,—such as the enhancement of the pay of the subordinate establishments and "tapedars" and other village officials. the increase in the travelling allowances of officers, the compulsory payment for hired labour, etc.,—will not prove effective unless the receipt of provisions from any quarter by a Government employee in his official capacity is definitely prohibited and made an offence, like the acceptance of any other form of illegal gratification. Such a step, which the Committee has failed to recommend, must be taken and we hope the Government of Bombay will see the desirability of issuing orders to that effect without any delay. The Committee emphasises the necessity of "special measures for the spread of education and the development of a higher standard of public morality not only among the subordinate officials, but also among the general public including the Zemindars of the Province of Sind." The line of reasoning is not unfamiliar. Whenever an administrative abuse is brought home, officialdom not seldom does its best to absolve itself by seeking to attribute the origin of the abuse to the character of the masses of the people. The device is as threadbare as it is mean and insulting. Wherever an abuse exists, it must be put down by stern and prompt action. For the rest we look primarily to the higher ranks of the official world in Sind—the administration of which needs radical reform in numerous other directions—to set an example to the rest of the Government establishments.

THE PUNJAB RAILWAY STRIKE.

The news circulated by the Associated Press yesterday that the Punjab Railway strike, which lasted over a month and a half, is at last at an end, has now been confirmed. The seriousness of the situation, which was created by the strike, could best be realised now that its menace appears to be definitely over. Throughout the strike, the authorities, with a strange persistence, made a pretence of showing that there was really no serious stoppage of work, whereas the actual facts revealed a more or less complete breakdown of ordinary business. The goods traffic on the main lines was totally disorganised; notices, it appears, were posted at Lahore prohibiting the issue of tickets to any but military officers and Government officials in possession of special permits, and the commercial community experienced, during the period, serious and, in some cases, irretrievable losses. The strike, however, continued and the authorities remained adamant. Now, a situation of this unparalleled nature, with several thousand idle and foodless workmen, was indeed a serious menace to the convenience and prosperity of a whole Province. But what were the causes which precipitated this struggle the like of which has never before been known in the Punjab? It is a notorious fact that the employees of the North Western Railway are underpaid and overworked. For years they have been trying to better the conditions of governing the pay and hours of work, by making representations to the authorities who have generally adopted a stern or silent attitude in their dealings with the men. The engine-drivers, with twenty years' service, who were getting a hundred rupees a month, the firemen who. with good experience, were getting forty. the workmen, whose lot has always been a miserable and insecure one.—all of them found that petitions and remonstrances were of no avail. They mobilised their forces into an Association to the great chagrin of the railway administration—realising that unity meant strength. Suddenly a new chapter began in the history of this struggle. On the 25th of April a few thousand workmen went on strike in sympathy with seven men dismissed for refusal to work in a different shop from the one they were engaged for. With remarkable rapidity the strike spread among the Lahore workers and one by one Amritsar, Ludhiana, Ferozepur, Jhelum, Jullundhur, Karachi, Rawalpindi followed in the wake. The men led by Mr. J. Miller, an Irishman with fifteen years' experience of union organisation among railwaymen, kept perfect descipline and maintained absolute order.

In the meantime, the situation became so critical that Lala Lajpat Rai, in order that his great influence should be brought to bear in ending the strike, was sent for by the Commissioner and eventually met the Lieutenant-Governor. These negotiations, carried on in the presence of Sir George Barnes, broke down not only because the terms offered to the men were absolutely unacceptable but also because of the obduracy of the authorities in refusing to recognise the representative character of the Association. The mistake was soon partially realised and for a second time negotiations took place between the strikers and the railway authorities, being conducted by the General Secretary of the Railway Association, on the one side, and the Agent, on the other, ending in an offer by the latter dated 26th of May modifying, in certain respects, the terms laid down by Sir George Barnes in his communique of the 12th of May. There seemed a prospect of settlement on the occasion as the General Secretary in his conversation with the Commissioner of Lahore seemed hopeful, being at the same time careful to state that he personally could not bind the Executive Committee of the Association. This Executive Committee. after careful deliberation, agreed to interview the Commissioner and place its considered reply to the Agents' offer before the authorities. The third stage in these negotiations was thus reached in the hope of arriving at a settlement. But these negotiations also broke down. The reason for this deadlock was the refusal of the authorities to adopt any but an intransigent attitude towards the demands of the strikers. As set forth in their manifestoes, the strikers asked for the recognition of their union, increase of pay by 75 to 100 per cent, appointment of a Conciliation Board to adjust differences and remove grievances, no forfeiture of gratuity, and reinstatement of all strikers. The authorities refused to recognise the men's union, denied them a Conciliation Board, did not undertake to give any guarantee as to the reinstatement of dismissed strikers except to say that the Agent would do his best to find them employment, insisted upon forfeiting their gratuity and stated that the question of pay was being investigated by an official committee which would, if necessary co-opt representatives of the men. In these circumstances, the prospect before the disputants seemed to be one of a fight to a finish but it is gratifying to note that a further stage in negotiation has resulted in a peaceful setlement of a formidable dispute. The lessons of the strike are many, on which those who are endeavouring to sweat workmen must reflect in peace; but the chief among them is that the authorities must not in future make the blunder of refusing to recognise Trade Unions. Workmen's unions have come to stay. The Punjab railwaymen have fought not merely for fair terms of employment, but also for a principle. Their fight will remain a land-mark in the struggle for the emancipation of the working classes in India.

Notes of the Day.

"The Settled Fact"?

The "Pioneer", having apparently exhausted all arguments to justify in the eyes of Indian Moslems the proposed dismemberment of the Ottoman Empire, is now attempting to frighten them with the bogey of "settled facts." It may be taken for granted, our sapient contemporary says, "that the main lines of the Treaty are as unalterable as the laws of the Medes and the Persians, and the sooner this fact is recognised the better for all concerned." We do not suppose even the "Peace-makers", who are attempting to shape the destinies of the Turkish people, would care to adopt the cock-sure attitude, in which our contemporary indulges. Are the prospects of modification of the Treaty, now or hereafter, really so hopeless as the Allahabad journal makes out? Even a cursory perusal of the French and Italian papers, not to speak of the British papers, will show that there is a widespread doubt as to the possibility of enforcing the Treaty. Discussing the Treaty in an interview with the Associated Press, Signor Nitti, the Italian Premier, declared that war in Asia would be the result, and that for this war "neither one soldier nor one lira would be provided by Italy." Signor Nitti added: "You have taken from the Turks their holy city, Adrianople. You have placed their capital under foreign control. You have taken all their ports and the greater part of their territory. The five delegates, chosen by you, will sign a treaty which will have the sanction neither of the Turkish people nor of the Turkish Parliament." So much for the assurance of one of the principal "Peace-makers."

The Burden of Mandates.

The comments of a leading French paper, the "Temps", on this plain-speaking is instructive. After explaining the reason of Italy's attitude—the disappointment caused by the failure to fulfil the promises made to her in 1917—the journal ruefully concludes: "The Italian Government has, therefore, attempted to substitute in the East the system of pacific penetration for that of dismemberment." That is, Italy is ready to abandon the concert of Powers at the moment when concerted action, at the point of machine-guns, would alone ensure the application of the Treaty—not a pleasant prospect for the Powers. Further, have Great Britain, France, Greece and other Allied Governments, who are out to obtain "mandates" for themselves out of the dismembered empire, really made up their minds to shoulder the new responsibilities? The mandate for Armenia, we see, is going a-begging. As to Mesopotamia, responsible British statesmen and publicists have not been wanting, who are trying to dissuade their Government from accepting the mandate for that country, on the ground of the excessive cost and other dangerous risks involved. As regards Arabia, which is to be constituted into an independent nation, with perhaps the British as advisers and protectors, the King of Hedjaz and the Emir of Nejdi, the rival claimants to the *qadi*, may ultimately prove quite broken reeds, as recent events are tending to show. If no Arab leader, who is a *persona grata*, with the British Foreign Office, emerges strong enough to secure allegiance of the various tribes of Arabia, then the idea of an independent Arabic State must prove chimerical.

When?

If Arabia is unable to stand on her own legs, are we to assume that any of the Allies would undertake to assume the "mandate" for that country? The conditions in Syria, Palestine, Kurdistan, in fact, in every province of Turkey, on which the Allies have set their eyes, are still too fluid and uncertain, for any statesman, let alone an arm-chair critic, to declare that the terms of the Treaty as regards them are "as unalterable as the laws of the Medes and Persians." We have seen how even some of the terms of the German Peace Treaty have been found to be unworkable in practice apart from their harshness. The "Pioneer" says that the British and the French, who have accepted mandates for Mesopotamia, Palestine and Syria, may be trusted "to carry out the task assigned to them until the inhabitants of those countries are able to stand alone." Looking to our own experience in India, as well as to the experience of Egypt, Ceylon, Indo-China, and other Oriental countries under the British and French aegis, no one can say when the time will come when the inhabitants of the Mesopotamia, Palestine and Syria "are able to stand alone."

German Elections.

We mentioned yesterday that the political situation in Germany—as reflected in the elections to the Reichstag—was developing most favourably for the Independent Socialists. The final results of the elections, as cabled by Reuter this morning, bring into relief the sweeping character of the victory won by this party which secures the largest gain though the advantage is almost equally shared with the Right—the People's Party and the Nationalists. The Democrats (Conservatives) have lost 30 votes and the Majority Socialists are weaker by 35. The Coalition in power is in an actual minority as compared to the Coalition in opposition. The political situation is thus in a very interesting stage, the element of safety for the Government lying in the fact that the gains of the Left are, to a considerable extent, balanced by those of the Right.

Starvation in Europe.

It is said that an army marches on its stomach. Much more is this true of the proletariat of nations exhausted by long years of war. Those, who deny that politics is really the cart behind the horse of economics, should glance at the state of Italy to-day. The political situation there is developing rapidly with the changes in the economic condition of the people. A rise in the price of bread is reported to have caused rioting "coupled with a revolutionary activity in the army." It was the economic strain on the postal workers whose strike led, recently, to the disappearance of Signor Nitti from office. No one can foretell from day to day when the storm will break over Italy. In the Chamber the Bolsheviks number over two hundred deputies. Outside the Chamber is an ill-clad, hungry-looking populace as any visitor to Rome or Venice can testify. Europe, indeed, is in the melting pot and the sooner the Imperialist grabbers and war-mongers of all nations realise this fact the better will it be for the peace and contentment of the world.

HUNTER REPORT.

VIGOROUS CONGRESS PROPAGANDA.

EDUCATING BRITISH PUBLIC.

(Special to "The Chronicle.")

LONDON, June 9.

The British Committee of the Congress is conducting a vigorous propaganda on the Hunter Report and the Secretary of State's policy and attitude towards the Punjab affairs. On publication of the Report Mr. Patel was interviewed by the "Manchester Guardian", "Westminster Gajette", "Daily Herald", Birmingham Post', "Labour Leader" and numerous other journals. Mr. Patel denounced the whitewashing character of the Report and the policy disclosed in the Montagu's Despatch and demanded the recall of Lord Chelmsford, impeachment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer, trial of General Dyer and others guilty, the repeal of the Rowlatt Act, the passing of a Bill of Rights, full reparation for the sufferers and the abolition of the powers of the Governor-General, to pass ordinances making martial law retrospective.

The papers have featured these interviews. The "Star" placarded the whole town with posters "impeach them."

A very successful meeting was held at Kingsway Hall on June 3rd, Mr. G. B. Clark presiding. Mr. Patel, in an impressive speech, moved a resolution expressing indignation and horror at the massacres and atrocities committed in the name of the British people and profound disappointment and dissatisfaction at the failure of His Majesty's Government to condemn and punish the high authorities initially responsible for the misdeeds. The resolution further demanded the recall of Lord Chelmsford, the impeachment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer, the trial of others guilty, the repeal of the Rowlatt Act and other repressive laws and legislation to protect people from such oppression and suffering in future.

Mr. Horniman, seconding the resolution, was accorded a prolonged ovation. Mrs. Naidu, Major Barnes, M.P., Mr. Neil McLean, M.P., Mr. George Lansbury and Mr. Syud Hossain supported the resolution, which was carried with two or three dissentients. A little band of half a dozen students who interrupted were quickly silenced some of them afterwards joining in the applause and voting for the resolution.

AT BIRMINGHAM.

On Sunday, Messrs. Patel and Horniman spoke at the demonstration in the Town Hall of Birmingham when a similar resolution was passed. Meetings will follow on Sunday next at Bristol where Mr. Patel and Mr. Holford Knight will speak and at Cardiff, where Mr. Horniman and Mr. Syud Hossain are speakers. The following Sunday all are going to speak at a great demonstration at Glasgow, after which meetings will be held at Scarborough, where the Labour Party will be holding an annual conference, Leeds, Manchester, Liverpool, etc. In July a women's meeting of protest will be held under the auspices of the Women's Freedom League, the leading women's organisation in the United Kingdom. Much literature is being circulated including a very effective leaflet prepared by Miss Normanton, entitled "Massacre and Martial Law", dealing with the atrocities on women and children.

OPFICIAL CRIMES WHITE-WASHED.

PROTEST AGAINST HUNTER COMMITTEE FINDINGS.

(From a Correspondent.)

SHIKARPUR, June 8.

A public meeting of citizens of Shikarpur was held under the auspices of All-India Home Rule League, Shikarpur (Branch) on the 5th instant in Khushirmahad. Dr. Hoshanlal was absent owing to his illness, therefore Maharaj Lunidaram, pleader was elected, president of the meeting. The following resolutions were unanimously passed:—

Resolved that this public meeting strongly protests against the decision of the Majority Report of the Hunter Committee and the despatch of the Indian Government and the reply of the Secretary of State for India and is of opinion that the decision is most disappointing. It has simply white-washed the horrible crimes of officials and has therefore created deep resentment in the minds of Indians. It has finally forfeited the confidence of people in British justice.

Resolved that this public meeting strongly protests against the order of transportation on Messrs. Bugga and Ratanchand to th Andamans in view of their bad health. This meeting requests the Viceroy and the Lieut.-Governor of Punjab to cancel such an [illegible] release them at an early date.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, June 11.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Justice Sir Ashutosh Chaudhuri has resigned the office of the judge of the Calcutta High Court with effect from 12th June.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Major R. J. Macbrayne, 15th Sikhs, granted five months' leave. Mr. T. B. Copeland is posted as Divisional Sessions Judge, Peshawar. Major G. F. W. Anson is granted ten months' combined leave. Lieut.-Col. G. M. Ayeough, 116th Mahrattas, officiates as Assistant Inspecting Officer, Punjab Imperial S[illegible] Infantry. Major H. R. P. Dickson, 9th Lancers, is posted as Political Bahrein.

[illegible]BLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

[illegible]A. Brebner is confirmed as Under-[illegible]y in the Department.

[illegible]UCATION DEPARTMENT.

[illegible]. R. Murray is nominated ordinary [illegible]of the Calcutta University.

SPECIAL PUBLIC EXAMINATION FOR GIRLS

MADRAS GOVERNMENT'S ORDER.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, June 11.

An order has just been issued by the local Government approving the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction to institute a special public examination for girls called "Women's Secondary Grade Final Examination" on the model of the public examination at the end of the Secondary School Leaving Certificate course.

DEPORTATION OF AMIR CHAND.

A PROTEST FROM LAHORE.

(From a Correspondent.)

LAHORE, June 11.

A public meeting was convened to-day, protesting against the deportation of Mr. Amirchand of Peshawar and the conduct of the Gulbaz police sub-inspector and expressing the hope that the frontier authorities will take proper steps against him and vindicate the reputation of Government.

EDITOR OF ZAMINDAR.

MONTHLY ALLOWANCE DISCONTINUED BY NIZAM.

(Associated Press.)

LAHORE, June 11.

Maulvi Zafar Ali Khan, editor of "The Zamindar", and his son were till very recently in receipt of a monthly allowance of Rs. 625 and Rs. 200 respectively from H. E. H. the Nizam of Hyderabad. Both these gentlemen have received orders from the Nizam discontinuing the monthly grants on the grounds, firstly, that they have taken part in politics, and secondly, that they have neglected the work of translation of the history of England entrusted to them. "The Zamindar" of the 10th instant publishes the text of the Nizam's letter as well as the Editor's reply to it.

Official and Personal.

Sir Shapurjee Broacha has donated Rs. 5,000 towards the general funds of the Bhandarkar Oriental Research Institute, Poona.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas is standing for election to the Legislative Assembly on behalf of Bombay city.

DYER'S CASE.

DEBATE IN COMMONSPOSTPONED

PENDING ARMY COUNCIL'S DECISION.

(Special to "The Chronicle.")

LONDON, June 9.

Debate on the Punjab in the House of Commons has been postponed having regard to the fact that General Dyer's case is under consideration by the Army Council, and should be treated as a matter *sub judice*.

BRUSH WITH ARMED SEIN FEINERS.

CROWD RESCUES PRISONERS

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5.30 p.m., June 11.

A military patrol encountered a hundred armed Sinn Feiners at Cahir, Tipperary, and captured several with cycles, arms and ammunition. A huge crowd subsequently attacked the soldiers and rescued the prisoners.

COLLIER'S DEMAND OF 5-DAY WEEK.

SCOTTISH COAL-OWNERS' STRONG PROTEST.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5.30 p.m., June 11.

Scottish coal-owners held a meeting, to-day, and passed a resolution strongly protesting against the men's proposal for a five-day week. They point out that it would mean a loss of over million and half tons annually.

ANGLO-JAPANESE ALLIANCE.

CHINA'S NOTE TO BRITAIN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 10.
Recd. at 2-15 p.m. June 11.

Replying to Mr. Wedgwood Benn, Mr. Lloyd George stated that Government had received a communication from China with regard to the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, but the communication could not be published at present.

GERMAN ELECTIONS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m. June 11.

Berlin.—The election results show the following losses:—

Majority Socialists	35 seats.
Democrats	30 seats.
Centre Party	4 seats.

The following gains are registered:—

Independent Socialists	58
German People's Party	39
German Nationalists	23

Thus the Coalition which numbered 326 in the old assembly now numbers 222. The opposition, which was formerly 86, has become 238.

STEAMER SERVICE TO AMERICA.

NEW ENTERPRISE BY ELLERMANS LIMITED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Received at 2-15 p.m. June 11.

The "Times" states that Ellerman's Lines Limited are inaugurating in July a regular monthly service from Montreal to Port Said, Sudan, Aden, Bombay, Colombo, Singapore and Java.

ELECTRIC SUPPLY IN CALCUTTA.

A WARNING.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, June 11.

In connection with the forthcoming visit of the Prince of Wales to Calcutta, the Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation states that owing to the fact that post-war conditions and strikes in England have occasioned considerable delay in the delivery of plant and other necessary material now on order, the surplus power available for illumination purposes will be extremely limited and it will not be possible for the current to exceed the existing maximum demand of each building. In view of this fact it will be necessary during the period of external illumination to switch off all internal lights and fans. The object in bringing these facts to public attention is to prevent any future source of disappointment. The causes which compel this restricted use of current for illumination purposes are those over which the Electric Corporation have been able to exercise no control.

GENERAL WRANGEL'S OFFENSIVE.

BRITISH POLICY ENUNCIATED.

BRITAIN TAKES NO RESPONSIBILITY

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 10.
Received at 2-15 p.m. June 11.

Questioned to-day in the House of Commons with regard to the reported offensive against the Bolshevists by General Wrangel, Mr Lloyd George stated that Government had clearly informed General Wrangel that Britain would not be responsible for his army if the offensive was undertaken.

POLISH-CZECHO-SLOVAKIAN DISPUTE.

PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT ANTICIPATED

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 10.
Received at 2-15 p.m. June 11.

Replying to questions, Mr. Lloyd George stated that the Ambassadors' Conference in Paris was giving attention to the Polish-Czecho-Slovakian dispute with regard to Teschen and was communicating with the representatives of the two republics. The Czecho-Slovakian Government had also drawn the attention of the League of Nations to the dispute. Government would take most effective action to secure peaceful settlement and in this connection he was very hopeful.

BOLSHEVIKS WIPED OUT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m. June 11.

Warsaw.—It is officially stated that two Bolshevik divisions were wiped out during the counter-offensive between the Dvina and Beresina. Captured papers show that panic prevails at the Red headquarters. The Bolsheviks removed the eyes of the Polish prisoners whom they then sent back.

BOLSHEVIK COUP AT SATUM

ITALIAN SAILORS CAPTURED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5.30 p.m., June 11.

A telegram from Rome says the Bolsheviks have captured a number of Italian sailors belonging to the cruiser 'Etna' staticned at Satum.

BOLSHEVIK GOLD.

WHY TREASURY IS UNWILLING TO DEAL IN IT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., June 11.

The "Daily Telegraph" says the Treasury has decided that it is impossible to have definite dealings in Bolshevik gold unless soviets are recognised.

BREAD RIOTS IN ITALY.

DUE TO GOVT. STOPPING FOREIGN GRAIN PURCHASE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5-30 p.m., June 11.

Important developments are expected in the Italian situation in consequence of the bread riots in different parts of the country, coupled with the revolutionary activity in army. The chief cause of the unrest is the reported intention of Government to cease extensive purchases of foreign grain to supply bakers on which Government is losing four hundred million lire monthly. The Socialists in Parliament have announced their intention vigorously to oppose Government until an announcement to increase the bread prices is withdrawn.

TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

PRELIMINARY DIFFICULTIES REMOVED

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m. June 11.

The "Daily Express" says the preliminary difficulties in the way of immediate resumption of trade with Russia have been removed and the Soviet Government has sent a wireless message to Krassin promising to release the British prisoners and furnishing guarantees for the cessation of the propaganda.

FALL IN CHARTER RATES.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m. June 11.

The "Times" records a sharp fall in the time charter rates for British tonnage rates from twenty shillings to 22/6 per ton.

NEW ZEALAND'S DEFENCE FORCE.

NEED OF AVAILING PRESENT OPPORTUNITY.

GENERAL BIRDWOOD ON EMPIRE'S NAVAL POLICY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5.30 p.m., June 11.

A telegram to the "Times" from Wellington says General Birdwood in a speech there said as a result of Gallipoli, New Zealand and Australia stood shoulders to shoulder for the first time, as they must in future, in order to look with confidence to the security of the Pacific outposts.

He advised New Zealand not to lose the opportunity presented by the possession of numbers of trained men to establish an efficient defence force. New Zealand, Australia and India should keep in close touch so as to be able to help mutually, in case of need. Reliance of the British Navy was good, but the Navy might be needed in two places. The German of yesterday would be the German of to-morrow. For the present we must depend on our strong right arm.

DEATH OF MAJOR-GENERAL RAVENSHAW.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m., June 11.

Major-General Ravenshaw, commanding in South Africa, has died of heart failure while elephant-hunting in an Addo bush near Port Elizabeth. The body was found face downwards with rifle in hand.

SCHENECTADY RAILWAY COLLISION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m., June 11.

New York.—The Schenectady express to-day crashed into the rear of a passenger train, the engine of which had broken down, at Schenectady. Eleven persons in the rear carriage of the latter train were killed and twentyone injured.

STRIKE AT PORT SUNLIGHT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m., June 11.

Eight thousand employees at Port Sunlight have struck in consequence of a dispute regarding recognition of rival unions.

ITALIAN RETREAT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m., June 11.

Rome.—Newspapers report that the Albanian insurgents have occupied the villages of Bestrova and Selitza. The Italian garrisons have withdrawn towards Valona. A destroyer is covering the retreat of the Italians, which has apparently been attended with some losses.

JAPANESE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m., June 11.

Tokio.—The business outlook is worse. The bankers' clearings have markedly decreased and the dishonoured bills are rapidly increasing. The excess of imports over exports in May was a hundred million yen. The aggregate since January is 440 millions.

Unemployment is increasing and retail prices of the necessaries are still high.

GERMAN FOOD.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 5 p.m., June 11.

"The Times" states that the German mission headed by Merz, the food controller has concluded its visit to London and has requested the Government to furnish an immediate supply of sufficient food to maintain the present food rations in Germany without adding to the debt. Germany has also asked to be allowed to retain some shipping, as it has had to pay higher freights than the other nations.

An Ootacamund message of June 10 says:—Their Excellencies the Governor of Bombay and Lady Lloyd and the staff have arrived at the Government House.

A Madras message of June 10 says:—The Hon. Mr. Lionel Davidson, on return from leave, has taken charge of the Madras Elementary Education Bill. The Select Committee to which the Bill has been referred, will begin deliberations immediately after the July meeting of the Legislative Council.

We are glad to report that Sir Shapurji Broacha is making a satisfactory progress in his health. He is at present under the treatment of Dr. Meyer and Dr. D. M. Dara Dastur.

There is a good deal of influenza in Mussooree this year, but it is all fortunately of a mild type and comparatively of short duration.

CHARGE OF FORGERY AND CHEATING.

CASE HEARD IN CAMERA.

ALLEGATIONS AGAINST HIGH PERSONAGE.

Yesterday in the afternoon Mr. G. R. Khairaz, the acting Third Presidency Magistrate went on with the hearing of a case in which J. Wilkinson, an ex-employee of the Bombay Electrict Supply and Tramway Company, Ltd., stood charged with forgery and cheating in respect of Rs. 25,000.

Prosecuting Inspector Finan Conducted the prosecution and Messrs. Patel and Nariman pleaders, appeared for the accused.

On the case being called Inspector Finan made an application requesting the Court to hear the case *in camera* for a reason which he said, would be explained by a letter which he handed over to his Worship.

The magistrate on reading the letter said it was desirable that the case should be heard *in camera* and passed the letter on to accused's counsel who objected to the procedure. On his Worship's maintaining that in the letter there were allegations against some great personage, the defence counsel contended that in that case the only point they could agree to was that if allegations were true the letter should not be read in the Court and that if they were false, the personage, concerned, should not be afraid of it. His Worship however, decided to hear the case *in camera* and ordered to Court to be cleared and this was done.

TENNIS IN ENGLAND.

SHIMIDZU SENSATION.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

In the Kent Lawn Tennis Championships at Beckenham, Shimidzu has reached the semi-final in Men's Singles. He defeated Beamish who played in the Davis Cup 4/6; 8/6; 6/4. Beamish led 5/3 in the second set. Shimidzu is at present causing a sensation in the sporting world and Beamish is the first Englishman to capture a set from him.

Shimidzu is partnering Mrs. Lambert Chambers at Beckenham and Wimbledon.

INTERNATIONAL LABOUR BUREAU.

INDIA'S REPRESENTATION ON EXECUTIVE.

GENOA, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

At the meeting of the Executive Council of the International Labour Bureau, M. Fontaine (France) presiding, the demand of India and other countries for seats on the Executive was referred to the Committee.

TURKISH PEACE TREATY.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

The Commission presided over by the Sheikh-ul-Islam has completed examination of the Peace Treaty and is drawing up a report.

POLISH COUNTER-OFFENSIVE.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 10.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., June 12.

The official summary dated 9th says:—The Polish counter-offensive is progressing favourably. It has reached the line Drissa Germanovitzi, westward of Plissa and the town of Beresina. The advance is continuing very rapidly and has already recovered over half of the area lost in May. The Red retreat in places is becoming a rout. The Polish front runs from a point, thirty-five miles east of Bielayatserkov to the west of Skvira, thence south to Lipovets, Bratslav and Vapnyarka.

UNREST IN MESOPOT.

LONDON, June 10.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., June 12.

In Mesopotamia a certain amount of unrest throughout the country continues. Our aeroplanes on the Upper Euphrates bombed four hundred Arabs assembling on the frontier. In the Mosul area, the Kurds raided a village murdering some local levies. The police post has been disarmed and the railway gang molested.

RUSSIAN REINFORCEMENTS TO ENZEL

LONDON, June 10.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., June 12.

In Persia it is reported that the Russians are sending reinforcements to Enzeli. A British detachment from Resht arrived at Menjil on the 4th and three hundred Bolsheviks from Enzeli after that occupied Resht.

EVILS OF "RASAI" IN SIND.

NEED FOR REDUCING TOURING ESTABLISHMENTS.

COMMISSIONER ON THE REMEDIES.

The following is the letter of the Commissioner of Sind addressed to the Government of Bombay as regards the recommendations of the Report of the "Rasai" Committee—a part of which was reproduced in our columns yesterday:—

2. The report, though dated July 1919 did not reach the Commissioner in its final form until the middle of November.

3. Beyond observing that the value of the report is somewhat discounted by the absence on the Committee of an officer possessing revenue experience, a defect which betrays itself in more than one passage, and that its general effect is to present what appears, on the whole, to be a somewhat overdrawn picture of the extent to which the evils of 'rasai' and 'chher' (*vide* Khan Bahadur Sayed Mahmud Shah's separate minute) are a harassment to the zamindars and the people of the country, the Commissioner does not propose to follow the Committee in their discussion of the subject but will confine himself to noting briefly on the Committee's specific recommendations. Before doing so, however, he would invite attention to the fact that the report makes it evident that the abuse of 'rasai,' meaning the withholding of payment for supplies or the payment of palpably inadequate rates for supplies (and it is necessary to note the difference between 'rasai' and its abuse, a thing which the Hon. Mr. Harchandrai has apparently failed to do in his remarks at the conclusion of paragraph 10 of his separate minute) is confined to the 'rasai' of the subordinate officials. This is important in view of the insinuations and attacks which have been freely made in certain quarters against the higher officers of Government. The Committee find that the latter are really the only persons who pay for their supplies and they repudiate the allegation of any lack of earnestness on the part of these officers in their efforts to check the mal-practices of their subordinates. Finally, the Commissioner would bring to the notice of Government that the effect of the proceedings of the Committee and of the publicity given to the whole question has already been to produce an appreciable reaction against the system. Nothing in this respect could be more significant than the information given him by one Collector to the effect that, when it was a question of deciding what clerks should accompany him on tour this year, there was apparent a general reluctance on the part of those concerned to be selected. This is a state of affairs the very reverse of what used to prevail until quite recently.

CAMPING GROUNDS.

4. The several recommendations of the Committee summarized in paragraphs 25 to 27 of the report are taken seriatim below:

Paragraph 25 (I).—Fixing of camping grounds and provision of bungalows. Bungalows make very little difference in the matter of 'rasai,' especially in view of the fact that the abuse is mainly connected with the requirments of subordinate establishments. As a matter of fact a large number of bungalows already exist, and touring can be carried on extensively without recourse to camping grounds and tents. These facilities are being steadily extended. As regards camping grounds, what is meant apparently is that touring officers should preferably camp at the larger villages where regular camping grounds are maintained. The principle, however, is one which, even if it could in practice be generally observed, would not necessarily conduce to any diminution of the hardships of 'rasai.' An occasional visit by the officer to his village is not ordinarily resented by the local zamindar. On the contrary he rather welcomes it. What is objected to is a constant succession of camps in the same place. This is what the proposed rule will tend to, whereas greater diffusion of camping would on the whole be a lesser evil.

(2) Employment of modis and seridars for maintenance of camps and provision of supplies. These are essential measures and should be adopted wherever possible, the question being taken up systematically. In places there will be practical difficulties in the way, for it will often be difficult to find a reliable modi for a given village. Seridars will doubtless be forthcoming, as the distinction attaching to the possession of a grant of revenue-free land, however small, is a powerful inducement. But on the other hand this agency, being necessarily drawn from the land-holding class and thus in sympathy with the traditional system, may be disinclined to accept payment. However, the system is one which should certainly be tried. The Commissioner has recently invited the opinions of district officers on a proposal to appoint patels remunerated by revenue-free grants of land for important villages where, owing to the disintegration of the tribal and feudal system, difficulty is being experienced in obtaining the services to Government that were formerly rendered by the local zamindar. On such an organization it would not be difficult to graft a system of contracting for the provision of supplies.

"A COUNSEL OF PERFECTION."

(3) Exclusion of village officers from the business of arranging for supplies. This is a counsel of perfection which can be strictly enforced only when the system of bania contractors and seridars has been brought into full working order. Failing this agency, or when the seridar is absent from his village, as will on occasions happen, the tapadar must be held responsible for making arrangements for supplies; otherwise serious inconvenience will result. But certainly the exclusion of the local revenue officials from all direct concern with the collection of supplies is the goal to be aimed at. Orders to that effect already exist, though in practice it is not always found possible to adhere to them strictly.

(4) Carrying of full camp equipment. Cot and water-jars cannot be carried about. In places where camps occur fairly frequently they should be kept on the spot. This is already done by some camp contractors, a charge more often than not at an exorbitant rate being made for the use of the articles. Stables and kitchen tents are useless and costly encumbrances should not be encouraged. At recognised camps 'landhis, or fairly substantial sheds of branches and grass, should be erected and maintained. This, as well as the general maintenance of the camping ground, should as at present, be undertaken by the Local Board staff, a Government grant, however being paid to the Local Board in return. Tents for all members of touring establishments are not essential. They involve additional labour in pitching and striking, and there is generally a 'musafirkhana' in which accommodation can be found. These are, of course, quite minor points in comparison with the essential one of the proper payment of supplies. That is the dominant issue.

TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES.

(5) Enhancement of travelling allowances. This is absolutely necessary in the case of all grades of touring officials. Proposals on the subject in regard to revenue officers, both superior and subordinate, are now before Government, but it may be necessary before long, at any rate in the case of subordinate officers, to supplement the present allowances still further. As already indicated the proceedings of the Committee have induced a considerable reaction against the system of free 'rasai,' and there is indeed a tendency, in places, so far at least as the higher officers are concerned, to overcharge for supplies. Officers to whom this occurs are in a difficult position, as to object to overcharges is to open the door to misrepresentation, and so they submit. Advantage is of course taken of this.

(6) Reduction of tours of Assistant and Deputy Collectors. There would be no objection, generally speaking, to cutting out, May as a touring month for these officers, thus reducing from seven to six months the minimum period of tour. On the other hand, comparatively little would be gained by this from the point of view of the suppression of 'rasai,' for halts during May are generally confined to taluka headquarters and other more important places where the 'rasai' question does not arise in an acute form. It is certainly inadvisable to impose any maximum period on the extent of an officer's touring. The latter must be dependent on conditions and circumstances. But there would be no objection to reducing the minimum to six months and fixing the 1st May as the date on which a Sub-Divisional Officer may proceed to headquarters for the recess.

DALIS FORBIDDEN.

(7) Orders absolutely forbidding the acceptance of 'adis,' including 'dumbas,' by officers have already issued. A copy of the orders is appended for the information of Government.

Paragraph 26 (1)) Reduction of tapadars to a purely ministerial position and replacement of supervising tapadars by Deputy Mukhtiarkars. The presence of a revenue officer on the Committee would have prevented the making of the former of these recommendations, which is impracticable. Tapadars cannot be divested of their functions of inspection and reporting. The exercise of such functions by the village staff is inherent in the land revenue system of the province, under which land pays assessment according to whether or not it is cultivated and according to the mode of cultivation. As regards supervising tapadars, their pay has been nearly doubled since the report was drafted, and it is hoped, while not closing the avenue to promotion from the ranks of tapadars, to draft into this grade certain elements drawn from a different class. The suggested Deputy Mukhtiarkars could not well draw much more pay than is drawn by supervising tapadars on the new scale, and there is nothing to indicate that a higher standard of integrity could be expected of them.

As regards salaries, those of the tapadars have recently undergone revision, now ranging from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30; but these rates are generally recognized to be inadequate. No hope of making these officials reasonably honest can be entertained until an entirely different scale of remuneration is applied to them.

(2) Substitution for the present large staffs of low paid men of small staffs of better paid men drawn from all classes of the community. The desirability of this is generally admitted. It will be borne in mind in the framing of proposals for the general revision of the pay of establishments. Of course, it has to be recognized that the process of transition will be a difficult one and must necessarily be gradual. Better qualified men are not to be had at a moment's notice to replace the existing men, nor can the latter be got rid of at a moment's notice.

RECRUITMENT.

As regards the question of recruitment from among Muhammadans as well as Hindus, it is one which has always claimed the attention of responsible officers. In the case of tapadars, equality of recruitment practically prevails; but the lack of qualified candidates is an obstacle to the establishment of this state of affairs in the case of the clerical staff, although it has been the practice to exact lower qualifications from Muhammadan candidates.

(3 Increase of personal supervision and more direct disposal of work by touring officers, and reduction in the number of inspections of offices.

The first two of these recommendations are unexceptionable, but they postulate much smaller charges for all revenue officers from the Collector downwards. There is no doubt that in Sind charges are far too large to admit of the requisite degree of personal attention by the officers holding them. Talukas should be halved. Sub-divisions should consist of two instead of four of the present sized talukas. Districts should be more on the lines of that in force in the Punjab and the United Provinces. This change will be absolutely forced upon us when the Barrage Scheme comes in with its immense increase in cultivation, but it is necessary to get to work on the revision now.

The recommendation with regard to the inspection of offices evidently proceeds on lack of knowledge of the system of revenue administration. In the first place the inspection of a taluka office by the Collector is in substitution of, and is not additional to, an inspection by the Sub-Divisional Officer. Consequently the proposal to confine inspections to those by the latter officer would not by itself reduce the number of inspections. In the next place the inspection such offices by superior officers whose inspecting staff is more highly trained and has wider experience is undoubtedly beneficial, and there is no visible advantage in replacing it by an inspection of inferior standard. Finally, it does not seem to have been realized that a taluka office is an organization entirely different from the correspondence offices of Assistant or Deputy Collectors. The former not only includes a whole system of land revenue and takavi accounts, but is the repository of all correspondences and orders regarding the disposal of land the most important branch of the revenue administration of the province. Inspection of a taluka office constitutes an audit of accounts and a review of the administration not only so far as the taluka officer's work is concerned but also in regard to the work of the superior offices. Such inspection is therefore a mater of primary importance. The inspection of Assistant Collectors' offices would be of very little use and would certainly be entirely inefficacious as a measure for the suppression of 'lapo.' The inspection of a Collector's office by the Commissioner is not a practicable proposition.

"CHHER."

Paragraph 27.—The Committee seem to have been mislaid in regard to the question of 'chher.' The idea of a gang of 50 to 100 men or more being maintained daily in connection with any officer's camp is altogether novel to the Commissioner. What there would be for them to do is difficult to imagine. Apart from the occasions when tents are being pitched or struck, a matter of a couple of hours at the most for which perhaps half-a-dozen to a dozen men are required in order to help the pattawalas or khalassis, the number of men employed about a camp does not ordinarily exceed two or three. And these come in only casually for an hour or so to do odd jobs. In the nature of things there cannot be much work to do. Payment of such casual labour is difficult to make and will probably often be refused. However, the principle of payment is one which must be enforced, and matters will, no doubt, in course of time adjust themselves. Mr. Sawhney in his separate minute has indicated the lines on which action might proceed.

As regards the preparation of camping grounds, here also the Committee appear to have gone somewhat astray. Camping grounds are in charge of Local Boards, and the comparatively small amount of work required once a year in clearing them of jungle is done by the 'beldars' or permanent road staff of the Local Board.

As regards road repairs, practically all Local Boards now maintain a permanent repairing staff. Formerly the system of repairing by contract was generally in vogue. Altogether inadequate, amounts were allotted, and the nominal contractors, who were generally local zamindars, used to supply labour and grass partly or wholly free. This has entirely changed, sufficient proof thereof being afforded by the impoverished finances of the Local Boards and the present miserable state of their roads.

"A DIFFICULT MATTER."

In regard to the whole question of 'chher' it is as well to recognise what local sentiment generally is on the subject. Neither the zamindar nor his 'haris' object to the 'haris' being used occasionally for an old job of work for a few hours. But to get a man for a full day's work on a daily wage is a difficult matter. Only extreme pressure will secure this. It is a not primarily a matter of indolence, though this element is a factor, but of self-respect. The 'hari' resents strongly anything which places him on a par with a cooly

5. The Committee have not made any specific recommendation in regard to one important means by which the evil of 'rasai' can be minimized, namely, the drastic reduction of touring establishments. Much has been done in this direction already, but a good deal more will, with improved communications, be possible in the future, and is even now feasible. Collectors do not require to take more than one, or possible two, clerks with them, provided satisfactory arrangements are made for the transmission of post and files to and from headquarters. Even if such a reduction is not feasible, the touring establishment, apart from a single personal clerk, should confine its halts to taluka headquarters. Similarly during short halts at outlying places Sub-Divisional Officers should leave their office establishments behind at taluka headquarters. This will be more generally practicable as magisterial work tends more and more to be transferred to Resident Magistrates. Other departments should aim at the same reductions. The Commissioner considers that this is by far the most promising line of progression towards the solution of the 'rasai' problem, though at the same time he believes that already there is taking place a change of attitude on the part of the people towards the evil traditions of the past, and anticipates that this change will develop rapidly.

'LAPO.'

6. Undoubtedly, however, the most serious evil of all is that of 'lapo', of which, as has repeatedly been insisted, 'rasai' in its worst form is the direct outcome. The suppression of this widely spread form of corruption, ingrained as the latter is in the traditions and character of the people, is a matter of immense difficulty, not to be achieved by any heroic measures or any set of rules. While the grant of adequate salaries to tapadars and taluka munshis will not of itself directly eradicate the evil, it will at any rate make it no longer an inevitable feature of the administration, and so far then as 'lapo' is concerned, the first measure to be adopted is the revision, on a liberal scale, of the salaries of the subordinate revenue establishments. For the rest, reliance must be placed on a greater degree of personal supervision on the part of the superior staff, this being rendered possible by the reduction of administrative charges, and above all on the gradual introduction among the rural classes of a higher degree of education and sense of independence and public morality. In regard to the latter quality the presence of the Punjab colonists in the Jamrao tract may be expected in course of time to exert a certain influence. These men absolutely decline to pay 'lapo' and their example cannot fail to tell in the end.

OPEN REBELLION IN FIJI.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly insert the following few lines in your well-known paper?

The letter of "Ek Bhartiya Hendaja" published in your issue of yesterday about the occurrences in Fiji has sent a thrill of pain through every patriotic heart. Indians never expected justice at the hands of the Fiji Government. How can they when they are doubtful of getting it in India and even in England! But the most surprizing thing is that we have been entirely kept in the dark about the real situation through the painful tragedy was enacted four months back. People want to know why the Indian Government is still silent.

The greatest peculiarity of this "open rebellion" seems to be that it was set on foot by women. Mr. Reay, of course, handled the situation like an expert. He at once marched to the place where women had gathered together to discuss an ugly rumour about Mrs. Manilal's arrest though it was a private enclosure; put some question to Rahiman, an Indian woman; got excited with her straight talk and then charged her with the baton. What a chivalrous fellow! And then he fired on the Indian mob which came to assist the helpless woman and fired well of course because he soon succeeded in suppressing the so-called rebellion.

The heart grows sick, dear editor, as the mind goes over the recent events in Punjab and Fiji. Are we to be denied even the elementary rights of a civilized nation of carrying on a peaceful strike as a protest against the uncompromising attitude of the employers? If the idea of civilization be that only white races should rule, that only white women should be respected and that all other coloured races must merely work as "hewers of wood and drawers of water" and should silently suffer every humiliation from whitemen, I, for one, will rather remain a barbarian. The painful thing is that such an idea actually governs the minds of the white races as will be seen from the events of past years in India and abroad, were not Indian women women? It is degrading to a warrior to fight with an unarmed opponent but it is their cowardice to beat a helpless women. But the days of chivalry are gone. Those of sycophants, bureaucrats, and cold-blooded murderers have come. The Indian public will see that Mr. Reay will at the end of the enquiry if any is to be held will not only go unpunished but on the other hand will be hailed as a great military expert who saved a perilous situation the people of India are quite prepared to hear such judgment from their recent experience in Punjab affairs.

What is our duty then towards over sixty thousand suffering brethren in a far off clime! It is futile to look to an apathetic Government like ours for immediate inquiry: But the voice of our suffering brethren should not go unheard. It is our duty to organise an independent deputation consisting of Indians and send it to Fiji to report on the situation, and to take steps to relieve our countrymen from other sufferings. I herewith send my humble contribution towards the expenses of such a deputation and I hope others will follow the example. I enclose my card herewith.

—Yours, etc.,

LOVE.

Bombay, June 10.

CONDITIONS IN WAZIRISTAN

BLOCKADE PARTIALLY RAISED.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, June 9.

The "Pioneer" says:—A well-informed correspondent writes that conditions in Waziristan are now becoming more settled and there are many signs of increasing confidence on the part of the tribesmen in the intentions of British Government. The blockade has now been raised in case of those sections which have paid in full their share of rifles. At the end of May the first Mahsud convoy composed of 200 camels left Jandola for Tank to fetch supplies from Derajat. Most of the other sections which still have a balance outstanding against them appear really desirous of peace and they are making strenous efforts to pay off their remaining liabilities in order to get the blockade raised in their case also. Some families of a few subsections still recalcitrant have migrated to Afghanistan. The arrival of these uninvited and undesirable immigrants has been welcomed with no enthusiasm by the local Afghan villagers who, not only have to support the Mahsuds, but find themselves victims of their familiar thieving propensities. Urgent petitions for their expulsion are being received by the Governor of Urgun from the villages which have suffered most at the hands of these unwelcome guests. The Mahsuds have refused Haji Abur Razaq permission to spend the month of Ramzan at Torwam where he has arrived with his following from Shakai, water being scarce at the latter spot and looted six of his tents and with his Wazir levies enlisted in Wana. Diminishing day by day by desertion he has now returned to Shakai where he will have the consolation of finding Shah Daula in an equally unfortunate plight.

LATEST CABLES.

O'DWYER SPEAKS!

WEAKLY EXTENUATES HIMSELF.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. Midnight June 11.

Sir Michael O'Dwyer in a letter to the "Times" emphasises that the delay in the publication of the broad facts regarding the disturbances at Amritsar is a most important point. He points out that nothing prejudiced the case of General Dyer and those who administered martial law more than the suspicion that they had done things which could not stand criticism and which were therefore concealed or minimized by them on the authorities in India. He lays stress on the absolute lack of foundation for that suspicion and states that on June 30th 1919 he interviewed Mr. Montagu, fully discussed the outbreaks at Amritsar and elsewhere and gave full information to Mr. Montagu, Lord Sinha, Sir Thomas Holderness and others at the India Office. He considers that as regards the main facts, the India Office were well informed as he whilst member of the Esher Committee endeavoured to impress the India Office with the gravity of the situation in the Punjab which in his opinion, they had not then sufficiently realised.

Sir M. O'Dwyer emphasised the following points:—In the first place, the composition of the Hunter Committee was defective and the minority was not impartial; secondly, six months' interval between the disorders and commencement of the inquiry seriously prejudiced the officers concerned; thirdly, the terms of reference which excluded Calcutta and Peshawar unduly limited the scope of the inquiry; fourthly, the Committee did not cover all of the ground omitting consideration of the judicial findings in the conspiracy and other trials; fifthly, consequently their conclusion that there was nothing to show that conspiracy was prearranged has little value; sixthly, the condemnation of the martial law commissions' sentences as unduly severe is not justified; seventhly, the officers engaged in repressing the disorders were prejudiced by the delay in the publication of the facts regarding the outbreaks; and eightly, the condemnation of officers especially by the minority for irregularities in administering martial law, is not justified in view of the fact that they were denied the benefits of civil advice and guidance in exercise of novel and difficult responsibilities.

Sir M. O'Dwyer adds that neither in the Hunter Report, nor in the Indian Governments Despatch not in Mr. Montagu's reply is there any condemnation of the conduct of those who fomented the disorders who were primarily responsible for bloodshed and the hardships of martial law.

MARTIAL LAW IN PUNJAB.

RESPONSIBILITY OF INDIAN GOVT.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1-30 a.m., June 12.

The "Morning Post" says:—Sir M O'Dwyer's letter puts a new face upon the controversy. It shows that the Government of the Punjab on April 16th, 1919, proposed to the Indian Government a scheme for keeping the administration of martial law under civil control in order to prevent the risk of injudicious action on the part of inexperienced military officers. The reply of the Indian Government was a blank refusal.

The "Post" criticises the attitude of the Indian Government and Mr. Montagu and contrasts Mr. Montagu's statement in the House of Commons in November that he knew nothing until he saw the reports in the papers with Sir M. O'Dwyer's statement that he told Mr. Montagu the whole story in preceding June. The paper concludes:—It appears that the onus of justification has shifted. It is not a question as to whether Sir M. O'Dwyer and General Dyer should be broken, but as to whether they should not be publicly recognised as having averted a great danger. Any reprobation should clearly fall on the Indian Government and Mr. Montagu.

DEBATE ON HUNTER REPORT POSTPONED.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Reuter understands that in view of the decision of the Army Council to allow General Dyer to submit a further written statement the debate in the Commons on the Hunter Report fixed for the 10th instant has been postponed.

GERMAN ARMY EFFECTIVES

"REDUCTION IMPOSSIBLE."

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Paris.—The German Government on the 4th instant addressed a fresh Note to the Allied declaring that it was impossible to reduce the Army effective to a hundred thousand provided for in the Treaty and demanding that the Reichswehr totalling two hundred thousand should be maintained permanently.

The Allied Military Council has now replied stating that it is not prepared to depart from the Allied attitude adopted at San Remo, the purport of which was to press Germany to fulfil her engagements.

COMPOSITION OF NEW REICHSTAG.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Berlin.—Including the Deputies who retain their mandate for the former Assembly the new Reichstag consists of 460 members composed as follows:—Social Democrats 110; Centre Party 67; Democrats 45; Christain Federalists 21; German Nationalists 65; German Peoples Party 61; Independent Socialists 80; Communists 2; Bavarian Peasants 4; Guelphs 5. The total poll was 25,719,000.

Schilcke, Minister of Labour is the only member of the Cabinet who has failed to get a seat.

ITALIAN CABINET RESIGNS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Rome.—The Cabinet has resigned.

MR. WATT RESIGNS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

The Australian Minister Mr. Watt who is at present in Europe in connection with the International Financial Conference at Brussels has resigned the post of Commonwealth Treasurer owing to his being at variance with Mr. Hughes and other members of the Cabinet.

INDIAN TROOPS OUTSIDE INDIA.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Replying in the Commons to Mr. Ben Spoor, Mr. Montagu stated that about 138,800 Indian troops were serving outside India. The cost was defrayed from the Imperial revenues. It had not been suggested that India should bear any part of the cost of the military occupation of Mesopotamia.

PASSAGE IN INVALIDS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

In repl to Col. Yate Mr. Montagu pointed out that persons invalided home from India under medical certificate were given absolute priority and he did not doubt that the same principle was followed in allocating passages in extra ships provided this season.

OFFICERS' UNIORMS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Replying to Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Montagu stated that no decision had been reached with regard to pre-war uniforms for British officers of the Indian Army. It depended very largely on the details and nature of the full dress adopted for the Army generally.

REPATRIATION OF WOUNDED MEN.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

In reply to Sir B. Falle, Mr. Montagu stated that he had telegraphed to the Indian Government with regard to the delay in bringing home men wounded in recent fighting.

CEYLON REFORMS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Replying to Mr. Spoor, Lt.-Col. Leslie Wilson stated that Lord Milner was still considering the question of reforms in the Ceylon Constitution and proposed shortly to receive deputations from Ceylon.

TRANSFER OF DOMINIONS BUSINESS.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

Replying to Sir Harry Wilson and Sir Newton Moore with regard to proposal to transfer the Dominions business from the Colonial Office to the Privy Council, Mr. Lloyd George referred to the answer he gave to Major Ormesby Gore on the 3rd instant.

Viscount Winterton mentioned that a letter on question had been sent to the Premier signed by many members of the Commons of all parties and also by Peers and outside experts and asked the Premier to receive a deputation.

Mr. Lloyd George replied that he would be very glad to do so. He emphasised that the Government was considering the question very carefully.

FALL IN PRICE OF SILVER.

(Reuter's Telegram.)

LONDON, June 9.
Recd. 1 a.m., June 12.

The fall of sixpence an ounce in price of silver yesterday was largely due to decreased demand from China and from the Continent following the ding of silver. The fall in price in ted States below a dollar an ounce dered inoperative the discretionar given the Washington Mint by th Act to buy silver at a doliar an o der to replace the silver exported war time. It is pointed out that price which is thought likely t must tend to make foodstuffs and modities from the East cheaper

SHEAVES.

KAISER'S THRONE.

(BY AN IDLER.)

The Kaiser's throne will shortly be sold. It is said the Royal Chair, with 64 articles of Imperial furniture, has been despatched to New York, where the sale will take place.

Senator's Tour.

Some senators of the "Land of Dollars" propose to make a tour of Hawai, Japan, China and the Phillipines. They have been urged to visit India by the Home Rule League, New York.

Japanese Politics.

It is said that organized opposition is a feature of Japanese politics. Plans are regularly projected for breaking up party meetings.

Sometimes hooligans are employed to do the disturbing. Recently a political meeting was brought to an untimely end when a basketful of snakes were liberated on platform.

Premier's Appetite.

Mr. Lloyd George does not take his food when excited. It is said he mainly subsists on tea and tobacco during elections and other excited times. But such is not the case with his predecessor Mr. Asquith. The latter does not lose his appetite in excitements.

Phraseology of the Commons.

Lady Astor is observing no convention of Parliament so far at least phraseology is concerned. Recently, says the "Answers," when another M. P. might have said of Commander Kenworthy 'the hon. member would render a service to this House by being silent,' she defied convention by shouting to him "You be quiet!" Again "she caused a mild sensation the other day by crying "Hooray!" when a bill she was interested in passed second reading."

Egyptian Parliamentary Committee.

It is reported that a Committee of the British Parliament has been constituted to protect the interests of Egypt. It will be but a poor consolation to the unhappy people who have been deprived of their independence.

Poland's Exploits.

Reuter has been enlightening us pretty well about the advance Poland is making in its new war against Russia. Poland has its new war against Russia. Poland has embarked on the bloody exploit to enforce her claims to the old frontiers of 1772. In other words, the object of the adventure is, to quote the "Herald," to annex a population of 30,000,000 people, of whom about 8 per cent. are Poles." Though Poland has gone beyond the boundaries assigned to her by the Supreme Council, and thereby dishonoured the Peace Treaty, still she is being helped by the Allied Administrations. The French have provided her 'with a 'General Staff' picked from amongst the ablest soldiers in France', and England is aiding them with munitions. Whatever be the results of the unhappy adventure 'one thing seems inevitable that it will postpone all possibility of establishing peace in Eastern Europe' says the "New Statesman."

Labour's Condemnation.

Though the Coalition has extended a hand of help to Poland, yet British Labour is furiously against assisting the Poles in their 'mad adventure.' They consider the new war a 'crime' against the peace of the world, and are determined to prevent England from aiding the Poles. The London dockers have already refused to load the "Jolly George", with munitions for Poland and a 'ringing call' has been sent out to the whole Labour movement to do the same.

"New Move In Asia Minor."

The "Daily Herald" publishes the following:—

A remarkable review of the situation in Asia Minor is given by the Constantinople correspondent of the "Epoca" (Rome):—

The British and French authorities, he declares, according to an Exchange wire from Rome, are now endeavouring to open negotiations with Mustapha Kemal, the leader of the Turkish National Army, whose warcry is the integrity of the Ottoman Empire as it stood in 1914. The reason for the action of the Allies in trying to negotiate with this deadly enemy is that the situation is growing more dangerous, especially in the interior, beyond the reach of the British naval guns. In other words, the power of the Allies in Asia Minor extends just as far from the coast as can be covered by a warship bombardment, and no farther. A large military expedition, the message adds, is required to meet the situation, especially in Syria, where the French garrisons are being slowly driven back towards the sea.

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THE WORLD AND ISLAM.

The following letter appears in the "New Statesman":—

Sir,—Sir Harry Johnston has raised the question of Islam's toleration of free thought, and the Rev. J. C. Hardwick has suggested that those interested should consult Renan's lecture on *Islam and Science*. If you permit me, I should like to add Renan's *Life of Christ* also, a book of some importance on the subject. But if the publications of the Rationalist Press are not easily accessible I would recommend a careful study of Draper's *Conflict between Religion and Science*. If any doubt still remains about Islam's complete freedom of thought, Dr. T. W. Arnold's book, *Preaching of Islam*, should succeed in removing it.

Throughout the fourteen centuries of the history of Islam one does not come across a single instance of a scholar being burnt to death or beheaded for his scholarship or researches. The courts of the Khalifas and Moslem Emperors were full of Christian and Jewish savants. I hope shall be pardoned for saying that in this twentieth century and under the tolerant and so-called civilised nations of Europe no non-European has attained to the position and dignity which non-Moslems have enjoyed in all centuries under Moslem rule. Is it a proof of the tolerance of Islam or its intolerance that we find even to-day in the very heart of Islamic countries small historic communities of Christians and Jews thriving peacefully and undisturbed, while you do not find one single Mussulman in Spain or Sicily which once had a very large Moslem population? Who does not know the cruel manner in which the Mussulmans of Spain were expelled and exterminated and the consequential economic and intellectual ruin of that country from the effects of which she has not recovered yet? The harrowing details of the inhuman treatment under which the Mussulmans suffered in Russia only yesterday can be read in the two volumes of the "Talghes-ul-Akhbar" published at Kazan. Who does not know the treatment of the Jews in all the Christian countries of Europe? And, on the other hand, how were they treated in Egypt, in Spain, in Syria and finally in Turkey? Their treatment in these lands is the finest example of the essential tolerance of Islam. Those who claim to be classed among people with great humanitarian sympathies should make a special study of the indignities and cruelties the Mussulmans have suffered and are still in many cases suffering in Crete, Greece, Macedonia and Serbia. To whose spirit of tolerance shall we attribute certain events in human history which go by the name of "Crusades"?

For honest inquirers after the truth of Islamic knowledge and culture I would earnestly recommend Gustav le Bon's *Civilisation des Arabes*.

Mussulmans as a rule are divided into Arabs and non-Arabs. Among the latter we include Persians, Indians, Turks, Mongols and so on, and these peoples have produced scholars and philosophers not by the scores but by the hundreds. It is true that Arabia proper has not given to the world any philosopher of outstanding fame. Yet we do find one or two names in Yemen. But the reason for this peculiarity is to be found in the fact that all the schools of Arabia proper specialised in theology and the teaching of the religious lore. Philosophers and scientists of great eminence and fame are, however, to be found among the brothers and cousins of these very men after they had migrated to Syria, Egypt, Tunis, Algeria, Morocco and Spain. The reputation of these great Arabs will endure till the end of the world in branches of knowledge and science from which all our modern knowledge takes its source. Those who care to study the contribution of Islam to the knowledge of the modern world should read the histories of Ibn-i-Khallikan, Ibn-i-Saaid and Ibn-i-Nadeem. If only an effort were made to get at true information in these books we should very soon hear the last of the intolerance of Islam.

The pan-Islamic movement has no existence except in the brains of people obsessed with ideas of Yellow, Black, Blue, Red and White Perils. To me European imperialism and exploitation of other people appear to be more dangerous for the world than the so-called pan-Islamism of Christian bogey-manufacturers. I leave it to the judgment of those readers of yours who have travelled in Eastern countries to decide if enthusiasm for one's faith is or is not less dangerous to humanity than the Nationalism of Europe.—Yours, etc.,

SYED SULAIMAN NADVI.

8 Albert Hall Mansions, Kensington Gore, S. W.

LATEST ABOUT BUGGA AND RATTOO.

"CARRIED IN SPECIAL-PROBABLY TO ANDAMANS."

A correspondent writes from Delhi under date June 10:—

"Chaudhries Rattoo and Bugga passed Delhi, Wednesday evening by a special train, probably on their way to the Andamans. I happened at the station that time. On seeing me they shouted "Bande Mataram." They looked most cheerful. Nation's request again flouted."

LABOUR UNREST IN BOMBAY.

CAUSES AND REMEDIES.

(BY N. M. JOSHI.)

There are at present consistent rumours in the city that a strike of the workers in Bombay is impending. The millowners, the Government as well as those who are interested in the welfare of the working classes are, I think, aware of these rumours. The strike may come or may not come. Very few people are in a position to say either way with certainty. Although the Government and the millowners may attribute the previous two big strikes in Bombay to the efforts of agitators, my deliberate opinion is that none of these two strikers were engineered by any outsiders; neither were they the results of the organised effort on the part of the workers themselves. Every one in Bombay knows that the method adopted in effecting the strikes was that the workmen of a mill should stop work, go out, and prevent the other mills working. This clearly shows that there was no preconcerted organised effort. Neither are the workers of Bombay, in my opinion, capable of it on account of their ignorance and illiteracy. As regards the outside agitators, political or otherwise, my frank opinion is that there are no persons in the city who have any influence, worth the name, over the workers so as to cause a general strike. The outsiders come on the scene when the strike becomes established. They may help in formulating the demands on behalf of the strikers but how powerless they are to guide the actions of the latter was clearly seen in the last strikes. The first strike was absolutely spontaneous. I cannot speak with certainty about the second strike as I was not in Bombay when it took place. But my guess is that besides the real causes of discontent the success of the first strike must have given encouragement to try again.

When we begin to search into the causes of the present unrest, we can find three distinct elements working on the minds of the workers hands. The first is that going on strike tends to become a habit like other human actions. I do not mean to say that the workers if they go on strike again will do so without any real causes of discontent, but it cannot be gains aid that one strike makes the next easier. Moerover the cases of the employers raising the wages of their employees or redressing their other grievances voluntarily are so few that the working classes consider that the only method of securing their object is to go on strike. There are hardly any employers who increase the wages of the workmen before the increment is demanded although the need for it may have long become quite obvious.

Prices and Housing.

The second element in the present discontent consists of certain hardships experienced by the workers which have not yet been removed. The last two strikes have given increased wages to the workers but every one acquainted with their conditions knows that they have not fully reaped the benefit of the increament. Since the last strike, the working class hotels have raised their rates and the shopkeepers have begun to demand higher prices, perhaps for the only reason that the workers have begun to receive more money. An important but unseen cause of their discontent consists of the filthy and inadequate housing accomodation in the city. Hardly anything has yet been done to remove this grievance. I know that schemes for building chawls for workmen are being made, also know that houses cannot be built in few months, but it is equally true that mere preparations of schemes cannot remove the discontent caused by the housing conditions. Nor even is it possible for the workers to know of these schemes on account of their ignorance. It is true that when they go on strike they do not make an effective demand for housing because they are unable to probe into the causes of their own discontent. But my humble opinion is that the housing condition in Bombay plays an important, part in maintaining discontent amongst the working classes in the city.

Other Causes.

The hardships caused by want of provision for compensation against accidents, for maternity and sick benefits do still exist. The working classes may not make these an important plank in their demands but all the same their hardships help in maintaining the discontent Since the last strike the working hours in Bombay mills have been reduced. But no effort has yet been made to provide opportunities for recreation in order that they should fully reap the benefits of the reduction of the working time. Healthy recreation is bound to soften the bitterness of the discontent, but the most potent cause of the discontent is the present-day faulty industrial system. It has been several times pointed out that at present there is no human touch between the employers and the workmen. I admit that in modern factories the old method of maintaining this touch is not possible. But there are certainly methods of factory managements by which a feeling may be given to the working classes, that they are not mere hired hands. Modern times require modern methods but let us not suppose that these methods will not exist. Only we must try to find them out by the experience of the other advanced countries. The third element in the discontent, which is threatening to break out, consists of the recent increase of wages in the mills at Ahmedabad. The men in the spinning sections of the mills of Bombay are at present getting a monthly wage varying between Rs. 18 and Rs. 25 while the minimum wage in Ahmedabad has gone upto Rs. 27. This cannot fail to create discontent in the minds of the workmen in Bombay. The living conditions in Ahmedabad are expected to be cheaper than in Bombay. It is not, therefore, unnatural that the workers should have desire to get higher wages than those existing in Ahmedabad. These three sets of causes are at the bottom of the present unrest. To these may be added a vague belief in the minds of the workmen that th millowners and the mill agents are rich and therefore they too are entitled to a du share of the prosperity of the industry.

What should be Done.

One may naturally ask what is necessary to be done under the present circumstances to prevent the strike if it is coming. must frankly admit that I cannot suggest any course which may be suitable either to the millowners or to the employees. The millowners are not in a mood to grant increased wages nor do I see any method to disuade the workers from resorting to strike if they are bent upon it. There is no touch between the two parties and there is no third party having influence and touch on both. But we may consider at this juncture what is necessary to be done in Bombay if not to prevent the next strike but at least to reduce the chances of the future ones as well as to lessen the causes of discontent and usual bitterness.

Need of Joint Consultation.

First, of all I would suggest that the millowners and also the Government and the educated public ought to give more serious consideration to the labour problem as well as the needs of the working classes. Although every one knows that at present there exists discontent amongst the working classes still hardly any steps are seen to be taken to deal with it satisfactorily. The millowners may have secretly planned to meet the strike if it comes and the Government may have also made their own arrangements to deal with it, but this course will not certainly prevent a strike. I would have liked an open effort made to meet the situation. I cannot see what is there to prevent a joint meeting to discuss the situation being held. I do not expect the workers to approach the situation being held. I do not expect the workers to approach the millowners in an organised way to discuss their demands. But I do certainly expect the millowners and the Government to make an effort to meet the men face to face and undrstand each others' point of view. If this cannot be done on the present occasion, an effort should at least be made for some joint consultation whenever there are any indications of unrest in future. There is no better method of coming to an understanding but a joint consultation. Although the mill-hands in Bombay are ignorant and unorganised still I do not think it is impossible to make some arrangement by which the workers and the employers may come together and learn each ohers' point of view. Such Joint Workshop Committees are beginning to come into existence both in England and America and the sooner they are introduced here the better.

Wanted—Serious Action.

There should also be arrangement in each factory for studying the needs of the workers and for taking steps to satisfy them without any delay. As regards the hardships caused by housing difficulties added by the want of making profision against sickness and accidents, although they cannot be removed within a very short time, it is necessary that the workers should be able to see that a serious effort is being made for this removal. The matter must be treated as an urgent one and an effort must be made to make the workers feel that it, being so treated. It is also necessary that in Bombay opportunities, for recreations must be provided without any delay otherwise the benefit of the reduction of hours will not be fully reaped. It is patent to all who know the city that at present no such opportunity exists. If the millowners, the Government and the Municipality cooperate in this matter no long time is necessary to make arrangements for providing open spaces play grounds, clubs and other amusements for the working classes. Provision for recreation will also be useful in checking the consumption of liquor which is at present playing a great havoc. I have heard many millowners and managers of mills complaining that the increased wages given to the workmen have been spent in large number of cases in liquor. But let us ask ourselves what we have done to prevent this. It is for the Government to control the drink traffic but it is in the hands of the millowners and the educated public to provide counter-attractions of healthy recreation and amusement. It is no use merely blaming the working classes for their habit of drunkenness if the temptations for it are profuseiy thrown in their way.

Education—The Vital Need.

Lastly, I would like to say one word about the education of the working classes in the city. I think the last two strikes in Bombay ought to have taught us how dangerous it is to society to keep in ignorance a large section of the population which is likely to be in discontent from time to time. The Municipality which is entrusted with the duty of imparting primary education in the city does not pay any attention to the education of adult working classes. The Government as well as the employers are equally indifferent to this question. But this indifference to the most vital matter is bound to be frought with serious consequences. Although the problem of education of a large number of people seems to be very difficult still in the present prosperous condition of the industry as well as the city in general, it is quite practicable at least to teach reading and writing to a fair percentage of the working class population of the city. But unfortunately even the small efforts of private organisations to educate the working classes do not receive sufficient encouragement from either the millowners, the Government or the Municipality. I do not know how long it will take to make them realise their duty in this matter.

NON-CO-OPERATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Will you please publish the following in your valued journal?

The question whether the proposed non-co-operation movement about to be started in this country will prove successful is being freely discussed day after day by our leaders of public opinion in order to arrive at a definite and thorough decision with regard to its practicability. It is no doubt an acknowledged fact that the Turkish Peace terms now offered to Turkey are really unjust and drastic, and for the modifications of which, several methods have been promulgated by those leaders of Moslems in this country, who have succinctly stated that they would not even for a moment, stand such an amazing decision as that of the authorities concerned. Sir, our leaders often state that they did, up to now, what was in their power to do to urge the authorities concerned with regard to the solemn question of Khilafat; but now they come forward and assert that the only course now left to them in order to bring British statesmen to their senses, is the non-co-operation movement, of which, we are given to comprehend, Messrs. Gandhi Shaukat Ali and Chotant are the chief advocates. In his thoughtful, worth-considering and well-worded article entitled. "Khilafat" in the "Young India". Mr. M. K. Gandhi, who has admirably tried to reply to some questions directly put to him by some persons, who, as it is quite apparent, are not in agreement with his views on the "Turkish Peace terms and the non-co-operation movement", says. "On the contrary, I consider non-co-operation to be such a powerful and pure instrument, that if it is enforced in an earnest spirit, it will be like seeking first the kingdom of God and everything else following as a matter of course. People will have, then, realised their true power. They would have learnt the value of discipline, self-control, joint action, non-violence organisation and everthing else that goes to make nation great and good, and not merely great." Now, Sir, may I humbly put a straight question to Mr. Gandhi, Viz., is there no other better and nobler way to which one can resort in urging British statesmen to revise their statements supposed to be hastily made with regard to Turkey, than the one with which we have been made familiar by you and your colleagues? With respect and admiration for Mahatma Gandhi I must honestly say that the proposed non-cooperation movement is not a pure instrument to which one can resort at this critical moment, and I apprehend whether by adopting it, the authorities concerned will at all be moved. Can we not, I ask, by further agitation on constitutional lines, attain our aim, for the fulfilment of which we have been endeavouring for the last so many months It is most admirable and satisfactory to find the Right Hon. Mr. Ameer Ali carrying on agitation in England on constitutional lines for some months on behalf of a hundred millions of the King's subjects. Mr. Ameer Ali, as we are quite aware, notwithstanding the avowed fact that the Moslems have been propmulgated by, has not, at any time, proposed to take any sort of severe measures against the Government, for the simple reason that righteousness alone will triumph in the long run. Even in his recent letter to the "Times," Mr. Ameer Ali expresses his honest and just indignation at the opinionative ways of the authorities concerned to satiate the bitter feelings and animosities of some British statesmen with regard to Turkey. Still, it is not too late to give up the non-co-operation movement, which if once firmly introduced in this country by our leaders, will bring about grave consequences, for which, they alone shall have to repent. Let us, therefore, hope that the special session of the Congress about to be held at Jubbulpore will think it fit to advise the organisers of the said movement to desist it from being introduced, at present, into this country.

Sir, one cannot comprehend as to what made His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad to issue a prohibiting Khilafat meetings to be held within the dominions of Hyderabad States. The Nizam's said Farman has been upheld, it is very strange, by "The Pioneer", which has stated in its leader of Monday last. "We do not suppose that even the most fanatical Khilafat Extremist would venture to call in question the sincerity of the head of the principal Mohomedan state in India as an exponent of Moslem sentiment; and we feel sure that his (Nizam's) action will give all thoughtful Mussalmans food for a serious reflection before they commit themselves to any of the wild schemes of non-co-operation advocated by Mr. Gandhy and Mr. Shauket Ali." The Nizam, on the cantrary, by issuing a farman has created a bad taste in the minds of his co-religionists, who are still hopeful of having a better treatment with regard to the Turkish Peace Terms from the Premier and his colleagues. It is, however, quite apparent that His Exalted Highness does not believe in further agitation of his co-religionists in connection with the Khilafat question. I once more appeal, therefore, to the leaders of public opinion to adhere very strongly to 'constitutional agitation', because it is by staunchly following it we shall be in a position to succeed in moving the authorities concerned to modify the proposed Turkish Peace Terms now offered to the unfortunate Sultan of Turkey.—Yours, etc.,

UMRIGAR.

INDIAN SECURITIES ACT

The draft of rules which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Indian Securities Act, 1920 is published in the Bombay Government Gazette of the 10th instant and the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 29th instant. Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date specified will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

The "Pioneer's" Baghdad correspondent wires under date 7th June:—On the 4th June a party of Shammar tribesmen, Guhish section, with a few others led by Sharifian officers attacked Tel Afaz seizing Government building and killing all Government officials there, including two British officers. A number of inhabitants were also killed. The crews of two cars who visited Tel Afar next day are also reported to have been captured and murdered. A punitive column has been sent from Musul. (A. P.)

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HIGH COURT.

APPELLATE SIDE.

MURDER BY HIRED ASSASIN

DEATH SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

Fakira Nagappa
vs.
The King-Emperor.
(Before Justice Sir Lallubhai Shah and Justice Crump.)

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. E. W. Waterfield, Sessions Judge of Dharwar. He found the accused guilty of murdering one Ningava and sentenced him to death under section 302 of the Indian Penal Code.

The facts are briefly these:—

The deceased Ningava was in bad terms with her son-in-law Gurshiddappa, husband of her daughter Irawa, and took her away from his house. Gurshiddappa complained to the Patil, who advised the deceased to let her daughter go back to her husband. But the latter came to the conclusion that he would not be able to keep his wife as long as the deceased was alive. So he asked the accused to murder her, promising him Rs. 50, and the deceased's ornaments. On Saturday, February 28th, the deceased went gleaning in the accused's field. The latter followed her and killed her by throttling after which he removed her ornaments and hid them near his backyard. When the deceased failed to return home, her daughter Irawa became alarmed and searched for her without success. She informed the Patil who after due search found out the body from the field. In the beginning the accused was not suspected, but afterwards from evidence before the police, he was found to be the murderer.

The accused made a full confession before the Magistrate, to which he had adhered in the Sessions Court.

SESSIONS JUDGE'S SENTENCE.

The Sessions Judge, in sentencing the accused, observed: "The fact that the accused murdered the deceased is not disputed. He has freely confessed and his confession is corroborated by the evidence of the witnesses in all material points. It is urged on behalf of the accused that he was only a tool in the hands of Gurshiddappa, who is the real murderer. In my opinion a hired assassin, as such as the accused admittedly is, deserves no mercy. No doubt Gurshiddappa is equally or even more guilty, if the confession is true, and it is unfortunate in the interest of justice that there is not enough evidence to place him on trial. But as regards the accused I am unable to find any extenuating circumstance in the fact that he committed the murder at Gurshiddappa's instigation. He has committed a cruel murder from sordid motives, and in my opinion there can be only one appropriate sentence. I sentence the accused to be hanged by the neck till he is dead."

Their Lordships confirmed the conviction and sentence.

ORIGINAL SIDE

EX-PARTY DECREE SET ASIDE.

LEAVE TO DEFEND GIVEN.

Sena Jerup ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
Pirbhoy Adamji Pirbhoy ..... Defendant.
(Before Mr. Justice Kajiji).

This was the hearing of a rule nisi dated the 13th of April 1920, taken out by the defendant calling upon the plaintiff to show cause why the ex-parte decree obtained by him in a summary suit should not be set aside and he be given leave to defend the suit. The Hon. Sir Thomas Strangman, appeared for the defendant in support of the rule.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah appeared for the plaintiff to show cause.

Briefly the facts were that the defendant had passed two pro notes of Rs. 10,000 and 24,000 each to the plaintiff. Summons was served on the defendant on the 17th March. But on the 20th of March the defendant paid Rs. 3,000 to the plaintiff. As the balance was not paid the plaintiff obtained a decree for the balance. In support of the rule it was stated by the defendant that after the suit was filed, there was a meeting between him and the plaintiff, another Marwari and a Mahomedan where it was settled that the matter was to be compromised by the defendant paying Rs. 3,000 in cash and Rs. 10,000 penalty in case of deposit and these terms were reduced to writing. According to that compromise the suit was not to be proceeded with if the defendant paid Rs. 3,0000. He paid Rs. 3,000 on 20th March, yet the plaintiff obtained a decree against him in April. As a matter of fact the defendant had received Rs. 2,000 only from the plaintiff. He therefore applied for the decree to be set aside and for leave to defend the suit. It was submitted for the plaintiff that this story of a compromise was a myth and there was the affidavit of a man interested in the plaintiff's firm and a partner in the firm to that effect. The test was this. If there was a settlement would it no appear in the writing given by the defendant to the plaintiff. The defendant said it was intended to be in that writing.

His Lordship said that looking to the fact that on one side there was a Marwari and on the other a man very hard up and also the back of the compromise, he would make the rule absolute set a side the ex-parte decree and give leave to the defendant to defend the suit. Costs were made costs in the cause.

A WRONG PERSON CHARGED.

Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court a case of rash and negligent driving in which one Dhunjishaw Navroji Clubwalla, a motor driver was charged with the offence, was put on before Mr. Aston, the Chief Presidency Magistrate. No sooner the case was called than the accused appeared before his Worship but neither the prosecuting police officer nor any witness concerned in the case were to be found within the four walls of the Court. The case was called again and again but none came forward until after the lapse of a considerable amount of time a Police Sepoy No. 2524-A, came in from the veranda and said he made enquiries in the case. On being asked by his worship, as to what he knew in the case he deposed that he saw the accused driving a motor car on proper side of the road and then a lorry came from behind and in trying to overtake the accused the lorry knocked at the hind wheel of the accused's car. Replying to the Magistrate he said the accused was to be called as a witness, and he did not know why he was put as an accused person on the charge sheet.

Questioned by the Court the Sepoy said a Sub Inspector Sahib prepared the charge sheet.

Court:—Then he (Sub-Inspector) took a different view altogether. Is it no?

The Sepoy:—Might be.

His worship acquitted the accused and advised him to bring the matter to the notice of the Commissioner of Police.

BELABOURED TO DEATH.

The Coroner held an inquest on the body of Dattaram Bapu aged about 30 who died in the J. J. Hospital suffering from wounds alleged to have been inflicted by (1) Sitaram Bhagoji, (2) Krishna Somu (3) Sakharam Govind and (4) Rama Sabaji on the night of 30th ultimo at Lower Parel.

Mahadeo deceased's son, stated that he was seated with the deceased on the Sun Mill Road when Sitaram came and struck the deceased on the head with a bamboo; Krishna then struck him on the back with a bamboo and the other who also beat him with it. Witness was also struck and he ran to his mother and when he returned with her the deceased was lying alone on the road.

Another witness gave evidence that he saw the men beating the deceased and they also assaulted the witness. Death was due to multiple injuries. The jury returned a verdict of death by injuries caused principally by Sitaram and Krishna.

STORY OF A YACHT D AL.

INTERESTING ISSUES OF POSSESSION AND OWNERSHIP.

At the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. G. R. Khairaz, heard a case in which Inspector Dalton charged Mr. James Faulds, a loftsman and shipwright in the employ of Messrs Alcock, Ashdown and Co., Mr. Alfred Edgar Longworth, the manager of Messrs. Alcock, Ashdown and Co., and three khalasis in the employ of Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Co., with the theft of a motor yacht, named "Amir Nur Daria" valued at Rs. 20,00), belonging to Sir Mahomed Yusuff, and with aiding and abetting one another in the Commission of the offence.

Prosecuting Inspector Finan conducted the prosecution while Mr. Little, Solicitor, defended the accused and Messrs. Godinho and D'Cruz, pleaders, appeared to watch the proceedings of the case on behalf of the complainant.

The facts of the case were that in August last, Sir Mahomed Yusuff accepted the offer of Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Company, to sell a motor yacht, the "Amir Nur Daria," for a sum of Rs. 20,000, and on the 3rd of May last, the negotiations being over, Sir Mahomed Yusuff passed a cheque for Rs. 20,000, to Messrs. Alcock, Ashdown and Co., as the price of the yacht, on the 4th idem and took possession of the same. Subsequently Messrs. Alcock, Ashdown and Company sent a bill for Rs. 27,000, and odd to Sir Mahomed Yussuff, in payment of full price of the yacht. But Sir Mahomed disputed the bill and told Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Company, to take back the launch and return, the sum of 20,000, they had received from him on account of it. Messrs. Alcock Ashdown then wanted the yacht to be sent to them for the purpose of obtaining the custom-permit but as the permit could not be obtained Sir Mahomed Yusuff's men again took possession o fthe launch and later Mr. Sanghavi, Sir Mahomed Yusuff's Estate Manager, obtained the requisite Custom-permit. On the 31st of May the yacht came from Nhava, taking Sir Mahomed in it, and after Sir Mahomed had landed at Apollo Bunder the yacht was anchored at the Ballard Pier when the first accused accompanied by the third, fourth and the fifth accused came there in another launch. They ordered Sir Mahomed's crew to take up their anchor and to take their yacht to their (accused's) works at Kasara Bassin. On the crew's refusing to do that, without their master's instructions the accused took forcible possession of the yacht and took he yacht in tow alongside their launch to their works. Mr. Sanghavi, then lodged a complaint with the police whereupon Inspector Dalton took possession of the launch, and arrested the first, third, fourth and fifth accused at Messrs. Alcock, Ashdown's works and in consequence of a statement made by the first accused the second accused too, was arrested.

The first and second accused stated that they left the case entirely in the hands of their counsel while the remaining three accused said that they acted under orders from the first accused.

THE DEFENCE.

Mr. Little, contended that the matter was an ordinary mercantile contract which ought to go to a Civil Court. Following upon the disputes as they were, Sir Mahomed could not be the owner of the launch until the account had been determined and paid off. By law, Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Co. had lien on the launch and Sir Mahomed could only use it now and then with an intention of returning it. As the customs-permit was not issued to Sir Mahomed Messrs. Alcock Ashdown and Co. were responsible to keep the launch in their possession and as Sir Mahomed bluntly told Messrs Alcock Ashdown to take back the launch the accused could not be held guilty of theft in taking possession of the launch, and the accused had no dishonest intention in doing so.

His worship however, held that it was clear that the offence had been committed he framed the charges of theft and abetment against all the accused who pleaded not guilty.

Further hearing was postponed to the 15th instant.

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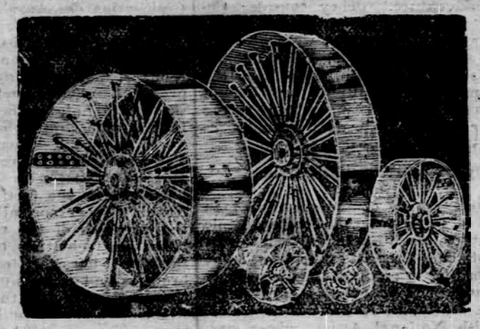

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WANTED RENT ACT FOR SURAT.

NO BOOKS FOR BOYS OF PRIMARY SCHOOLS.

(From our own Correspondent.)

SURAT, June 9.

Under the auspices of the local Home Rule League, Messrs. S. G. Banker and Kanji Dwarkadas delivered, on Saturday last, lectures on reforms and coming elections. Mr. Dahyabhai K. Desai presided. Both the speakers dwelt at length on the necessity of choosing proper representatives to the Council. The representatives must be fearless persons holding independent views and must be well-acquainted with the political problems of the day. Mr. Banker then proceeded to Chikhli. He intends visiting a number of important villages in the districts.

The Managers of the local Vanita Vishram who up to now used to conduct classes teaching English upto three standards have announced their intention to introduce from July next a full high school course teaching up to the seventh standard. As this is the only institution in the city that provides boarding and lodging accommodation to a large number of female students is taking advantage of the same and a still larger number is expected to join the institution in views of the introduction of the High School course. The managers also propose to afford conveyance facilities to students coming from the city, in case they find such number of students to be sufficiently large.

A GOOD EXAMPLE.

The Jain Mandal (Kathiawari) which was started about three years ago with the principal object of fighting against the many social evils of the community has recently set a good example. One of the members of the Mandal violating its regulations gave his daughter in marriage to a rich Jain aged about 50. The Mandal condemned this action and expressed their protest and disapprobation by not attending the dinner given by the father of the bride. The students of the Jain Boarding also followed their example.

41 students appeared for the Intermediate Arts Examination from the local Sarvajanik College out of which 27 have been declared successful, 8 of these successful candidates securing second class. One of these students Mr. Mangesh Janardan Pathak i wins the R. B. Parvatishanker Manishanker Dave Scholarship.

PARDI EDUCATION SOCIETY.

The annual general meeting of the Pardi Education Society was held the other day when the Report for the year ending 31st March 1920 was adopted. The report stated that the building for the High School was under construction and required a further sum of Rs. 35,000 for which they appealed to the generous public. The Society expressed their thanks to His Highness the Maharaja of Dharampore for his generous gift of Rs. 6,000 for the Science Hall to be attached to the School.

For the last two or three months students of the Primary School, here, are complaining that they do not get from the booksellers vernacular (Gujerati) reader No. I. On enquiry from the local booksellers, I learn that they are helpless inasmuch as Messrs. MacMillan and Co., do not supply them the required books. Messrs Macmillan and Co. are reported to have expressed their inability to meet the demands on the grounds of shortage of paper and increased cost of printing.

The licensed toddy shop-keepers of Surat have addressed a petition to the Governor requesting him to redress a number of their grievances that have been referred to at length in the said application.

RENT ACT.

For some months past landlords and house-owners have been charging exorbitant rents from the tenants. A movement is therefore set on foot to send a requisition signed by a few leading citizens to the Governor requesting him to take steps to apply the Rent Act to Surat also.

In reply to the final ultimatum of the Postal Union, the Post Master-General, Bombay has written to the Secretary, Postal Union, promising to pay one month's salary in advance as a temporary relief. The postmen have been advised by the leaders to accept this for the present and await the decision of the Simla Committee and they have agreed to act up to their advice. Thus the threatened strike has been averted for the present at least.

A STRANGE FACT ABOUT INDIGESTION.

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—RABINDRANATH TAGORE.

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The Falsity of Yesterday
The Illusion of To-day
The Realities of To-morrow
The Day of the Captives
The Great Eve
The Dawn
The
The Ideal of the Peoples
The Progress of the Peoples
The Charter of the Nations
The Peace of the World
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Even while wishing for peace, selfishness makes war inevitable.

Beyond the Europe which is dying, there is another Europe which is preparing to live.

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A WAY TO ECONOMIC RESTORATION.

MR. ASQUITH'S PLEA.

Mr. Asquith was the principal speaker at a meeting in the Central Hall, Westminister, in mail week writes "the Manchester Guardian," promoted by the "fight the Famine" Council, with the object of urging a revision of the Peace treaties with a view to the economic restoration to Europe.

Mr. Asquith said the first purpose was to impress, if we could, on the mind and imagination of our country the tragic state of things which, as a result of war and of the peace, now confronted us almost all over Europe, and more particularly in its eastern quarters. The second purpose was to point out with emphasis that the only practical remedy for this truly tragic situation was to be found in a charge.

"I don't myself care," said Mr. Asquith, "whether you describe it by the name of revision or, if it offends susceptibilities less, by the name of practical modification of the terms of the treaties, and in bringing into effective operation both the authority and the powers of the League of Nations."

We had, he contiued, to deal with a situation which far transcended the possible boundaries of the best organised philanthropic effort. He quoted from the British official reports of the conditions in Poland, Austria, Hungary, and Serbia. The inevitable evils and consequences which follow war had been unnecessarily aggravated by errors both of omission and commission in the statesmanship which took in hand the work of resettlement. The governing fact was that Russia, Austria, and Germany had been split into a large number of small States.

There were two elementary conditions which in his judgment, ought to have been and had not been observed. The first was to maintain and develop pre-existing economic unity. The second was to provide, from the first, effective security for disarmament and against any form of military adventure. Both these conditions had been blindly and disastrously ignored. All the new States started their lives by an absolute blockade of all their neighbours, by a system of import and export licenses for every article, which, in fact, established against all traffic a form of State barrier. The wonder was that any business was done at all.

Finally the Austro-Hungarian Empire built factories in the expectation of free traffic for raw materials and coal. And Austria at this moment was starving. Her men, women, and children were starving for lack of food; her industries were starving because she could not get from neighbouring States their coal and transport.

That was the state of things, and it appeared to him to lead to this conclusion. In the first place—and it ought to have been done at Paris; it could be done now if the League of Nations was given adequate authority to do it—(applause)—it must be insisted on that these countries should break down all Customs and barriers and artificial restrictions, and restore a full and complete free trade.

"OUR CONFIDING GOVERNMENT."

"I go next," said Mr. Asquith, "to what is equally important and perhaps even more urgent—that they shall not waste their scanty resources on development of armaments and upon military adventures. (Applause.) That which is going on at this moment in South west Russia—not only in Poland, but beyond the borders of Poland—is a scandal and a reproach upon the statesmanship of Europe. Much sympathy is felt that Poland has suffered grievously from the war."

It was a poor country, continued the speaker, but it had an army of something like 500,000 men, who were now engaged far beyond Poland's assigned boundaries. What was Poland doing there—(hear, hear),—and how had she got there, and how had this country of depreciated currency been able to produce for her uses the munitions with which this army was equipped. It had taken a long time to find out. Some of his friends in the House of Commons had been very persistent and pertinacious in their inquiries, but they had been put off with ambiguities and equivocations happily rare in his Parliamentary experience (Applause.)

"But the truth," Mr. Asquith went on, "has begun to leak out. We were told yesterday that as far back as last October, our Government made a free gift to the Poles of a considerable quantity of so-called surplus stores which the Poles seemed to have represented themselves to require for the purpose of repelling some anticipated aggression on the part of the Bolshevik Government of Russia. Our confiding Government—(laughter)—made, as we are told a free gift of thtse stores without imposing any condition of any kind as to the manner in which or the purpose for which they were to be used. But we now discover that there were ships loading here in the London docks—

A Voice: You never raised your voice against it.

Mr. Asquith: Raise my voice against it! I never heard of it, nor did any of us (Cheers.)

ARTICLE 11 OF THE COVENANT.

Mr. Asquith proceeded that these ships were carrying for what was vaguely described by one Minister as a military mission, "which we now know to be a euphemistic synonym for the Polish Government, actually loading these arms on board British ships to be used, not for the protection of Poland against the Soviets, but for this aggressive and unwarrantable invasion of Russian territory. What makes the matter so much the worse is that th ink is hardly dry on the Convenant which constitutes the League of Nations, a Covenant to which not only Great Britain and France but possibly Poland herself are signatories. Let me read very shortly the eleventh article of the Convenant.

'Any war or threat of war, whether immediately affecting any members of the League or not, is hereby declared a matter of concern to the whole League, and the League shall take any action that may be deemed wise and effectual to safeguard the peace of nations. In case such emergency should arise the secretary shall, on the request of any member of the League forthwith summon a meeting of the Council.'

"When this Polish adventure began, and it has been going on now, I think, some two or three if not four months, did any member of the League, did Great Brinin, did France, put into operation that article which contemplated precisely such a contingency as this, and which we were credulous enough to believe would in the future prevent the possibility of irresponsible miltary adventures on the part of any State, great or small? Can any course be conceived better colculated than that which has been pursued by the Supreme Council of the Great Powers in this matter to discredit the sincerity of the Covenant and undermine the authority of the League

THREE WAYS TO RESTORATION.

"The greatest of all the material needs of the world at this moment is the restoration and development of the productive capacity of Europe. (Cheers.) What is the way to attain it? Clearly by three roads—first, peace all round guaranteed as it only can be guaranteed by universal and effectual disarmament; second, Free Trade for internationa industry; and, third, not perhaps less important, and certainly more immediately practicable than the second, possibly than the first the immediate provision for the definite ascertainment and the progressive liquidation by reasonable methods of the burdens imposed on the vanquished as the price of victory." (Cheers.)

The first necessity was to get rid of the Supreme Council and substitute for it the League of Nations, reinforced by the admission of neutral Powers and our late enemies, and by Russia. (Cheers.) "Then at last you will have an authority that can speak and act without being suspected of passion or interested motives, that can act for the world a large in the name and the interests of civilisation and humanity."

Mr. J. R. Clynes said he heartily agreed with Mr. Asquith's conclusion that an immediate need of the hour was to put an end to what was called the Supreme Council—(cheers)—a Council clearly capable of the most supreme michief. This Government was responsive only to methods of coercion, and public opinion must be hardened and strengthened.

DA COITIES IN JAMBUSAR TALUKA.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Will you kindly give a little space to the following in your esteemed paper and oblige.

For nearly two or three months, dacoits have appeared in the Taluka and begun their activities.

They have looted some houses in the villages and injured severely some passers-by. Two policemen were severely beaten by them, on their way to some village, during the day time.

Some leading people in the villages are threatened to supply them with money and in case they do not do so their person and property would be in danger. So many are thus compelled to abide by their wishes.

Thus, the people are much terrified and they fear to go from one place to another, both day and night.

In Jambusar proper for a few days they have created an alarm into the residents by creating trouble in the town at night time.

It is said they have got a party of 10 or 12 men with arms.

Some time ago, the District Superintendent of Police had been here for the purpose and two police parties were ordered to have them arrested. Without however, any result on the contrary, the uneasiness of the people is increasing. Local officers as well as District officers and heads of the District are requested that they should take a very keen interest in the matter and try personally to remove this uneasiness among the public as soon as possible.

There was a big dacoity in Amod Taluka also.

Trusting to be excused for the trouble.—Yours, etc.,

ONE RESIDENT.

GOA PORTUGUESE SEAMEN'S CLUB.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In your to-day's issue under the above heading there appears a paragraph purporting to be the report of a general meeting of the G. P. S. Club. I am directed by my Committee to deny that such a meeting was held. According to our rules a meeting must be convened by order of the Directors after giving notice of 15 days and in the office of the Club. Any gathering of ex members called by irresponsible persons without obeying the formalities laid down in the Rules is no meeting at all and if held is null and void and of no effect.

The G. P. S. Club has been in existence for over sixteen years with a membership of over two thousand. It has rendered invaluable service to Government and the P. & O. Co., and the question of its winding up when its usefulness is beyond doubt, is unthinkable.—Yours, etc.

A. J. D'SOUZA.
Secretary and Treasurer,
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O'DWYER'S TACTICS.

HOW HE MISLED GOVT. OF INDIA.

The "Tribune" writes:—

It will be remembered that in his wireless telegram to the Government of India, dated the 15th April, in which he suggested the declaration of Martial Law, Sir Michael O'Dwyer said that he was doing so with the concurrence of the General Officer Commanding and the Chief Justice, High Court. The evidence before the Committee, to which the minority pointedly refer in their report, shows conclusively that the word "concurrence" was used in this passage not in its ordinary sense, but in a pickwickian sense. In reply to a question definitely asking him whether he had given advice in favour of the declaration of Martial Law before the question was referred to the Government of India, General Beynon said:—"It was mentioned to me, but I do not think you can really say my advice was given. At all events, I had nothing to do with the bringing in of Martial Law." If this statement does not directly negative Sir Michael's assertion that the Officer Commanding had expressed his concurrence in his proposal, language has no meaning. As regards the other authority, whose concurrence was said to have been obtained, we have it from Mr. Thompson, who is perhaps the last man in the world, with the exception of Sir Michael O'Dwyer himself, to minimise the case for Martial Law, that his "concurrence" only meant that he agreed over the telephone to the suspension of the functions of the ordinary criminal courts, and that at that time he did not know the actual number of criminals to be dealt with, and he "based his opinion on the general state of affairs, existence of rebellion etc.," which means, we supose, that he based his opinion on what was represented to him over the 'phone as the general state of affairs. What probably happened was this. He was told that there was a state of rebellion and that the local Government was going to apply to the Government of India for the introduction of Martial Law, and he was asked whether in the circumstances he had any objection to the suspension of the functions of the ordinary criminal courts. For the part, we are decidedly of opinion that the Chief Justice should have definitely refused to give his opinion, and share the responsibility of the executive Government, in a matter with which the High Court had nothing to do and in respect of which the law has for the best of all reasons vested undivided authority in the executive Government. But clearly if our surmise of what happened is correct. Sir Michael O'Dwyer had as little justification for citing the authority of the Chief Justice or speaking of his concurrence as he had for citing the authority or speaking of the concurrence of the Officer Commanding. If Sir Michael really wanted the opinions of these authorities why, instead of merely mentioning the matter to one and speaking to the other on the 'phone, did he not discuss the subject in all its bearings with them? In any case, there is no doubt that the statement he made was not only grossly inaccurate but thoroughly misleading, and as it is not improbable that the Government of India was partially influenced in its decision by this statement, here we have an additional count in our indictment of Sir Michael O'Dwyer before the war of English and of civilised opinion.

AJMER NOTES.

(From a Correspondent,)

AJMERE, June 11.

A mass meeting of the members of the Railway Labour Union was held at Idgah on the 8th and 10th instant. Mr. Chandrakaran Sarda presided. The railway employees who attended the meeting in large numbers emphasised their demands for cent per cent increase in their wages. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Manilal Kothari, Radhe lal Vakil and others. There is a great activity in the city for getting wage increaments.

The *Patwaris'* peons of the Ajmer Courts have submitted a memorial to the Commissioner demanding 100 per cent. increament in their pay.

All the press employees of Ajmer formed a Press Union and struck work. Three press proprietors have accepted the striker's demands. Other presses are still closed.

A correspondent writes:—

Mr. R. Pestonjee, honorary assistant Engineer E. B. Railway, who has been at Rajbari for last 12 years has left for Jamnagar where he has been appointed a construction engineer for Jamnagar Dwarka railway. He was given a grand send-off at Rajbari.

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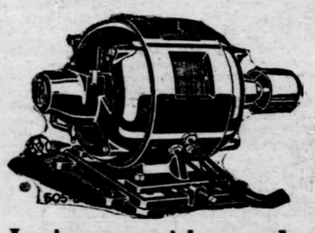

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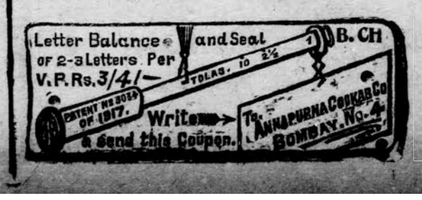

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2nd Sunday after Trinity, 13th June 1920

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

St. Thomas Cathedral, Church Gate Street.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral), Lloyd in E. Flat. Hymns 164, 185. Card IV. 5-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon, Canticles Anthem, Chants, Hymns 22, 250, 225. Collections for St. John the Evangelist. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5.45 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

Christ Church, Byculla.—7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7.45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral), 6-30 p.m., Evensong.

St. John the Evangelist (Afghan Memorial Church), Colaba.—8 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 10 a.m. Parade Service and Matins; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Emmanuel Church (C.M.S.), Girgaum.—English Services—8 a.m. Morning Prayer and Holy Communion: 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, and Sermon; Collections for the Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi Service at 9.30 a.m.; Gujerati Service at 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura.—10 a.m. Tamil Service (Holy Communion on alternate Sundays).

St. Mary the Virgin, Parel.—8-15 a.m. Holy Communion (Choral); 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Nicholas' Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—10 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-30 p.m Evening Service.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road.—8 a.m. Morning Prayer; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Oomarkhadi.—6-30 a.m. Holy Communion (English); 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m. Morning Prayer and Sermon (Gujerati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon. Marathi Service at 9-30 a.m.; Gujerati Service at 2-30 p.m.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi.—7-30 a.m. Holy Communion or Matins, alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon, Tamil Service.

St. Andrew's Church, Morland Road.—(Marathi and Gujarathi), 7-30 a.m. Matins; 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 10 a.m. Gujarathi Service; 5 p.m. Urdu Evensong and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Marathi Evensong and Sermon.

St. Peter's Mazagon.—6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8 a.m. Choral Eucharist; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

All Saints Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m. Evensong.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

The Cathedral, Kalbadevi—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

The Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Ignatius, Jacob Circle.—Masses: 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m.; Evening Service 6 p.m (Week days: 6-30 a.m., 7 a.m.).

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6 p.m.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla.—Hours of Mass 5-30, 7 8 and 9 a.m. Evening Service at 6 o'clock.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel.—5-30 a.m., 6-30 a.m., Mass; 8-30 a.m. High Mass; 6-30 p.m. Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Masses at 5 a.m., 6.30 a.m., 7-45 a.m. and 9-30 a.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health).—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Mount Mary's, Bandra Hill.—8-30 a.m. Mass.

St. Anne's Chapel, Palli Hill, Bandra.—7 a.m. Mass and Benediction of Blessed Sacrament. Week days 6-45 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul.—5, 5-30 6-30, 7-30, 8-30 and 10-30 a.m. Masses; 6 p.m. Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum.—6-30 a.m. and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m., 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

St. Joseph's, Colaba.—8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service and Benediction.

St. Joseph's, Umarkhadi.—7 and 8-30 a.m. Masses; 5-30 p.m. Benediction.

Our Lady of Dolours, New Sonapur.—6 and 8 a.m. Mass with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

The Church of Immaculate Conception, Mount Poinsur, Borivli.—Mass 8-30 a.m.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

St. Andrew's Church, Apollo Street.—9-30 a.m. Morning Service; 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

UNITED FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher Rev. R. M. Gray. 5 p.m. Sunday School and Bible Classes; 9-30 a.m. United Service in St. Andrew's Church.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church, Girgaum Back Road.—Morning Service, in English, 8 a.m.; Gujarathi Service, 9-30 a.m. Marathi Service 5 p.m.

METHODIST.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—8 a.m. Morning Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Wesleyan Marathi Mission.—8-15 a.m. Morning Service Byculla; 9-30 a.m. Sunday School Parel; 4-30 p.m. Evening Service, Parel.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Clare Road, Byculla.—8-30 a.m. Sunday School; 9-45 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—9-45 a.m. Sunday School; 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

BAPTIST.

Baptist Church (opposite Post Office), Middle Colaba.—9 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla.—9 a.m. Sunday School; 4-30 p.m. Marathi Service.

Bombay Y. M. C. A.—12.15 p.m. Bible Study Class; 9 p.m. Song Service.

ST. PETER'S (ARMENIAN) CHURCH.

St. Peter's Armenian Church.—8 a.m. Matins; 9-30 a.m. Holy Mass.

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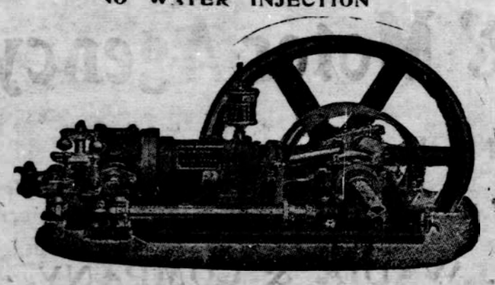

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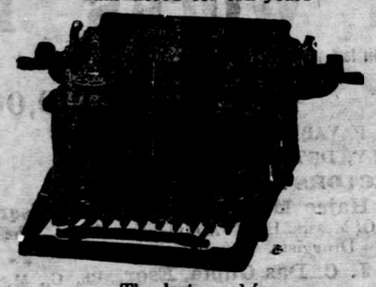

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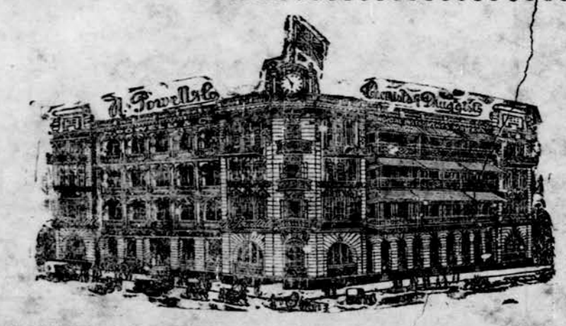

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